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The Bombay Chronicle

FOUNDED BY SIR PHEROZESHAH M. MEHTA IN 1913.

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VOL. XXIV NO. 147 BOMBAY: SATURDAY, JUNE 20, 1936 PRICE: ONE ANNA

IRAN CHALLENGES BRITISH CLAIMS

India Score First Victory Of Tour

Inflict Innings Defeat On Minor Counties On Eve Of Test Battle

NISSAR & AMARSINGH IN DEADLY FORM

(SPECIAL CABLE)

LONDON, June 19.

Resuming their first innings in the third day's play in the match against the Minor Counties, the Indians were all out for 402 runs.

SENSATIONAL COLLAPSE

In their second innings the Minor Counties suffered a sensational collapse. The whole side was skittled out for 42 runs in 83 minutes.

FIRST VICTORY

The Indian Touring Team thus won their first victory of the tour when they defeated the Minor Counties by an innings and 74 runs.

FINAL SCORES:

Minor Counties 1st innings	286
Minor Counties 2nd innings	42
Indians 1st innings	402

INDIANS (First Innings)

Mushtaq Ali l.b.w., b Dennis	135
Hindlekar c Dennis, b Rutter	5
Merchant c Edrich, b Booth	95
Amarsingh c Winlaw, b Booth	44
C. S. Nayudu c De Saram, b Childs Clark	26
Wazir Ali c Ford, b Booth	5
Amarnath b Booth	22
Bannerjee b Rutter	6
C. K. Nayudu c Edrich, b Dennis	36
Vizianagram l.b.w. (N), b Booth	2
Nissar (not out)	1
Extras	25
Total	402

BOWLING ANALYSIS

Rutter 2|63; Dennis 2|59; Booth 5|131; Edrich 0|35; Childs Clark 1|43; De Saram 0|15, and Ford 0|31.

MINOR COUNTIES (2nd Innings)

Butler b Nissar	
Gibb c Bannerjee, b Amarsingh	16
De Saram c Mushtaq Ali, b Amarsingh	1
Ford c Hindlekar, b Nissar	11
Winlaw b Nissar	0
Dennis c Hindlekar, b Amarsingh	0
Ford c substitute, b Amarsingh	3
Childs Clark b Nissar	0
Franklin (not out)	1
Rutter b Amarsingh	0
Booth b Nissar	3
Extras	5
Total	42

BOWLING ANALYSIS

Nissar 11.5|3|24|5; Amarsingh 12|4|12|5, and Bannerjee 0|1.

NAIDU PLAYS BRIGHT CRICKET

At the Lord's the weather was fine and the wicket easy-paced. Indians resumed their first innings through Amarnath and Bannerjee, the overnight not outs, but Bannerjee was out after adding fourteen runs to the previous total.

C. K. Nayudu joined Amarnath and the pair raised the total to 380 when Amarnath was out clean bowled by Booth. C. K. Nayudu played bright cricket and twice hit Booth, a slow left-hand bowler, for sixes. Nayudu mishit Dennis and was caught at cover by Edrich when 36. In addition to his two sixes, Nayudu reached the boundary three times. His innings lasted forty minutes.

SENSATIONAL COLLAPSE

Indians had 74 minutes' batting this morning.

The minor counties suffered a sensational collapse, being all out in 83 minutes against Nissar and Amarsingh who bowled unchanged, except for one over from Bannerjee. C. K. Nayudu did not field, due to lameness and Hadi fielded for him. Nissar was exceptionally fast, while Amarsingh scarcely bowled a bad ball throughout.

Although the Indians have only beaten the Minor Counties, they should be greatly heartened by this their first success which should put them on tiptoes in their coming struggles.

Revise Matric Result

School Principals' Appeal To Vice-Chancellor

The following letter has been addressed to the Vice-Chancellor of the Bombay University by the Principals of several High Schools in Bombay and the suburbs:—

In view of the low percentage of results at the last Matriculation Examination and particularly of the large number of failures in English due perhaps to the unusual nature of the questions set at the Examination, we beg to approach you with a request that the result as a whole should be reconsidered. We beg to suggest (1) that the percentage of marks for passing in English should be lowered to 35 per cent in conformity with the percentage required for passing in all other subjects, (2) and that the Vice-Chancellor may be pleased to nominate a committee to consider the cases of those, who fail to obtain the required minimum in a head by one or two marks, under the Old 0.162a which had hitherto been in force.

MENACE TO CITY'S HEALTH

Calcutta Police Launch Offensive Against Beggars

CALCUTTA, June 19.

The Calcutta police have started a big offensive against the beggars and vagrants of this City. Spreading dirt and disease their presence on pavements and places of worship had proved a terrible menace to the City's health and outcries against this form of public nuisance were being raised of late.

During the last fortnight nearly 1,000 beggars were arrested and placed for trial, resulting in detention till the rising of the court in most cases and rigorous imprisonment for one month in other.—United Press.

BHULABHAI LEAVES LONDON

Will Fly To India From Paris

LONDON, June 19.

Mr. Bhulabhai Desai left to-day for Paris from where he will be flying to India. He hopes to reach Bombay on 28th June so as to be present at Wardha on the following day for the Congress Working Committee meeting.—Reuter.

"GIRL PAT'S" CREW

GEORGE TOWN, June 19.

"Girl Pat" is tied up to the customs wharf and her crew have been removed to the police station.—Reuter.

PROTEST NOTE SENT TO LEAGUE

BAHREIN ISLANDS

Anglo-Arab Trade Treaty Is In Conflict With Iranian Rights

GENEVA, June 19.

A protest has been made to the League of Nations by the Iranian Government against British claims in Bahrein Islands.

The Iranian Note protests against the trade agreement between the British Government and Saudi Arabia concerning transit of goods through Bahrein Islands.

It asserts that British action conflicts with the rights of Iran.—Reuter.

40-HOUR IN IRON & STEEL INDUSTRY

GENEVA, June 19.

The International Labour Office has decided to refer to the Drafting Committee the convention providing 40-hour week in the Iron and Steel industry. The Committee's report will be back next week, but it is not expected that the convention will receive the necessary two-thirds majority required to ensure it becoming a regular convention.

The I.L.O. also decided to place the question of 40-hour week in the textile industry on next year's agenda.

A tripartite conference of employers', Government and workers' delegates later in the year will discuss the question of 40-hour week in the steel trade.—Reuter's Special.

France Follows Britain's Lead

Council Of Ministers Decide In Favour Of Raising Of Sanctions

PARIS, June 19.

The Government has followed the British example and accepted the raising of Sanctions. Instructions in this connection to the French diplomatic representatives abroad were approved by the Council of Ministers this morning.

Collective Action

M. Delbos, the Foreign Minister, stated that the Government was faithful to the principle of collective action and would associate itself with all decisions adopted by the League.

Proper Means

The Council then examined "proper means for reinforcing the system of collective security" and decided actively to pursue its application.—Reuter.

NO DEVALUATION OF CURRENCY

Financial Policy Of New French Govt.

PARIS, June 19.

The suggestion for the devaluation of the currency was rejected by the Finance Minister, M. Auriol, in the anxiously awaited speech in the Chamber this afternoon. He said that the only policy to-day was to call upon the nation to save itself and its currency. He estimated that 26 milliards French capital was exported since January 1935; 6 milliards was hoarded in bars and coins and 30 milliards in bank notes, making a total of about 60 milliards of which French economy is short.

DEFICIT BUDGET

He estimated the budgetary deficit in 1936 at between 6 and 7 milliards. The Treasury commitments from June to December were about 15 milliards against which the Government was entitled to issue 840 million "francs" in treasury bills during the remainder of the year. The Bank of France had advanced to the State 14 milliards.

DEBT POSITION

While the permanent public debt had been reduced by 44 milliards during the last legislature, the redeemable debt has increased by 75 milliards. Short term debt had risen to 32-1/2 milliards and floating debt to 66 milliards, while 2,300 million "francs" bonds had been issued for defence (message mutiliated here) and 6,200 million for Post Office.—Reuter's Special.

Bank Control To Prevent Abuses

PARIS, June 19.

M. Auriol has tabled four Bills providing for penalties for concealing funds abroad after a given period, severe repression of any action prejudicial to the State, Banque de France reorganisation, and simplification of public finances. Private banks will not be nationalised, but will be subject to control to prevent "abuses".

M. Auriol warned that the communist capital levy was dangerous and impossible. It would "kill the French Treasury".

Government would shortly issue short-term Bills of small denomi-

SUBHAS ON HIS INTERNMENT

Kurseong Is Improvement On Yeravada, He Says

CALCUTTA, June 19.

In a letter to a distinguished friend in Calcutta, Mr. Subhas Chandra Bose, describes his present conditions of internment at Kurseong in the following words: "Though there are several restrictions here this place is certainly a great improvement on Yeravda prison. No walls and no lock-up—that itself is a great blessing."

Mr. Subhas Bose further informs that he has been utilising his enforced leisure hours in studying Hindi.—United Press.

THANKS FOR SMALL MERCIES

Subhas Bose's Letter To Bombay Friend

In the course of a letter to a friend in Bombay, Mr. Subash Chandra Bose, writes from Kurseong, under date June 12:—

"Though there are several restrictions here, I have been relieved of two things since coming here—viz., heat and the unsightly prison walls. I have so far been confined to the compound of the house, but the Deputy Commissioner of Darjeeling informed me this morning that Government have now permitted me to walk within a distance of one mile from the house. This news is exceedingly welcome, as I was not having sufficient exercise all these days.

I am, of course, alone and at times feel fed up, but somehow one gradually gets accustomed to one's circumstances. My elder brother, Sarat Babu, was permitted to spend a couple of days here about ten or twelve days ago. It was a great relief from my present monotony.

What I like here most is the natural scenery round about which soothes not only the eyes—but also the soul—and also the flowers in the garden which one misses so much in prison.

I have had some trouble since coming here, and at present I have a touch of influenza. But neither of these troubles is serious and both will disappear in time."

STOP PRESS

AMERICA AND SANCTIONS

WASHINGTON, June 19.

It is understood that the financial and arms embargoes against Italy and Ethiopia will not be affected by any decision of the League of Nations to remove the Sanctions, President Roosevelt has repeatedly emphasised that the embargoes are not in any way connected with the League and he is represented to-day by his close advisers as not desiring to terminate them until an independent inquiry shows that hostilities have definitely ceased throughout Abyssinia.—Reuter's Special.

VICTORY FOR WORKERS

BRUSSELS, June 19.

Agreement in principle has been reached on three of the workers' chief claims, namely, paid holidays, 32 Francs daily minimum wage and recognition of Trade Unions.

Employers' opinion is still divided on the demand of forty-hour week.—Reuter.

RELIEF IN ROME

ROME, June 19.

A sense of calm and faith in the future is the feeling prevailing in Rome following Mr. Eden's speech, according to official circles. If the Sanctions are removed, it is stated, the economic retaliation measures will also be removed. Should normal relationship be established, no enmity will be felt or reprisals taken towards anyone.—Reuter.

Palestine Day

Muslims Warn Great Britain

Arabs' Just Cause In Holy Land

Stop That Repression And Grant Responsible Govt.

"Palestine Day" was observed by thousands of Mussalmans in the city, on Friday, when in all the Mosques, prayers were offered for the success of the cause of the Arabs in Palestine. Maulana Shaukat Ali led the prayers in the Juma Masjid, immediately after the usual 'Juma' prayers.

Arabs' Just Cause

At night a mass meeting was held at Chota Qabaristan, Bombay, with the Maulana in the chair, when speeches were made warning Great Britain against antagonising the 220 million Muslims of the world, by opposing the just cause of the Arabs.

Stop That Repression

A resolution was passed urging the British Government to stop the immigration of Jews into Palestine, to stop the repression of the Arabs and give them a constitution for their land, based on the principle of self-determination.

IN ISLAM'S HOLY CAUSE

Maulana Shaukat Ali said that the Muslims all over the world stood united in the holy cause of Islam.

The Jews were in every way more advantageously placed and for the last 15 or 16 years, they occupied Palestine and were, perhaps, under the impression that they could wield power over Palestine. Lord Passfield and Sir John Chancellor observed about 5 years ago that there was no scope for further immigration of the Jews into Palestine, but their numbers had gradually increased.

In the history of Islam during the last 1300 years, the Jews were well treated and were given shelter in Islamic countries, when they were not wanted in other countries of Europe. He did not wish to protest against the mere presence of Jews in these countries, but he wanted to enter an emphatic protest against the financing of these by millionaires, so that the Jews immigrants could acquire possession of the land of the Arabs.

WARNING TO BR. GOVT.

To protest against this onslaught against the Arabs, the All-India Muslim League decided that Friday, June 19, should be observed all over India by the Muslims, and in hundreds of places prayers were offered and similar meetings were held.

These meetings were held so that the world might know of the feelings of the Muslims in the country over the Palestine question, and the feelings of the Muslims all over the world were similar.

As a friend of the British Government, he wished to express a warning, that they should not antagonise 220 millions Mussalmans of the world, by supporting the Jews against the Arabs.

THOSE SOLEMN PLEDGES.

Mr. Ali Bahadur Khan then moved:

"This mass meeting of the Muslims of Bombay held on the Palestine Day, 19th June, expresses heart-felt gratitude and admiration for the noble services of their brave Arab brothers of Palestine in their sacred cause of Islam and the sanctity of the holy place and their hearths and homes.

"It warns the British Government of the serious consequences in all Arab Lands and Muslim countries, if the Zionists are allowed to enter Palestine in large numbers and purchase Arab lands with money collected from the Jews all over the world.

"In view of the solemn pledges

(Continued on Page 8)

VIOLENCE WILL NOT MOVE BRITISH GOVT.

No Change Contemplated In Palestine Policy

LONDON, June 19.

In the House of Commons, referring to the present most lamentable situation in Palestine, Major Ormsby Gore said that it was most difficult for effective military action to be taken speedily against individual snipers and small parties who burn crops and attack communications, particularly at night time. The recent strong military reinforcements prevented large scale acts of violence in principal towns and every endeavour was being made to give greater protection to life and property.

CONFIDENCE IN HIGH COMMISSIONER.

He expressed Government's confidence in the High Commissioner and appreciation of his work and paid special tribute to the Palestine police,—British, Arabs and Jews,—for their devotion to duty and loyalty in the most trying circumstances. He also paid a tribute to the Palestinian Jews who, despite extreme provocation, exercised the most commendable self-restraint.

"BASELESS FEARS."

He added that the British Government would not be moved by violence. As soon as order was restored, the Royal Commission would make a searching and impartial investigation. He honestly believed that the respective fears of the Arabs and Jews were baseless. He was confident that they could dissipate those fears and do justice to both parties.

NO CHANGE OF POLICY.

No change of policy could be contemplated until the Commission's report has been received and considered. As a Mandatory Power, the Government could not divest itself of its ultimate responsibility. They wanted the Jews and Arabs to realise that, while the object of the Government was that they should live together in peace and amicability, they were determined to administer Palestine with justice equally to Jews and non-Jews alike.—Reuter's Special.

NEW ASCOT RECORD.

(SPECIAL CABLE).

LONDON, June 18.

The Ascot totalisator took 104,000 sterling to-day, making the total of 475,000 for the meeting. Last year's record was beaten by 86,000 sterling.

TABULATED ADLETS
ONE Anna Per Word
Minimum Re. 1.

SMALL ADVERTISEMENTS are inserted in these columns on cash payment and are charged at the rate of ONE ANNA per word. Minimum charge is fixed at Re. 1 for 16 words. Abbreviations and numbers (up to 10 figures) are to be counted as complete words.

ADVERTISEMENTS OF PRIVATE NATURE are inserted with Box Numbers and in such cases the six words—"Box No..... The "Bombay Chronicle"—must be paid for. The Management reserves to themselves the right of refusing any advertisement without giving ANY reason for doing so

BLOCK-LETTERED OR TYPEWRITTEN Advertisements will ensure correct insertions; otherwise no responsibility for any mistake will be accepted by the Management. Unclaimed replies to the Advertisements are destroyed after about a month.

REPLIES TO THE ADVERTISEMENTS should be addressed carefully as under:—"Box No..... The Advertisement Department, The "Bombay Chronicle," Red Building, Parsi Bazaar Street, BOMBAY. To avoid mistakes the Box Number should be written distinctly.

9. SITUATIONS VACANT.

Wanted Private Tuitions by an Experienced Graduate upto F.Y.A. Can coach up any subject. Apply Box No. 6399, "Bombay Chronicle."

Wanted an experienced typist, having all-round knowledge of Motor trade, office routine and independent correspondence. Apply Box No. 6405 "Bombay Chronicle".

Wanted LL.B. experienced in High Court procedure, solicitors brief work state minimum salary whole and part time. Apply sending testimonials. Box 6396, "Bombay Chronicle."

Wanted a B.A., B.T., or B.Sc., B.T. with Mathematics principal and knowing Gujarati. Apply personally before 25th inst. to the Principal, Goculdas Tejpal High School Bombay, 2. (6393)

Wanted Influential Ladies for a Life Insurance Co. Please apply to Kamalaben Patel, Manager, Bharat & Co., Jermahal, Dhobitalao, Bombay. (6395)

Wanted urgently Typist-Correspondence clerk immediately for terms. Gujarati-Marathi Trustworthy people need apply, personally G. M. Dalal, 14 Hamam Street Rajabahadur Mansion, Fort, Bombay (2nd floor) Interview granted upto 5 p.m. 6407.

Wanted experienced canvassers throughout the Presidency on Rs. 100 besides commission per month. Apply with stamp, Sanjivni Works, Solan (Simla). (6372).

Wanted Dental Surgeon to run or purchase, old established lucrative practice, Hornby Road, owner retiring owing ill health. Apply Hoshung Nariman, opposite Brabourne Restaurant, Dhobi Talao. (6366)

12. TO BE LET.

For Hindoos 4 and 5 rooms flats. Lift. Sea view. Chowpatty Chambers, top Sandhurst Bridge. Rent 95 to 150. (6359).

Bungalows and Flats To Let; Cumballa Hill, Taraporevala Building, two-room tenements with bath and tap. Rent Rs. 31. Apply New Book Co., Kitab Mahal Hornby Road, 'Phone: 26455. (3374)

To Let: Well Ventilated and lighted Blocks and half blocks with all conveniences. Rents moderate. Chitnis Building, Wadia Street Tardeo. Apply fourth floor. 6339.

Andheri Murazbanabad Road Bungalow, 88-A, westerly facing up-to-date first floor, Rent Rs. 125, partly sub-let. Apply Navajbai Maneckshaw Contractor, 8, Nowroji Vakil Street, Grant Road. (6385)

56. EDUCATIONAL.

Evening Classes for Bombay Matriculates October evening classes to be started by Sirdar High School, 379, Lamington Road. For admissions apply Principal. (3387).

Cambridge Senior—a mark of cultural education—For better prospects in India and abroad, pass this examination. Regular classes started. Apply Senior Cambridge Institute, 379, Lamington Road. (3196).

Sarvajanik Law College, Surat.— The College opens on the 20th June. Both First and Second LL.B. Students will be admitted. Hostel accommodation available. Admissions will commence from 11th June. Prospectus and admission forms for College and Hostel will be sent on application. C. M. Gandhi, Principal. (3340).

Ambitious students, desirous of improving their prospects or of prosecuting studies at foreign university should pass Senior Cambridge Examination. Apply for prospectus S. P. Desai, M.Sc. (London), Desai's Coaching Classes, Kavarana Building, Dhobi Talao. (6380).

Malku Saibu Babil Trust Fund for Scholarships: — The Trustees of the above Fund invite application for two Scholarships of Rs. 10 per month for one year from deserving students of Telegu Munurwar Community, who are studying for Civil Engineering or in the Victoria Jubilee Technical Institute, Bombay, or who have appeared for the Matriculation Examination of the University of Bombay and passed the same with highest number of marks or from any poor and deserving boys or girls attending school or college. The trustees are authorised to award the same according to their absolute discretion. The applications should reach the undersigned on or before the 30th June, 1936.

V. G. Akula G. B.V.C., Veterinary Surgeon, for Self and Co-Trustees, Malku Saibu Babil Trust Fund, Bellasis Road, Byculla, Bombay. 2409.

Commercial and Vocational Training Centre in India, 136, Bow Bazaar Street, 18, J. Park Street, If you would like to have immediate provision for your ward, you may entrust his future to this Institute for training, chiefly for the reason that the "Government of India (Military Department), have been pleased to select this Institute as the only one in the whole of India for the training of Non-Commissioned Officers and men of the British Army". Specialised to train in the following subjects: (1) Radio Servicing and Mechanics Course (Radio Engineering). (2) Wireless Telegraphy. (3) Asst. Station Master's Course. (4) Accountancy. (5) Stenography. For Prospectus apply with -|2|- stamp as postage either to Mr. R. J. Keys, I.S.O., Director or to Mr. A. J. Cooke, Principal, the George Telegraph Training Institute, Calcutta.

56. EDUCATIONAL.

Matric Classes under expert supervision at Girgaum and Dhobi Talao. Apply Principal, Desai's Coaching Classes, Kavarana Building, Dhobi Talao. (6381).

Kalkadevi Shorthand Typewriting Institution. Established 1898 by Gopaldas Laldas. Expert individual training in Shorthand Typewriting, Bookkeeping and Accountancy. Princess Street Corner, Kalkadevi Road, Bombay (6291).

College of Dentistry—Intensely practical dental training. Excellent facilities. Efficient staff. Modern buildings and equipment. Session begins 15th July. For illustrated Prospectus apply, Principal, Dr. M. K. Patel, D.D.S., Hospital Road, Karachi. (6371).

58. BOOKS & PERIODICALS.

Books sold at the Current Rate of Exchange. All English Books now sold at As. 11 a shilling. Economy effected 10 per cent. New Book Co., 190, Hornby Road, Bombay 1. (3339).

Halsburg Laws of England and other valuable Law Books for sale. Box No. 6390, "Bombay Chronicle."

69. LOANS & MORTGAGES.

Loans for Gazetted Officers arranged on easy terms. Communicate with Messrs. J. F. Chawan and Co., 162, Bhawani Pet, Poona City. 6403

73. AGENTS WANTED.

Wanted Agents, Salary 100, Plus 25 travelling allowance to sell Hosiery and other useful articles of Ludhiana. Apply Popular Trading Co., (Regd.) Ludhiana. (6356).

124. FRUITS & VEGETABLES.

Mango Fruits and Grafts: Selected Langra, Bombay Mangoes 100 Rs. 7. Advance essential. Cost extra. All varieties of plants are ready for sale. Catalogue free. Anglo Indian Nursery, Darbhanga, (Bihar). (6332).

154 [illegible] ELLANEOUS FOR SALE

For sale fine residential Bungalow with large compound and garden, garages, servant quarters etc. near Sion Station exceptionally suitable for retired or those desiring first class quiet residence. Particulars from Hindustan Housing Co., Ltd., 395, Kalbadevi Road, Bombay. 6400.

156. MISCELLANEOUS.

Earn Rs. 100/- monthly by securing orders for our fancy cloth and hosiery goods. Please ask for free particulars. The National Trading Co., Ludhiana (Punjab). 6404

Tea with excellent flavour and of best quality available at cheapest price. Trial solicited. You are sure to be satisfied. Apply Jamsetji D. Warden, Glass Bungalow, Chikkalwadi.

Public Notices

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WRITE IN THE DARK
With our Luminous Pencil Rs. 7-8 each.
LAWRENCE & MAYO, LTD.
274, Hornby Road, Bombay.

Public Notices.

NOTICE.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that the share certificates Nos. 1352, P326 and P12003 for 8 fully paid shares Nos. 58430 to 58437, for 15 (Rs. 125 paid up) shares Nos. 170396 to 170410, and for 5 (Rs. 125 paid up) shares Nos. 149152 to 149156 respectively in the Imperial Bank of India (Bombay Register) issued in the name of the undersigned have been lost or mislaid. Due notice thereof has been given to the Bank and all persons are warned against dealing with the share certificates in any way.

MUNCHERSHAH DHUNJIBHAI D. GILDER.

BOMBAY MUNICIPALITY.

NOTIFICATION.

REPAYMENT OF THE LOAN OF RS. 15 3/4 LAKHS FOR SEWERAGE, WARI BUNDER ETC., ROADS, BURIAL GROUND AND CERTAIN WATER WORKS.

DUE 1ST JULY 1936.

Debenture holders are informed that the Imperial Bank of India, Bombay have been appointed Agents of the Municipal Corporation for the repayment of the Principal due.

DEBENTURES WILL CEASE TO CARRY INTEREST FROM 1ST JULY, 1936 and will be redeemed on being surrendered duly discharged at the Imperial Bank of India, Bombay.

(Sd.) I. H. TAUNTON,
Municipal Commissioner for the City of Bombay.

Municipal Offices,
Bombay, 20th May, 1936.

3286.

Legal Notices.

IN THE HIGH COURT OF JUDICATURE AT BOMBAY.

ORDINARY ORIGINAL CIVIL JURISDICTION.

SUIT NO. 1372 OF 1932.

SADASHIV RAMCHANDRA SABNIS ..... Plaintiff.
Vs.
SITABAI, widow of Raghunath Vaman Joshi and Ors.. ..... Defendants.

PURSUANT to the Decree and Decretal Order of Reference to Commissioner of the High Court of Judicature at Bombay, made in the above suit and bearing date the 13th day of February, 1936, Notice is hereby given that all persons claiming debts or liabilities affecting the estate of Raghunath Vaman Joshi, deceased, who died at Bombay, on or about the 17th day of August, 1932, are hereby required to file Affidavit of such claims in writing in the English language in my Office within one calendar month from the date hereof and the said claimants are required to specify their names and addresses, the full particulars of their claims and statement of their accounts and the nature of the securities, if any, held by them or in default thereof they will be peremptorily excluded from the benefits of the said order. Each Affidavit of claim must be accompanied by a Court-fee Stamp of Rupees Two for filing the same.

Dated this 17th day of June, 1936.

(Sd.) E. R. KHAIRAZ,
Offg: Commissioner.

3400.

NOTICE.

WE HEREBY GIVE NOTICE on behalf of our clients the BUCKINGHAM & CARNATIC CO., LTD., of Madras that on the 12th of May 1936, they filed a suit against Messrs. Jeshingbhai Balabhai and Sons of Ahmedabad and Madras for an injunction to restrain the Defendants from selling Khaki Twills bearing the number 177-C-500 on the ground that the number was an infringement of our clients established trade number D177 C500 used for over 15 years on their Khaki Twills. Our clients were awarded a decree restraining such infringement and taxed costs.

We further give notice that our clients in order to protect their legal rights propose to take immediate legal action in the case of any infringement of their established Trade Marks, particularly their "Gola Chhap" used on Buckingham Mill piece-goods and their "Kainchi Chhap" used on Carnatic Mill piece-goods and of their established Trade Numbers.

Dated the 1st day of June, 1936.

CRAIGIE BLUNT & CAROE,
Attorneys for the Buckingham & Carnatic Co. Limited.

3300.

Legal Notices.

NOTICE

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that the partnership heretofore, subsisting between Nanalal Bhaichand and Narayan Govind Naik, carrying on business as repairers, buyers and sellers of Motor Cars at Bombay under the name and style of the New Universal Motor Works, has been dissolved from the 1st day of June, 1936, so far as concerns the said Narayan Govind Naik. The said Nanalal Bhaichand will not be liable from 1st June, 1936 for any acts or deeds done by the said Narayan Govind Naik for or on behalf of the said firm.

Dated this 19th day of June, 1936.

AMBUBHAI & DIWANJI,
Attorneys for Nanalal Bhaichand.

3408.

IN THE HIGH COURT OF JUDICATURE AT BOMBAY.

ORDINARY ORIGINAL CIVIL JURISDICTION .

Suit No. 913 of 1936.

THE TRUSTEES OF THE PORT OF BOMBAY ...Plaintiffs.
Vs.
THE BOMBAY PETROLEUM Co., LTD. ..... Defendants.

To
THE BOMBAY PETROLEUM CO., LTD.
Bombay.

Sirs,

TAKE NOTICE that the Plaintiffs have filed a suit against you for recovery of possession of land at Wadala in your occupation together with buildings and for payment of Rs. 7,972-11-4 for ground rent and water charges and costs and interest on judgment at six per cent per annum and you are summoned to appear on 1st day of July, 1936, at 11 a.m. (S.T.) in person or by Advocate and the said day being fixed for final disposal of this suit you are to produce all your witnesses on that day and in default of your appearance the suit will be heard and determined in your absence.

Dated this 19th day of June, 1936.

Yours truly,
LITTLE & CO.,
Plaintiffs' Attorneys.

3407.

NOTICE.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that BHIKHALAL RAMJI BUSA, of Vile-Parle Hindu Inhabitant has contracted to sell the undermentioned property to our client.

All persons having any claim against or to the said property by way of inheritance, mortgage, sale, gift, lease, lien, charge trust, maintenance, easement or otherwise howsoever are hereby required to make the same known in writing to the undersigned at their Office at Fort Chambers, Fort, Bombay, within 14 days from the date hereof, otherwise the sale will be completed without reference to such claim and the same, if any, will be considered as waived.

THE SCHEDULE OF THE PROPERTY.

FIRSTLY:—All that piece or parcel of land or ground of Khoti, tenure together with Buildings standing thereon situate, lying and being at Vile-Parle, Taluka South Salsette, Bombay Suburban District, in the Registration Sub-District of Bandra, containing by admeasurement one thousand and ten (1010) square yards or thereabouts being final Plot No. 109B of the town Planning Scheme number 3 of the Vile-Parle and all which piece of land is bounded as follows:—That is, on or towards the North by final Plot Number 110, on or towards the South by final Plot Number 109A, on or towards the East by the Scheme Road and on or towards the West by final Plot number 108A.

SECONDLY:—All that piece or parcel of land or ground of Khoti tenure together with Buildings standing thereon situate, lying and being at Vile-Parle, Taluka Salsette, Bombay Suburban District, in the Registration Sub-District of Bandra, admeasuring seven hundred and ninety (790) square yards or thereabouts, bearing the middle Portion of land bearing final Plot No. 108A of the Town Planning Scheme number 3 of Vile-Parle and which piece of land is bounded as follows:—that is to say, on or towards the North by the other portion of final Plot No. 108A belonging to Lalitabai wife of Laxmandas Bhagat, on or towards the South by the remaining portion of final Plot number 108A belonging to the Vendor, on or towards the East by final Plot Number 109B belonging to the Purchaser and on or towards the West by the Ghod-Bunder Road.

Dated this 18th day of June, 1936.

Messrs. THAKORDAS & MADGAVKAR.
Purchaser's Attorneys.

3397.

Legal Notices.

NOTICE.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that our client was the highest bidder of the undermentioned property at the auction sale held on the 6th day of June, 1936, by Messrs. Sorabjee Cowasjee & Co. by the directions of Messrs. Pereira Fazalbhoy and Co. on behalf of Shaikh Husein Shaikh Cassum Ebji and Messrs. Rustomji and Ginwala on behalf of Mahomed Husein Shaikh Mahomed Yusuf Bhuyan, Abdul Rahiman Shaikh Mahomed Shaikh Yusuf Bhuyan, Mahomed Ebrahim Shaikh Mahomed Yusuf Bhuyan and Mahomed Yusuf Shaikh Mohomed Yusuf Bhuyan all minors and Messrs. Subnis Goregaonker and Sanjit on behalf of Messrs. Keshrimal Vardhichand & Co., Mortgagees of the 1/3rd share of the said Mahomed Husein Shaikh Mahomed Yusuf Bhuyan and others and with the consent and concurrence of Motiji Udaji & Co. sub-Mortgagees of the said 1/3rd share all parties in Suit No. 948 of 1930 (Shaikh Hoosein Shaikh Cassum Ebji vs. Keshrimal Verdhichand & Co. & Ors.)

All persons having any claim against or to the said property by way of inheritance, mortgage, sale, gift, lease, lien, charge, trust, maintenance, easement or otherwise howsoever are hereby required to make the same known in writing to the undersigned at their Office at Lentin Chambers, Dalal Street, Fort, Bombay, within 10 days from the date hereof, otherwise the sale will be completed without reference to such claim and the same, if any, will be considered as waived.

SCHEDULE OF THE PROPERTY.

ALL THAT piece or parcel of quit and ground rent land or ground together with the messuage tenement or dwelling house standing thereon situate, lying and being on the East side of the Temker Street, without the Fort and in the Registration Sub-District of Bombay and assessed by the Collector of Land Revenue under Old No. 1184, New No. 8348, Old Survey No. 2/2330, New Survey No. 3784 and Cadastral Survey No. 1262 of Byculla Division and assessed by the Assessor and Collector of Municipal Rates and Taxes under E. Ward No. 121 and Street No. 111-113 and containing by admeasurement 133 3/9 square yards or thereabouts and bounded as follows that is to say, on or towards the East by the Sweepers passage, on or towards the West by the said Temker Street, on or towards the North by the property of Mahomed Roshan Abdul Bori and on or towards the South by property of Oomer Nathu.

Dated this 19th day of June, 1936.

AMBUBHAI & DIVANJI.
Purchaser's Attorneys.

3403.

IN THE HIGH COURT OF JUDICATURE AT BOMBAY.

TESTAMENTARY AND INTESTATE JURISDICTION.

EDWARD VIII, by the Grace of God, of Great Britain, Ireland and the British Dominions beyond the Seas King, Defender of the Faith, Emperor of India.

Petition for Probate of the last Will and Testament of "BAGRODJI SHRI KRASHNALALAJI JADUNATHLALAJI" alias "BAGRODJI SHRI KRISHNALALJI JADUNATHLALJI" alias "BA. SHRI KRISHNALALAJI JADUNATH LALAJI" alias "BAGRODI SHRI KRISHNALALAJI JADUNATHLALAJI", late of Bombay Hindu Inhabitant, a religious preceptor resided at Bhuleshwar, outside the Fort of Bombay ..... Deceased.

GOSWAMI SHRI GOCULNATHJI MAHARAJ, of Bombay Hindu Inhabitant, a religious preceptor, residing at 3rd Bholwada Bhuleshwar, outside the Fort of Bombay, one of the Executors named in the last Will and Testament, dated the 24th day of June, 1930, of the deceased abovenamed. ..... Petitioner.

All persons claiming to have any interest in the Estate of the abovenamed deceased are hereby cited to come and see the Proceedings if they think fit before the Grant of Probate.

Witness Sir JOHN WILLIAM FISHER BEAUMONT, Knight, Chief Justice at Bombay aforesaid, this 9th day of June in the year of our Lord one thousand nine hundred and thirty-six and in the first year of our Reign.

Seal of the High Court at Bombay

R. B. PATEL,
Prothonotary and Senior Master.

TAHIR ALI,

The 9th day of June, 1936.
Messrs. HIRALAL M. MEHTA & CO.,
Petitioner's Attorneys.

3404

Legal Notices.

IN THE HIGH COURT OF JUDICATURE AT BOMBAY.

ORDINARY ORIGINAL CIVIL JURISDICTION.

Suit No. 283 of 1932.

SHRIPAD S. SHIRALI Plaintiff.
vs.
JEPPU GANESH RAO and Another ..... Defendants.

PURSUANT to the Consent Decree, dated 1st February, 1935, the following immovable properties will be sold by Public Auction in three lots, by the Commissioner of this Honourable Court at his Office in the Court House on MONDAY, 29th June, 1936, at 3 P.M. (S.T.).

PARTICULARS.

LOT NO. I.—Land, situate at Village Karanjir in the Registration Sub-District of Mudbidri, Taluka Karkal, District South Kanara in the Madras Presidency bearing Patta No. 64 and Survey Nos. 12, 13, 14 and 1 admeasuring in aggregate about 11 acres and 66 cents.

LOT NO II.—Land, situate at Puttur Town District, South Kanara and bearing Patta No. 374, 89/A-B 33 cents dry and assessed at annas four.

LOT NO III:—Land, situate at village Amtody in the Registration Office of Bentwal Taluka, Mangalore district, South Kanara, bearing Patta No. 80 and Survey Nos. 80, 76 and 80 and admeasuring in aggregate about 14 acres and 49 cents.

For further particulars and conditions of sale, application should be made at the Office of the said Commissioner or at the Office of Messrs. DHARAMSI DINKARRAU and NANDLAL, Attorneys for the Plaintiff and 2nd Defendant abovenamed at No. 6-10, Dean Lane, Hamam Street, Fort, Bombay.

Dated this 1st day of May, 1936.
(Sd.) E. G. KHAIRAZ,
Offg. Commissioner.

3396

NOTICE.

WHEREAS JIWA DEOSI, of Bombay Hindu inhabitant having become entitled to the grant to himself or to his nominees of a lease from the Municipality of Bombay for a term of 999 years of the plot of land described in the Schedule here below given has erected a building or structure upon the said land And Whereas the said Jiwa Deosi has contracted to sell to our clients as his own self acquired property free from the claims of other coparceners or members of a joint Hindu family or from any other claims whatsoever the said land and building. NOTICE is hereby given that All persons having any claim against or to the said property by way of inheritance mortgage, sale, gift, lease, lien, charge, trust maintenance, easement, rights of maintenance or residence or as coparceners or members of a joint Hindu family or otherwise howsoever are hereby required to make the same known in writing to the undersigned at their Office No. 94 Medows Street Fort, Bombay within 14 days from the date hereof otherwise the sale will be completed without reference to such claim and the same, if any, will be considered as waived.

THE SCHEDULE OF THE PROPERTY.

All that land admeasuring 627 square yards or thereabouts together with the messuage, tenements or building thereon situate and being Plot No. 44 of the Sopari Bag Estate of the Municipal Corporation of Bombay at Merwanji Road Hospital Avenue in the City and Island and Sub-registration District of Bombay and bounded, on or towards the North by Main Road, on or towards the South by Plot No. 65 of the said estate, on or towards the East by Plot No. 45 of the said estate and on or towards the West by Plot No. 43 of the said estate and forms portion of New Survey No. 2588 (part) and bears Cadastral Survey No. 201/74 (part) of Parel-Sewri Division and is assessed by the Assessor and Collector of Municipal Rates and Taxes under "F" Ward No. 574 (2) and Street No. 21A.

Dated this 19th day of June, 1936.

S. P. GAZDAR,
For Sahiar & Co.,
Purchasers' Attorneys.

3405.

Auction Sales

VORA & CO.

AUCTION SALE TO-MORROW (SUNDAY) at 10-30 A.M. (S.T.) at Hughes Road, Opp. Hyland Co. of complete Flat furniture, Godrej, Chubb & Milner safes, Singer Machine, Electric Cabinet, Gramophone, Chesterfield sets, Corona portable typewriter, American table, etc.

Digitized with financial assistance from the Government of Maharashtra on 17 April, 2017

AROUND THE COURTS

BOMBAY, Friday.

Abdul Rafi Mohamed Noor who was arrested yesterday on a charge of enticing a Hindu lad from the custody of his brother, was to-day ordered to be discharged by the Presidency Magistrate, Third Court, as the boy in question was declared by the Police Surgeon to be a major.

The trial of Vithal Shamjee alias Ramchod Bhuka on charges of murder of a watchman and robbery in the Nizam's Palace at Napean Sea Road on April 27 last began before Mr. R. Mathalone at the Girgaum Police Court to-day.

Indrabahadur Dilavar, a watchman in the Nizam's palace, stated at about 4 in the morning of April 27 last, he was awakened by shouts of the deceased watchman, Purshottam Sarvamam.

Witness saw two men grappling each other. They were the deceased and the accused. Witness went up to the scene and seized the accused. All the three were struggling.

He noticed that the accused had an open knife in his hand. The accused was trying to escape but the deceased and the witness were trying to throw him down.

Cries For Help

Witness raised cries for help and the persons from the servants' quarters answered the call. They grappled with the accused.

Soon after they overpowered the accused and bound him up.

The police arrived at the time, and the deceased watchman said to them: "This thief has killed me and I am dying. You may do what you like." Two days later he died in hospital.

The case has been adjourned to June 22.

Mr. Justice Broomfield and Mr Justice Wassoodew at the High Court yesterday quashed the sentence of a fine of Rs. 60 passed by Mr. D. N. D. Khandalawalla, Presidency Magistrate, 3rd Court, on Sebastian George and Kustod Miranda for an offence under section 4 (c), of the Prevention of Gambling Act.

It appeared that on December 7 last, the police raided a tailoring shop at Colaba when they found on the person of the second accused a chit containing the names of three race horses.

This was previously prepared by a police officer who had sent it to the shop with a bogus punter for the purpose of laying bets. Several other slips showing bets on horse racing were also found in the room.

On this material, the two accused who were in the shop at the time were convicted under section 4 (c) of the Act.

In their judgment, their lordship observed that the discovery of the chits would lead to a legitimate presumption under s. 7 of the Act that the persons present there had assembled for the purpose of gaming. But the applicants were not charged with that offence, but with an offence under section 4 (c) viz. the management of the business of a common gaming house. There was no satisfactory evidence to sustain this charge.

Moreover, the Magistrate's judgment was weakened by the implicit reliance placed on the police agent.

Their lordship's therefore quashed the conviction and sentences and acquitted both the accused.

A day-light robber was stated to have bestirred himself in a room on the second floor of a building at Dareastan Street, Pydhoni, when the inmate of the room—a woman—had gone up to the fourth floor of the same building, yesterday evening.

Shortly after the woman had gone up, another woman residing in the adjoining room, heard some noise in her neighbour's room.

It is stated that Javeribai, wife of Deoji, had been aware of the fact that her neighbour had gone up and when she heard the noise, her suspicions were roused and she peeped through a chink of the intervening partition.

When she peeped through the chink, she saw a man tampering with the drawers and immediately she raised an alarm.

The man jumped out and running down the staircase dashed into the street. But a rent-collector and a milk-vendor who saw the man running, chased him and arrested him.

Subsequently, an iron jemmy, it is stated, was recovered from Jagmohan Jagannath, who was marched to the nearest Police Chowkie.

Jagannath was put up before Mr. I.S. Haji, Presidency Magistrate, Mazagaon, to-day and ordered to be remanded for a week.

One Nathalal Velji who was, it is alleged, accepting bets on Mint Road was picked up by the Palton Road Police last night when Thansing Bisansing was it is alleged, laying a bet with him.

Both Nathalal and Thansing were marched to the Palton Road Police station and searched in the presence of a panch. They were later charged under section 12 of the Prevention of Gambling Act and offered bail which they were unable to furnish.

At the Esplanade Police Court to-day they were ordered to be released on a bail of Rs. 40 each, by the Presidency Magistrate, third Court.

Two persons were arrested by the Palton Road Police last evening when a building in Bomanji Street was raided under the Gaming Act.

Taminas Furdanji Guard and Chimanlal Manilal were, it is alleged, in occupation of House No. 18 Bomanji Street in the Fort and used the premises as a common gaming house for sutta khelwallas.

Information was received at the Palton Road Police Station of the illegal activities of these persons and on Thursday at about 4 p.m. the room was raided.

It is alleged that some chits and cash were seized by the police when Taminas and Chimanlal were arrested. They were bailed out in the sum of Rs. 300 each with one surety in like amount, by the Police.

At the Esplanade Police Court to-day, Mr. D. N. D. Khandalavala Presidency Magistrate, third Court extended their bail period to June 26.

Daji Atmaram, an excise sepoy, stated to have been knocked down by motor car No. 1241 at Old Custom House Road an June 8 last, succumbed to his injuries in the G. T. Hospital last night.

At the inquest held on his body, today, the brother of the deceased, gave evidence.

He stated that he was on duty at the time and he received information in his office that his brother had been removed to the G. T. Hospital, after he had been knocked down by a motor-car

When he went to the hospital, his brother could not speak and his lips were sealed till the time of his death, last midnight.

His brother had been living with him with his wife and an aged mother, he had no children.

Further inquest was adjourned till July 7.

It will be recalled that the Palton Road Police made inquiries soon after the accident and it was revealed that the driver of the motor-car, Rustomji Kavarna, driving his car in the direction of the Muscum, was it is alleged, under the influence of liquor, at the time.

The motorist, it is stated, drove his car right into the gate of the Excise Depot on the road and knocked down the Naik who was on "wear" duty.

Medical evidence on the body shows that death was "due to pneumonia following fracture of left-foot."

PARSI LADY GRADUATE'S DISTINCTION

In the M. A. examination of the Bombay University this year Miss Arnavaz Rustam Paymaster has passed in English and Avesta Pehelvi languages and has obtained the J. N. Petit scholarship in the latter languages.

She is the first lady who has passed in the Avesta-Pehelvi languages during the period of nearly 48 years the subject has been introduced in the M. A. curriculum.

She had passed the Matriculation in Persian as her second language. Miss Arnavaz is the daughter of Mr. Rustam B. Paymaster B.A., LL.B., Advocate who is the Editor of "The Parsi Chronicles."

ATTEMPT TO CONVERT AMBEDKAR

Activities Of Jamiat Shubban Al Muslimeen

The Jamiat Shubban Al-Muslimeen, Bombay, has issued a brief report of its activities during 1935.

In the course of the report it is stated:—

There has been an appreciable increase in the number of membership this year as compared with the last year, and more and more people are becoming interested in our youth movement.

Although the number of books in our Library has not increased to a great extent uptil now, yet, we are glad to see that members are getting more and more interested every day.

It is a pleasure to state that we have to day in our reading room more than seventy journals from different places and in different languages.

It was a practice with Jamiat to publish tracts on Islamic Subjects and distribute the same gratis every month. After starting our monthly organ "Shubban's Voice" we stopped these monthly tracts.

We also distributed gratis 10,000 copies of small pamphlet entitled "Ambedkar and Bilal" in Marathi amongst the Harijans of the Maharashtra during our propaganda tour at Nasik and its surroundings.

Met Dr. Ambedkar

As soon as we heard of the famous historical resolution of Dr. Ambedkar moved at the Yeola Conference, our association decided to send a deputation to wait on the doctor and to present to him the religion of Islam.

A deputation waited on him and had the honour of inviting him to the Muslim fold. Several books were also presented to the Doctor and the deputation left his residence in high hopes.

It has always been a part of our regular activities to encourage and induce the Muslims to acquire education. We have helped deserving students by giving scholarships, supplying books, getting their fees reduced and by other possible means.

It is gratifying to note that our Cricket Club is getting popular day by day. The Y. M. C. C. has made a name for us. During the Diamond Jubilee of H. H. the Ruler of Baroda our club was invited to play the Diamond Jubilee match at Kathor.

As usual we have exchanged co operation with several Muslim Institutions, and we are prepared to exchange co-operation with as many Muslim bodies as possible.

Just before we end this report, we must say, Jamiat seeks and needs the co-operation of every Mussalman.

COMMITTED TO SESSIONS

BOMBAY: Friday.

A graphic description of the terror that two Pathans created in the Lamington Road, Girgaum Back Road and Grant Road localities, following the refusal of a man to part with Rs. 5, on the night of April 8 last, was given before Mr. R. Mathalone at the Girgaum Police Court, Bombay.

With two clasp knives and a stick, the Pathans are alleged to have murdered a newspaper-vendor, stabbed three men and assaulted two others.

When they discovered that they were being chased, the two men jumped into a victoria, drew up the hood to protect themselves against the stones, and drove the victoria to Muzzaffarabad Hall, where the Police arrested them.

VICTIM'S GRAPHIC TALE.

The two men are: Mohamad Sarfraj Sikandar Pathan (40) and Syed Ahmed Nur Ahmad Pathan (25).

Mohamad Ebrahim, one of the assaulted men, stated in evidence, that on April 8 last, at 9-15 p.m. he went to a teashop at the junction of Girgaum Back Road and Lamington Road. Both the accused entered the shop soon after.

Mohamad, the first accused, asked him to walk out and then demanded Rs. 5. Witness stated that he had not got the amount, and even if he had, he asked, why should he give him the money. Mohamad then held his hands, while Syed Ahmad searched his pockets.

As they could not find the money, Syed Ahmed began to beat him on the back with a stick.

TOLD TO DRAW KNIFE.

Mohamad told Syed, continued witness, to draw his knife and stab witness. Syed, accordingly, whipped out a knife from his pocket. Witness shouted out that he was being stabbed. He managed to escape and began to run towards the Imperial Cinema. There Atmaram and one Kassam went to his rescue.

In the meanwhile, a crowd had collected and the two accused brandishing their knives began to run along Girgaum Back Road.

Witness and Atmaram and Kassam joined the crowd, and soon heard cries that somebody was stabbed.

Witness soon after noticed Abucharan, a newspaper vendor, sitting on the 'otla' of the Jinnah Hall, seize Mohamad by his legs. But Syed Ahmed gave him a stab and the news-vendor fell down on the road.

After stabbing Atmaram, went on witness, the two accused ran in the direction of Proctor Road. A crowd followed them and pelted them with stones.

A Parsi came on a cycle and attempted to obstruct the two accused. They, however, brushed him past and got into a victoria, and drove in the direction of Grant Rd. Bridge.

After a few paces the driver jumped off the coach-box. The accused drew up the hood of the victoria to protect themselves against the stones that were being pelted on them. They then drove the victoria upto the Muzzaffarabad Hall.

CAUGHT ON GRANT RAAD

Here they got out of the victoria and began to run towards the Coronation Hotel at Grant Rd. They were then arrested by the Police.

Abucharan, the news-vendor, was removed to the hospital. Within ten minutes of admission, he succumbed to his injuries.

Several witnesses gave evidence at the hearing.

Remarking that a 'prima facie' case had been established against the accused, Mr. R. Mathalone committed the two men to the Sessions.

M. R. SAKHARE FOR 'VARSITY SENATE

Appeal To Karnatak Municipal Boroughs

Mr. M. R. Sakhare, M.A., T.D. (Cantab), Principal, Gilganchi Artal High School, Belgaum, writes: I am standing for the election of an ordinary fellow on the Senate of the Bombay University from the Municipal Boroughs of Karnatak division.

In November 1916 the Gilganchi Artal High School, Belgaum, was started to meet the desideratum so keenly felt by the public of Belgaum district. I have been the head of the High School since its foundation. In 1922 another High School (Now Raja Lakhamgouda High School) was established at Dharwar. In 1928 the Basaveshwar High School, Bagalkot, came to be affiliated to the Society.

In 1925 I was nominated fellow of the Bombay University, which I served for four years. It was during the term of my fellowship that I submitted to the University the scheme of an Arts College at Belgaum and sponsored it successfully in the teeth of much opposition. The present Arts College at Belgaum, it may be safely said, is the direct result of my efforts.

"I am not satisfied with what little has been done by me so far. It is my object to start more institutions for other branches of learning with the help of responsive and sympathetic public.

HIS WORRIED WIDOW WOULD HAVE BEEN

HAPPY

—If he had made sufficient provision for her! Have you insured yourself? So that your wife and children may not be confronted with similar tragedy in case of your premature death. Why don't you consult the NATIONAL INDIAN LIFE INSURANCE CO., LTD? It will advise how easy it is to provide for your family in case of such calamity.

You are not under any obligation to ask for full particulars from:—

NATIONAL INDIAN LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY LTD

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... and then had to battle for his love!

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BEN AMES WILLIAMS' FINEST STORY... *now screen romance as you like it!*

Janet GAYNOR Robert TAYLOR

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As the spell of the Yukon...the call of the wild...the lure of the frozen North... in

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See MAE WEST at Her very Best Flippant, Gay and Ornamental!

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VICTOR McLAGLEN

Directed by Raoul Walsh • A Paramount Picture

Hear Mae Sing: "I'm an Occidental Woman" "Mr. Deep Blue Sea" and "Little Bar Butterfly"

ALSO SELECTED SHORTS:
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(New York's Welcome to "Queen Mary.")

What a Grand Old Sinner He Was

WARNER BROS. Present

GEORGE ARLISS

in Old English

A grand romance of a gentleman of the old school, who taught the younger generation a few tricks!

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PEEK FREAN

GOLDEN PUFF BISCUITS

Agents:—HERBERT, SON & CO., LTD., Bombay.

RESTORE Fading Vitality

● Are you nervous, weak, irritable . . . a mere shadow of your former self? Waterbury's Compound will help you back to health and strength! It contains essential elements the body needs . . . pure liver extract, malt extract . . . the organic minerals the blood needs . . . and other health-building, nourishing elements. You will find it pleasant to take, free from disagreeable oily taste or odour, and surprisingly beneficial. Try Waterbury's Compound for several weeks—you will feel and act ten years younger.

Sold in blue and red wrappers—the red as a general and bronchial tonic.

WATERBURY'S COMPOUND

M-99

BUILDS UP RUN-DOWN SYSTEMS

LADY TATA MEMORIAL TRUST

Award Of Scholarships, International And Indian For 1936-37

The Trustees of the Lady Tata Memorial Trust announce the awards of the following scholarships and grants for the year 1936-37:

I. International Awards for research in diseases of the blood with special reference to Leukaemias.

(1) Dr. Charles Oberling of French nationality, Professor Agrege of the Faculty of Medicine, Paris, and Director of the Department of Experimental Medicine in the institute of Cancer, Paris.

To continue research in the Transmissible Leucaemias of hens and their relationship to the Sarcomas.

Under the direction of Professor G. Roussy, Professor of Pathology in the Facultly Medicine, Paris. (Grant of £400 Fourth Year's Award).

(2) Dr. Julius Engelbreth Holm of Danish Nationality, Scientific Assistant at the Finsen Institute, Copenhagen.

To continue research on virus of hen Leucaemias together with therapeutic investigations.

Under the direction of Professor Dr. Olud Thomsen, Director of the Institute of General Pathology, University of Copenhagen. (Grant of £400—Third Year's Award).

(3) Dr. Lucy Wills of British Nationality, Lecturer in Chemical Pathology at the Royal Free Hospital and Research worker at the London School of Hygiene and Tropical Medicine, London.

To continue research in the macrocytic nutritional anaemia of monkeys with reference to tropical macrocytic anaemia in men. Also to investigate regeneration of blood by yeast treatment and the chemical nature of haemopoietic fraction present in yeast.

Under the direction of Prof. W. W. C. Topley, Director, Department of Bacteriology and Prof. H. Raistrick, Director, Department of Biochemistry at the London School of Hygiene and Tropical medicine (Grant of £400—Third Year's Award).

(4) Dr. Max Otto Kaalund-Jorgensen of Danish nationality, Assistant in the University Skin and Veneral Clinic at Copenhagen.

To continue the study of leukaemia and on the cultivation of Leukaemia cells and myelomata in vitro.

Under the direction of Dr. Albert Fischer, Director of the Carlsbergfondets Biological Institute. (Grant of £300—Third Year's Award).

(5) Professor Eugene L. Opie of American nationality, Cornell University Medical College, New York.

To continue the work in progress upon the Leukaemias like diseases of fowls and their relation to neoplasms, and to determine the nature of viruses producing Leukaemias and associated neoplasms lymhomatosis, myelomatosis, endothelioma, sarcomas, etc. (Grant of £400—Second Year's Award).

(6) Dr. Phil Karl Hinsberg of German nationality, Director of the Department of Chemistry, Pathological Institute, Berlin.

To investigate the metabolism of fat, copper and glutathione in leukaemias.

Under Professor R. Rossle, Director Charite Krankenhaus, Berlin University, Berlin. (Grant of £300—Second Year's Award.)

(7) Professor J. McIntosh of British nationality and of the Middlesex Hospital, London.

To assist a combined clinical and pathological investigation of human leukaemias. (Grant of £200—First Year's Award).

II. Indian Scholarships of the value of Rs. 150 per month each for scientific investigations having a bearing on the alleviation of human suffering.

(1) Mr. Madhab Chandra Nath, M.Sc., to continue the Chemical and Biological analyses of Proteins of Indian Foodstuffs.

Under the direction of Dr. K. P. Basu, B.Sc., Bio-Chemist, Dacca University, (Third Year's Award).

(2) Mr. Ramakanta Chakraborty, M.Sc., (Dacca).

To continue the investigation of nutritional problems of Indian Foodstuffs with special reference to Vitamin C.

Under the direction of Professor H. Ghosh, Director, Indian Institute of Medical Research, Calcutta (Second Year's Award).

(3) Mr. Nalin Bandhu Das, B. Sc., (Calcutta).

To continue the work on the Oxytocic harmone and on Oxidation—Reduction systems in the Body.

Under the direction of Professor Szent-Gyorgyi at the Institute for Medical Chemistry in the University of Szeged, Hungary, (Second Year's Award).

(4) Mr. Tejendra Nath Ghosh M.Sc., (Dacca), A.I.I.Sc., To continue the research on the preparation of New Anti-malarials.

Under the direction of Dr. P.C. Guha, D.Sc., Professor, Department of Organic Chemistry, Indian Institute of Science, Bangalore, (Second Year's Award).

(5) Dr. Birendra Kumar Nandi, M.Sc., Ph.D., A.I.C.

To continue the work on synthesis of antimalarials on the line of plasmochin and atebrin types.

Under the direction of Professor R. Robinson, D.Sc., F.R.S. at the Dyson Perrins Laboratory, Oxford University, Oxford. (Second Year's Award).

(6) Mr. Harbhajan Singh Mahal, M.Sc., Lahore.

To work on the Role of "Choline Esterase" in Physiology and Pathology and to continue the work on anthelmintics synthesis of substances and examination of Indian Plants having anthelmintic properties.

Under the direction of Dr. B. B. Dikshit, Department of Pharmacology, Haffkine Institute, Parel, Bombay, (Second Year's Award—only for the first Six months).

TO-DAY ON RADIO

Empire Broadcasting

The following frequencies will be used:—

GSD 17.79 Mc/s (16.86m.), GSF 15.14Mc/s (1982 m.), GSD 11.75 Mc/s (25.53m.), (from 9-0 p.m. to close).

7-10 p.m.: Aviation Service. Presentation of a Royal Air Force Ensign and a Civil Air Ensign. His Grace the Lord Archbishop of Canterbury will dedicate the gift and give the address. From Canterbury Cathedral.
8-10 p.m.: The Serge Krish Septet.
8-30 p.m.: Great Britain v. U.S.A. A running commentary on the International Polo Match, from Hurlingham.
9-20 p.m.: Musical Interlude.
9-25 p.m.: The News and Announcements.
9-45 p.m.: Maurice Winnick and his Orchestra.

Bombay Programmes:

VUB 350.9 metres, 855 kc/s.

12-0 noon: Selection of Indian Music.
1-0 p.m.: Available Market Rates. Lunch Hour Selections. Relay from Taj Mahal Hotel.
5-30 p.m.: Relay of music from Regal Cinema.
6-30 p.m.: Gazals and Quwalls. Baseer Quwal.
7-15 p.m.: "Who is Guilty." A Tragedy in Gujerati. Presented by L. H. Ghelani.
8-0 p.m.: Comercial News and News in Hindi.
8-25 p.m.: Light Classical Music. Saraswatibai Fatarfekar.
9-30 p.m.: News in English.
9-45 p.m.: The Week's Sport. By A. G. A. Norman.
10-0 p.m: General Motors Symphony Orchestra. Conductor —Erno Rapee.

Calcutta Programmes:

VUC 370.4 metres, 810 kc/s. 49.10 metres, 6.109 kc/s.

12-36 p.m.: Time Signal. A Studio Programme by Messrs. T. E. Bevan & Co. Ltd., ("Columbia" Recording).
New Big B.B.C. Dance Orchestra
"Lovely Lady."
"Alone at a Table for Two"
Turner Layton.
"My Piano and Me." Intro. "One Alone"; To a Wild Rose" etc.
Carroll Gibbons & Boy Friends.
"A Couple of April Fools."
"If You Love Me."
The Rocky Mountaineers.
"Saddle your Blues to a wild Mustang."
"Hang it in the Henhouse."
Orchestral Novelties by Orchestre Louise.
"Come to the Ball."
"Moya, Lovely Moya."
Flute Solo by Macel Moyse.
"Fantasie Pastorale Hongroise."
Mario "Harp" Lorenzi and His Rhythmics.
"Quicker than You can say Jack Robinson."
"Say I wasn't Dreaming."
Calcutta Weather Bulletin for Oceancraft and Rivercraft (if any).
1-36 p.m.: Talk: "Japan and Its People", by Bishnu Sarma.
2-6 p.m.: Recorded Selections.
2-36 p.m.: Talks by Bella Halder. News and Notes.
History of Calcutta.
Things that interest a woman.
5-36 p.m.: Instrumental Music. Profulla Mazumdar—Flute.
5-46 p.m.: Vocal Music (Bengali). Jiban Banerjee—Light.
5-46 p.m.: Bhagabat Chandra Banerjee—Baul.
6-6 p.m.: Talk: Elephant catching in Chittagong Forest. By Aswini Kumar Biswas.
6-26 p.m. Vocal Music (Bengali). Haridas Banerjee—Comic.
6-41 p.m.: Indubala.
7-1 p.m.: Orchestra, under the direction of Paritosh Seal.
7-16 p.m.: Binapany.
7-36 p.m.: Orchestra, under the direction of Patritosh Seal.
7-51 p.m.: News in English.
8-6 p.m.: Kamalabala.
8-21 p.m.: Talk: Siam, A page from The World Tourist's Diary. (Being the third talk on the travels of Ram Nath Biswas).
8-36 p.m.: Instrumental Music. Chamu Misra—Sarengee Solo.
8-51 p.m.: Weather Forecast, General News Bulletin. Market Prices, Jute and Gunny Closing Rates. (In Bengali).
9-6 p.m.: A Studio Concert. Arranged and Directed by Doris Sheppard, A.R.M. featuring:—
Clarice Ford—Banjo.
Daris Sheppard—Soprano.
Kenneth Harris—Baritone.
Laszlo Barital—Pianoforte.
10-6 p.m.: Weather Forecast, 2nd News Bulletin, Market Prices, Jute and Gunny Closing Rates. (In English.)
10-21 p.m.: Dance Music (Recorded) from the Studio.

Delhi Programmes:

VUD 340. 136 metres, 882 kc/s.

8-0 a.m.: Bhajan by Shankar Lal.
8-10 a.m.: I.B.S. Orchestra. Paraj.
8-20 a.m. Barkat Ali of Lahore. Thumri Jogia.
8-30 a.m.: Zohra Begam of Aligarh. Thumri Bhairvin.
8-45 a.m.: Talk: (Hindustani) "The Qazi of Jaunpur," By Asrar Husain Khan.
9-0 a.m.: Ghulam Sabir, Sarangi —Desi.
9-10 a.m.: Shankar Lal.
"Gar ek bhi hazar men woh man jaenge Ham ae piambar tire qurban jaenge." (Dagh.)
9-20 a.m.: Barkat Ali of Lahore.
"Main bhi kia mahfil-i-saqi ka shanawar nikla
Dub kar saghar-i-mae men lab-i-kausad nikla." (Saghar.)
9-30 a.m.: Haidar Husain Chughtai. Saraswati Veena Bilas Khani.
9-40 a.m.: Zohra Begam of Aligarh. Ghazal Jonpuri.
"Abhi hai sadma-i-hijran ki guft-o-gu baqi
Khauda kare na rahe yeh bhi arzu baqi." (Majruh.)
9-55 a.m.: P. S. Mukerji. Viola. Sabiri, Sarangi, Karrar, Tabla. (Gujri.)
1-0 p.m.: Indian Recorded Music.
6-0 p.m.: Shankar Lal, "Bazm men uski bayan-i-dardlol gham kiokar karan Woh khafa jis bat se howe woh ham kiaunkar karen." (Momin.)
6-10 p.m.: I.B.S. Orchestra. (Multani).
6-20 p.m.: 1st News Bulletin. (Hindustani.)
6-30 p.m.: 1st News Bulletin (English).
6-40 p.m.: Barkat Ali of Lahore. "Un bin kachhu na suhawe." (Thumri Pilu.)
6-50 p.m.: Master Jiwan, Clarionet—Bhim Palasi.
6-55 p.m.: Zohra Begam of Aligarh. Thumri.
7-5 p.m.: Shankar Lal, Bhajan.
7-15 p.m.: Barkat Ali of Lahore. Gheet.
7-25 p.m.: Ghulam Sabir, Sarangi—Marwa.
7-30 p.m.: Zohra Begam of Aligarh.
"Woh surat tasawwur men kia a gai
Pari a ke taswir khhicawa gai." (Dagh.)
7-45 p.m.: "For Villagers Only."
8-45 p.m.: Talk: (Hindustani) "The Kurukshetra Fair. A Retrospect." By J. M. Shrinagesh, I.C.S., Chief Executive Officer, Kurukshetra.
9-0 p.m.: Zohra Begam of Aligarh Khayal Behag.
9-10 p.m.: Barkat Ali of Lahore. Thumri Desh.
9-20 p.m.: Zohra Begam of Aligarh. Dadra.
9-35 p.m.: I.B.S. Orchestra. Caravan

FEATS OF STRENGTH, POWER & PHYSICAL CULTURE

will be performed by:

RUSTOM-E-IRAQ

(IRAQI SANDOW)

At

PLAZA

Sunday, 21st June, in the morning at 10-30 A.M.

By SPECIAL REQUEST OF THE Management of Plaza, the well known and popular Parsi Physical Culturist

Mr. TEHMURASP SARKARI

has kindly consented to perform some of his daring physical culture feats.

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Life Assurance Co., Ltd.

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Summary of 1935 Report

New Policies Issued ..	..	Rs. 8,89,89,149
Annual Income ..	..	Rs. 3,49,16,412
Policies in Force ..	..	Rs. 59,25,32,038
Total Claims Paid ..	..	Rs. 17,43,21,855
Funds Increased to ..	..	Rs. 17,01,62,491

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AMBALA	GUNTUR	MADURA	RANCHI
AMRITSAR	JALGAON	MERCARA	RANGOON
BANGALORE	JALPAIGURI	MOMBASA	RAWALPINDI
BAREILLY	JODHPUR	MULTAN	SINGAPORE
BELLARY	JUBBULPORE	MYSORE	SUKKUR
CALCUTTA	KARACHI	NAGPUR	TRICHINOPOLY
CALICUT	KUALA LUMPUR	PATNA	TRIVANDRUM
COIMBATORE			VIZAGAPATAM

City & Suburbs

LOCAL ENGAGEMENTS

To-day.

Hindu: Ashad Shud 1, 1992
Muslim: Rabialaval 29, 1355
Parsi: Deh 18, 1305
Hightide: 0-06 13-05
Lowtide: 6-09 19-17
Sunrise: 6h 2m
Sunset: 7h 18m

S. S. 'Narkunda' with English mails sails at 1-0 p.m.

Public meeting to voice the grievances and demands of Bombay Students, 6 p.m., Blavatsky Hall.

Monday, June 22.

University of Bombay: Election to the Senate: Last day for nominations.

Tuesday, June 23.

King's Birthday: Public Holiday. Banks closed.
King's Birthday Parade: Colaba, 7-30 a.m.

Domestic Occurrence

DEATH

KHAMBATTA—Dr. Kershaw Dinshaw Khambatta, son of Col. Dinshaw Dosabhoy Khambatta, son-in-law of the late Mr. Ardeshir Cowasji Karanjawala of Ahmedabad, expired last night at 10 p.m. Funeral to-day afternoon at 3, Jubilee Road, Poona.

AMUSEMENTS OF THE DAY

CENTRAL—"Small Town Girl". Daily at 3-20, 6-30 and 10 p.m.
CAPITOL—"Dancing Feet." Daily at 6-30 and 10 p.m. Matinee, to-day and to-morrow at 4 p.m.
EXCELSIOR—"Jack of All Trades." Daily at 4, 6-30 and 10 p.m.
GLOBE—"Darkest Africa." Daily at 5-15, 8 and 10-45 p.m. Matinee, to-day and to-morrow at 2-45 p.m.
IMPERIAL—"Jeevan Naiya." Daily at 5-30, 8 and 10-30 p.m. Matinee, to-day and to-morrow at 3 p.m.
KRISHNA—"Sangdil Samaj". Daily at 5-30, 8 and 10-30 p.m. Matinee, to-day and to-morrow at 3 p.m.
MINERVA—"Millionaire." Daily at 5-15, 8-0 and 10-45 p.m. Matinee, to-day and to-morrow at 2-45 p.m.
MAJESTIC—"Holy Crime." Daily at 5-30, 8 and 10-30 p.m. Matinee, to-day and to-morrow at 2-30 p.m.
PATHE—"Klondike Annie." Daily at 3-30, 6-30 and 10 p.m. To-morrow morning show at 10 a.m.
PLAZA—"A Tale of Two Cities." Daily at 6-30 and 9-45 p.m. Matinee, to-day and to-morrow at 3-30 p.m.
REGAL—"These Three." Daily at 6-30 and 10 p.m. Matinee, to-day and to-morrow at 4 p.m.
ROXY—"Akkal-no-Bardan". Daily at 5-15, 8 and 10-45 p.m. Matinee, to-day and to-morrow at 2-30 p.m.
ROYAL OPERA—"Old English." Daily at 3-30, 6-30 and 10 p.m.
WELLINGTON—"Pia-Ki-Jogan." Daily at 6-30 and 10 p.m. Matinee, to-day and to-morrow at 3-30 p.m.
WEST END—"Matlabi Dunia". Time as usual.

STEPPING THE "RIVIERA" IN A DANCE-MAD MUSICAL!
New Dance Swings Along Broadway To Red Hot Rhythm

CAPITOL
To-day and To-morrow at 4, 6-30 & 10 P.M.
Learn To Step—
"THE RIVIERA"
To The Red-Hot Rhythm of—
"DANCING FEET"
Watch Them Go!
In the Musical Romance that'll set the Whole City A-Tapping.
Starring
JOAN MARSH
BEN LYON
EDDIE NUGENT
HEAR—
The Two Tuneful Numbers
"DANCING FEET" & "EVERY TIME I LOOK AT YOU"
You'll Hum Them For Weeks Together
Also
"WATER BABIES"
All-Colour Silly Symphony

EVERY MAN & WOMAN SHOULD SEE THIS FILM which treats of a delicate theme. You'll want to DISCUSS & TALK ABOUT IT!

Regal TO-DAY & TO-MORROW at 4, 6-30 & 10 p.m.

Could they face the scorn of an accusing world even though they were innocent?

SAMUEL GOLDWYN presents
"These Three"
with Miriam Merle
HOPKINS · OBERON
JOEL McCREA
Screenplay by LILLIAN HELLMAN
Directed by WILLIAM WYLER
Released thru UNITED ARTISTS
The amazing story of a lie that nearly wrecked the lives of three people . . . the most talked about picture of the year!

"COCK OF THE WALK"—All-Colour Silly Symphony.
"LIFE OF JOHANN STRAUSS"—the composer of "THE BLUE DANUBE"

VOTING PAPERS TAMPERED?

Scrutineers Of Petit Library File Affidavit In C. P. M.'s Court

The scrutineers appointed by the general body of members of the Jamsetji Nusserwanji Petit Institute at the Annual General Meeting of the Institute, filed an affidavit before the Chief Presidency Magistrate, Bombay yesterday.

They stated that in the course of their scrutiny of the voting papers they found about 30 of them to have been altered in the following manner:—

(1) "In some cases initials put against certain candidates have been scratched out and initials which seem to us to be totally different have been placed against the names of other candidates.

(ii) In few cases there is no scratching of initials but from the palpable difference in the several initials on the same voting list it appears to us that some of these initials have been interpolated by some unauthorised person or persons."

The scrutineers were Messrs. A. K. Munshi, M. M. Merchant, and D. N. Dubash

The Complaint

It will be recalled that Mr. Sorabji P. Gazdar, a solicitor filed a complaint before the Chief Presidency Magistrate, charging some person or persons unknown under sections 465 and 471 I.P.C.

The complainant alleged that the services of a number of canvassers were engaged by some of the candidates to collect the voting lists. The complainant himself did not engage such canvassers. The complainant alleged the voting papers were tampered with and prayed for an order directing the scrutineers to deposit in court the sealed box containing the voting papers

The Chief Presidency Magistrate passed orders directing the return of the sealed boxes deposited in Court except three bundles of papers which were to be handed over to the C. I. D. for inquiries.

Mr. H. R. Pardiwalla appeared for the complainant. Mr. S. G. Velinker with Mr. C. N. Kanuga represented the Honorary Secretary and the scrutineers.

HIND SANGITOTTEJAK MANDAL

There will be a concert by Bai Saraswatibai Phatarpekar to-day (Saturday) at 9-30 p.m. at the Gujarati Forbes Hall, Girgaum Back Road.

GANDHARVA MAHA VIDYALAYA

A public concert will be held to-morrow (Sunday) at 8-30 a.m. in the Vidyalaya Hall, Benham Hall Lane, Girgaum.

BOMBAY TENANTS' ASSOCIATION

The monthly meeting of the Association will be held in the 'D' Ward Office to-day (Saturday) at 5-30 p.m.

SCHOOL OF INDIAN MUSIC

The weekly public concert of the school will be held to-day (Saturday) at 5-30 p.m. in the school hall, Benham Hall Lane, Girgaum, Bombay.

MUSICAL ART SOCIETY

The 48th general meeting of the Musical Art Society will be held to-day (Saturday) at 9 p.m. at the Brahman Sabha Hall near Prarthana Samaj. There will be a programme of music by Khan Saheb Abdul Karim Khan.

MATUNGA GUJARATI SEVA MANDAL

Under the auspices of the above Mandal, the first annual gathering will take place to-day (Saturday) at 8-30 p. m. at "Astik Samaj Hall" when Sjt. Bhavanji Arjan Khimji will preside. A variety programme has been fixed.

MATUNGA ARYA SAMAJ

At the Matunga Arya Samaj Mandir, Pandit Swami Omkarji will deliver a public lecture on "Aryan Religion" to-day (Saturday) at 6-30 p. m. (S.T.).

INSURANCE REPRESENTATIVES' SOCIETY

Under the auspices of the Insurance Representatives' Society, a public meeting will be held to-day (Saturday) at 3-45 p.m. (S.T.) at the office of the Industrial and Prudential Life Insurance Co. Ltd., where there will be discussion on 'License for Insurance Agents."

KANARA BROTHERHOOD

Under the auspices of the Brotherhood, there will be a programme of Vocal Music by Master Shripad Rao Nerreker in the Brotherhood Hall, Bangadwadi 302B Vithalbhai Patel Road to-day (Saturday) at 9-30 p. m. (S.T.).

MR. WAGH'S DEMONSTRATION

Mr. V. V. Wagh will give a special demonstration at the Town Hall to-day (Saturday) from 4 p.m. to 5 p.m. (S.T.) by giving final touches to the life-size bust of His late Majesty King George V which he had modelled on Saturday June 6 within one hour by sheer memory.

PERFECT-ROLL CAMPAIGN AT BANDRA

Intending workers will get instructions from the office in Mr. Mugatlal's bungalow on the Ghodbunder Road between 7 and 10 a.m. any day. A meeting of the workers will be held at the enrolment office to-morrow (Sunday) at 10 a.m. for reviewing the work so far done and for chalking out the future programme.

TENANTS REFUSE TO PAY RENT?

Sequel To Alleged Increase Without Notice

The General Secretary of the Bombay Tenants' Union writes:—

The owners of the Ali Saheb Masum Contractor Buildings have increased the amount of rent, it is alleged without giving notice to the tenants. When bills of the increased rent were handed over to the tenants they are said to have been surprised and consequently protested against the "unwarranted" action of the owners. They formed a Committee of their own and resolved not to pay the increased rent.

On Wednesday night a public meeting under the auspices of the Bombay Tenants' Union was held where the conditions in the chawls were strongly criticised and the owners' action was condemned. The Bombay Tenants' Union is organising the tenants. The Union has formulated 10 demands and circulated it among the owners and the tenants as well. Chawl committees have been formed and Messrs Varaskar, Sarang Ramgadkar are carrying on propaganda among the tenants.

PERFECT-ROLL CAMPAIGN

Plea For Extension Of Time

At the recent meeting of the Sub-Committee appointed to carry on the work of enrolment in 'G' Ward in the Congress Committee's office under the presidentship of Mrs. Shantabai Vengsarkar the following resolution was passed:

"In view of the various difficulties experienced in the course of enrolment work and the huge number that is still to be enrolled especially among the women voters, this Committee requests the Government to extend the period of enrolment upto the end of July 1936."

TO-DAY'S PUBLIC MEETING

To Voice Students' Grievances And Demands

Under the auspices of the Bombay Students' Brotherhood, a public meeting will be held to-day (Saturday) at the Blavatsky Lodge Hall, French Bridge, Chowpatty at 6 p.m. to 'Voice the grievances and demand of the Students of Bombay.' Mr. B. G. Horniman will preside.

K. B. H. B. FREE OPHTHALMIC HOSPITAL, PAREL

The total number of patients that attended the Hospital in the month of May, 1936, was 5,115 out of which the new patients number was 1,111.

In the Ear, Nose, Throat department the total number of patients that attended the Hospital was 606 and out of which the new patients' number was 192.

DR. KURTAKOTI PERFORMS SHUDDHI

An event of great social and religious importance took place, when His Holiness Shri Shankaracharya performed Shuddhi and re-named as 'Bhavani' the baby-daughter of Mr. R. S. Nikalje, J.P. and Hon. Magistrate, and one of the distinguished leaders of Depressed Classes in Bombay. His Holiness was specially invited to perform the ceremony and this is the first time in history when a Shankaracharya has ever performed such a function.

WOMEN VOTERS' DAY

Under the auspices of the Election Propaganda Committee of the 'C' Ward, a "Ladies Voters' Day" will be observed to-morrow (Sunday). On that day, the members of the Committee and women workers will go from street to street and enrol as many lady voters as possible. The members of the Committee, lady workers and volunteers are requested to be present at the Committee Office, Chhotalal Bhuvan, Kalbadevi Road. The programme will be from 7-30 a.m. to 10 a.m. and 1 p.m. to 4 p.m. Mrs. Safia Khan and Kumari Laxmiben Sanatika will lead the lady volunteers.

INDUSTRIAL INFORMATION

Govt. Research Bureau Issues First Bulletin

A Press note of the Industries and Labour Department, of the Government of India says:—

It has been decided that the Industrial Research Bureau should issue a series of pamphlets entitled "Bulletins of Indian Industrial Research".

The first of these, published to-day, is the "Bibliography of Industrial Publications published in India from 1921". The Bibliography has been compiled in order to assist industrial research workers in this country and others interested in industrial matters by bringing to their notice in a convenient form work that has been previously carried out. The Bibliography covers the period from January, 1921, to January, 1936, and includes all workers in India, or abroad on behalf of Indian bodies, that have been brought to the notice of the Bureau.

It is proposed to issue periodical supplements to this Bibliography so that papers of an industrial nature published in the country may be brought to the notice of all.

GENERAL MOTORS SYMPHONY CONCERT

Mr. Lauritz Melchoir, brilliant tenor of the Metropolitan Opera, and considered to be one of the greatest living singers in the world to-day, will be heard in the General Motors electrically-recorded programme to be broadcast by the Bombay Station of the Indian State Broadcasting Service to-day (Saturday) between 10 and 11 p. m.

Mr. Melchoir appears with the 70-piece General Motors Symphony Orchestra, conducted by Erno Rapee. The programme includes selections from a wide variety of the world's masterpieces of music.

The Orchestra will be heard first in an immortal composition of Bach—his "Reioso." Then Mr. Melchior will sing two Wagnerian arias which exhibit to the full Wagner's great genius for writing beautiful melodies.

The Orchestra is again heard in two compositions, the first of which is "The Submerged Cathedral" by Debussy.

This is followed by Rimsky-Korsakoff's Introduction and Wedding Procession from his "Coq d'or."

Mr. Melchior comes on again and is heard in one of the great songs of all time which calls for little comment—Schubert's "Serenade." He sings the Serenade at a much faster tempo than most of us are accustomed to hearing it. He feels that because the lyric expresses a gay and happy idea, Schubert did not intend the music to be sad or lugubrious, but, instead, merry and cheerful. Mr. Melchior is also heard in two songs in English.

In the concluding item of the evening's programme the General Motors Symphony Orchestra plays the famous overture to "The Sicilian Vespers" by Verdi. It tells the story of the slaughter of the French in Sicily while they were at vespers on Easter Monday, 1282.

NEXT CONCERT ON 30TH

The next General Motors concert will be given on June 30th between the hours of 8-10 and 9 p.m. when Mr. Richard Bonelli, the famous American baritone, will be the soloist.

KANARA UNION, BOMBAY.

At the general meeting held of the Kanara Union in the Maratha High School on Sunday the 14th instant under the presidentship of Mr. B. V. Telang, it was unanimously decided that the Union Funds amounting to approximately Rs. 500 which were so long lying idle be handed over to a Trust composing of three of their own members with powers to hand over the interest earned thereon annually to the Kanara Brotherhood so long as that Body remains a non-political one, but in case it disqualifies itself at a future date, the interest earned on the Trust should be awarded as a prize to a Kanara lady, details of which will be settled at a meeting of Kanaras convened by the Trustees for the specific purpose.

TALK OF THE SUBURBS

(BY A SUBURBAN MAN.)

Yesterday I had a chat with a well known doctor from the Suburbs who told me that most of the infectious cases never had their origin in the Suburbs but were imported from some far-off place.

Last year at about this time there was cholera raging in Danda, a fishing village in Bandra, which, I understand, spread to other places. This epidemic I am told, was carried by pilgrims who had gone to their annual pilgrimage to holy places like Kashi and Pandharpur.

WHIST DRIVE.

With the coming of the monsoon the Suburbs are having very quiet week-ends the only reason is that most of the functions that used to be held were open air affairs as there are about three to four clubs that have pavilions of their own. So I am sure you would feel pleased to know that St. Martins Club, Bandra, is having a whist drive to-morrow at 6-30 p.m. in their premises.

BASSEIN MUNICIPALITY.

On Thursday June 18, by-election for a seat in the above municipality was held for which there were two candidates, Mr. K. K. Galvankar who was supported by Non-Brahmins and Mr. G. B. Raut was the nominee of the Nationalist party.

There was keen canvassing on both the sides and Mr. Galvankar was elected by a big majority.

IN AND AROUND BOMBAY

(FROM OUR STAFF CORRESPONDENTS)

Sale Of Municipal Plots

The Bombay Municipality has done well in laying down a definite policy for the sale of the plots of lands belonging to it as well as the Improvement Trust. Hitherto there was no definite policy as the plots were re-sold at higher rates even after the offers were accepted by the Municipal executive. In future the following rules have been laid down for the guidance of the executive; 1. If an offer is received from only one party at the rate quoted to him, this should be recommended for acceptance. 2. If no offer is received at the rate quoted for a long time, say, for one year, and an offer is received at a reasonable rate, it should be considered, and efforts should be made to test the market rate before recommending the acceptance. 3. After an offer has been recommended for acceptance, no offer should be entertained save in exceptional circumstances. 4. If more parties than one are interested, the plots shall be put to public auction after due advertisement, and the highest offer shall be recommended. If it is likely that the parties are not likely to bid against each other, sealed tenders shall be invited after advertisement in the newspapers. 5. Save in exceptional circumstances, offers received after opening of the tenders, shall not be entertained.

Andheri-Versova Road

Yet another letter has been written to the authorities about the urgent need of getting the Andheri-Versova road repaired. Besides those living at the health resort, there are several hundreds, who visit the place everyday and during week ends there is usually a rush. The Versova Sanitary Committee, which is not able to collect enough tax even to meet its own expense, cannot be expected to foot the bill to repair the road. The road also does not come under its jurisdiction. The Vile Parle Municipality and the District Local Board, which are equally responsible for the upkeep of the road, are not in a mood to do anything in the matter. Looking to the financial position of these two bodies one cannot press them to undertake the task of reconstructing the road. Now that there is a possibility of the road being taken over by the Public Works Department, the two local bodies should, in the interests of all concerned, undertake to make the necessary minor repairs, so that the road may be fit for use.

LADY SHIRINBAI J. MODY DEAD

The death occurred on Friday morning of Lady Shirinbai Jivanji Mody, widow of Shams-ul-Ulma Dr. Sir Jivanji Jamshedji Mody, formerly Secretary of the Bombay Parsi Panchayet and Oriental Scholar, at her residence, Mithi Lodge, Colaba, Bombay, at the age of 69.

The funeral takes place at her residence this morning.

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The Bombay Chronicle

BOMBAY: SATURDAY, JUNE 20, 1936

THE GREAT BETRAYAL

To prepare the world in advance for the shock, suggestions had begun to be thrown sometime ago that the pursuit of the policy of "realism", necessary in view of "the lessons of the last seven months", would involve the smashing of the sanctions front. This culminated the other day in the inspired announcement from London that Mr. Anthony Eden, the erstwhile valiant and wild young man of Geneva, was to make a "fighting" speech in favor of raising the Sanctions. Expectations thus aroused have been fully realised in the sense that the speech delivered by him in the Commons on Thursday last is almost unparalleled for the audacity with which it "fights" on behalf of a policy of cowardly retreat. It amply corroborated Mr. Arthur Greenwood's charge that the present attitude of the British Government "was despicable, and was the biggest act of political treachery in the history of the country". It is not, of course, a sudden conversion, but it is certainly an astonishing retraction. And it is little wonder that it should be regarded as an insult to Britishers and be received at Geneva with consternation. It is a shameful all-round betrayal which could not react otherwise.

Inexcusable Desertion

And the "fighting" speech of Mr. Anthony Eden decisively justifies that reaction. Pointed emphasis was laid on the claim that from the very beginning of the dispute, it was Britain that always took the lead. This is partly true. But it cannot hide the fact that Britain failed the League at the most vital stage of the conflict. A time had come when oil sanctions had become a logical and compelling necessity. But, in spite of the fact that although Russia, Rumania and even America were ready to ban the supply of oil to Italy, Britain which, because of her record of leadership, was expected to take the lead, refused to face the demand of the situation. That was the turning-point in the League-Abyssinia-Italy conflict. That was desertion in the very midst of a crisis and an inexcusable desertion. For the situation was more favourable and the Powers directly concerned less reluctant than when Sir Samuel Hoare and Mr. Anthony Eden, ostensibly reckless of the consequences to the world and to Britain, called upon the 50 Nations of the League to declare Italy the aggressor and to impose all "effective" sanctions against her. "The fact," says Mr. Eden "has got to be faced that sanctions did not realise the purpose for which they were imposed". It is, unfortunately, only too true. The purpose was not realised because sanctions which were really called for were not applied. Mr. Eden ignores this fact. But then he ignores worse things also. He coolly ignores a fundamental contradiction in his main argument. The Italian military campaign, he says, has succeeded—incidentally, it is a little curious that he should make absolutely no reference to the revolting barbarities that caused the success. And since "it is plain that if the League means to enforce in Abyssinia a peace, which the League could rightly approve, then the League must take action of a kind which must inevitably lead to war in the Mediterranean." This is, indeed, not plain at all, for the very simple reason that if the sanctions front were maintained intact—and it would have been maintained perhaps more firmly owing to the accession of French Socialists to power—Italy, economically broken, would have been brought to her knees instead of going to war. But supposing the danger of war in the Mediterranean was real, is it not a blatant contradiction of the British Government's own argument to decide upon maintaining "permanently in the Mediterranean a defensive position stronger than that which existed before this dispute began"? In view of the fact that "the defensive position" has to be strengthened "vis-a-vis" no less a person than the defiant outlaw, Signor Mussolini himself, does this not constitute a sure challenge to him to embark upon a war in the Mediterranean? If sanctions must be given up for fear of war in the Mediterranean. Mr. Eden must give up Britain's "defensive position", too, in the same noble cause. Why is it that Britain retreats from Geneva and Abyssinia and yet wants to make a stand in the Mediterranean. But that is by the way.

Shameful Rout

The tragic irony of the situation is that Britain is retreating and retreating so shamefully exactly at a time when, paradoxical though it may seem, the sanctions front had really gained in strength, due to the coming into power of a Socialist Government in France. The Blum Government was openly reluctant to give up the sanctions, and prepared to expiate for the criminal, if veiled, opposition of earlier French Governments to the policy. Russia, which, we regret to say, had so far been a merely unenthusiastic supporter in spite of her theoretical professions, urged only recently stronger and more resolute action. It is exactly when others wanted to pursue sanctions with greater determination that the Leader has sounded the bugle not for retreat but for a rout. Why this surrender? Why the urgent plea that the best way of reforming the League of Nations so that it may discharge its functions more effectively is so to deform it that it may be able to do literally nothing? Why this complete and utter surrender to Signor Mussolini and to his defiance of the League? Why this "great betrayal" of the collective system, the League of Nations, the weak and small nations, for this is what Britain's attitude amounts to? The answer is to be found in the fact that, according to the speech of Mr. Eden, the sanctions problem was linked up with another, namely, that of Germany. Britain evidently desires, as our European correspondent again points out, a rapprochement with Germany and that will be facilitated only by murdering the League and the Collective System. European politics is now formally entering a new era or rather returning to the old pre-War times.

Diet Reform

The first thing that Gandhiji did after the Congress founded the All-India Village Industries Association in October 1934 was to attempt to combine the two vital problems of promotion of cottage industries and dietetic reform. He soon found that by popularising the use of products like hand-polished rice, hand-ground wheat flour, gur or raw sugar, he could serve both the purposes he had in view. It is extremely interesting to note that the Viceroy, too, is now actively interesting himself in somewhat similar activities. Speaking at the newly-opened Nutrition Advisory Committee of the Indian Research Fund Association at Simla on Thursday, he commended to it the suggestion of the Royal Agricultural Commission that a link should be established between research on the problems of human nutrition and agricultural research. The idea is nearly the same as that of Gandhiji, namely, that on the one hand the peasant should be enabled to secure more food through a higher income and on the other to see that the food is sufficiently nutritious.

The Viceroy is as anxious as is Gandhiji that a good part of the research in this sphere should be of a thoroughly practical character. He accordingly recommened that the research workers should pay special attention "to the practical application in the homes of the people of the fruits of that research in terms of the diet of the population both in the rural areas and in the homes." When research yields certain essential facts about improved diet and agricultural practice, the next question is how to convey these facts to the millions who need them most. The Viceroy rightly observes that in this task "our best endeavours will achieve little that will endure unless and until literacy is imparted to the women of the countryside." We hope that in making this observation he realises the significance of the fact that after a century and a half of British rule in India less than two women in a hundred in the countryside are literate. However, let us hope the Viceroy will honestly endeavour to make amends and that, even as things are, strenuous efforts will be made to bring to the people the essential facts of improved diet and agricultural practice. We need hardly add that Government will succeed much better if they work in co-operation with bodies like the A. I. V. I. A.

FROM ACROSS THE SEAS

Gleanings From The World Press

(By Our London Correspondent)

M. Leon Blum has given Ministerial posts to three women in France's first Labour Government, of which he is the head. They are the first women to take office in France, where women are not yet allowed to vote.

Mme. Irene Joliot-Curie, Under-Secretary for Scientific Research, has been visiting England frequently with her husband, Prof. Joliot-Curie. She is the daughter of Pierre and Marie Curie, the discoverers of radium. Jointly with her husband, Mme. Irene Joliot-Curie holds the 1935 Nobel prize for chemistry.

Mme. Suzanne Lacore is the new Under-Secretary for Children's Welfare. She is a Socialist retired schoolmistress, aged 60, shy, with dark hair, and a great friend of the new Prime Minister. Interviewed, she said: "At first I would not look at the appointment, but Blum insisted so much that I finally accepted the task of looking after France's children. Blum has given me a chance to do something: I will not fail."

Mme. Cecile Brunschwig will be the new Under-Secretary for National Education. She is a tall, distinguished-looking woman of 65 with three children and a wife of a distinguished professor of philosophy. Mme. Brunschwig is the founder of the French Union for Women's Suffrage, she has been in politics for over 25 years, specialising in questions affecting working women and the education of girls. She founded and developed 150 groups of the French Union for Women's Suffrage in the provinces. During the war she provided homes for 20,000 refugees and was made an officer of the Legion of Honour.

Kruger & Haille Selassie.

There is a curious parallel to Haile Selassie's visit to Europe. In 1900, Britain having occupied Pretoria, Paul Kruger, President of the South African Republic, set out for Europe to enlist sympathy for the Boer cause, while his countrymen carried on a guerilla warfare.

He was conveyed on a Dutch man-of-war. In the Suez Canal he was saluted by every ship except British ships. On landing at Marseilles he was acclaimed by an immense crowd. He made a speech. The speech, too, was a remarkable parallel to that of Haile Selassie in London on his arrival on June 4, 1936. "The war in South Africa has exceeded the limits of barbarism. The English have burnt our farms and driven our women and children into destitution."

From Marseilles Kruger went to Paris, where, escorted by a company of cuirassiers, he was received by President Loubet. There was no League of Nations then, but the vast crowd shrieked "Long live Kruger. Arbitration for ever". From Paris Kruger set out on his European travels and was received everywhere with emotional enthusiasm. There was one country which he did not visit—Italy, Britain's only friend in Europe. The enthusiasm soon evaporated, and in 1902 Kruger, a broken and disillusioned old man, died in a villa at Clarence on the edge of Lake Geneva.

Emperor's Library.

While the Emperor of Abyssinia has been on his way to England the cataloguing of his library has been taking place in Addis Ababa.

The bulk of the works are in French, the language which the young Ras learnt from the Fathers of the French Roman Catholic Mission at Harrar. The comprehensive collection of the works of Baudelaire which is a feature of the library must be put down to later influence than that of the good Fathers. As soon as the Italians began to settle down in Addis Ababa Marshal Badoglio ordered one of the more literary of his staff to undertake the cataloguing of the library. Its fate has not been decided.

Sir Elly Kadoorie.

Sir Elly Kadoorie, who has placed his residence in Prince's Gate at the disposal of the Emperor of Abyssinia, had a good reason for entertaining his previous Royal guest there—King Feisal of Irak.

I am told Sir Elly is of Bagdadi origin, and received his K.B.E. for public benefactions in Irak. Besides the Prince's-Gate House, which he use little, but never shuts up, Sir Elly has large house in Bag-

(Continued on Page 8)

Indian Companies Act Amendment Bill

A Critical Review

By JAGMOHANDAS J. KAPADIA VIII.

Clause 35 of the Bill introduces a series of new sections (Sections 87A to 87H) with the object of regulating several matters pertaining to managing agents, as for example, period of agency, terms of remuneration assignment, compensation, loans to managing agents and other companies under their management, etc.

Reply To Mr. Walchand

These new sections have caused a flutter in the dovecots of vested interests as can be seen from the presidential speech made by Mr. Walchand Hirachand at the second quarterly meeting of the Maharashtra Chamber of Commerce held last month. Like the lawyer with a bad case Mr. Walchand has showered abuse both on the Government and the critics of the managing agency system and has even gone out of his way to call certain shareholders by names. I will not indulge in his methods which are unworthy of a responsible industrialist. Without descending to his level I will deal with one or two matters in his speech which have bearing on the subject under examination. Mr. Walchand asserts that shareholders should repose confidence in the managing agents and managing directors. Of all the persons Mr. Walchand is the least qualified to make this assertion in view of his record in the Tata Construction Company Limited, where he utilised the subsidiary system for multiplying his commission in a manner which has been graphically described in Chapter XIII of the Bombay Shareholders' Association's publication—"The Indian Companies Act: Case For Amendment"—which Mr. Walchand cannot contradict. The Tariff Board's Report (1927) regarding the Cotton Textile Industry furnishes a complete answer to Mr. Walchand's assertion. The Board observes: "The close sense of personal identity between the managing agent and his company which still actuates the best type of agent is disappearing and unless an executive system of external control takes its place, it is conceivable that abuses may multiply and the interests of investors may suffer."

Bogey Of Expropriation

Mr. Walchand seems to be a believer in the system of commission on production and sale. Suffice it to say that better judges of the system like the Tariff Board as well as the Bombay Millowners' Association have expressed themselves against this system.

With regard to section 87A (2) of the Bill which limits the period of existing agencies to 20 years after the commencement of the new Act, Mr. Walchand has raised the bogey of sanctity of contracts. Another writer in the columns of this paper who has not disclosed his identity has raised the bogey of expropriation and confiscation. Those who advance these arguments overlook the fundamental point that the very object of the Companies Act being to control unhealthy or objectionable practices pertaining to matters concerning promotion and administration of affairs of joint stock companies, it is perfectly open to the legislature in the interest of the community at large to put such legislative safeguards as may be found necessary under the circumstances. What is the good of pleading sanctity of contracts when the British Parliament itself has put on the Statute Book two sections in the 1929 Act which interfere with contractual rights and obligations? I would ask Mr. Walchand and others of his way of thinking to read sections 151 and 152 of the English Act under which contracts for assignment of directorial and managerial offices as well as contracts relieving directors and officers from liability for negligence have been declared void. The principle of these sections is that in matters affecting the working of public companies the supreme consideration before the legislature should be the good of the public. It has been alleged that the managing agency system plays an important part in the industrial economy of the country. If this is so it can no longer be considered a private affair. Its operations must, therefore, be examined from the standpoint of public good and of considerations of public policy. Viewed in this light it will be seen that the argument about confiscation and expropriation is bunkum. The Statute Book furnishes precedents to show that when the good of the public is concerned the legislature has not hesitated to act although its actions may interfere with contractual rights and obligations.

System Of Assignment

Mr. Walchand has also tried to uphold the existing system under which managing agents are entitled to assign their office to any Tom, Dick and Harry without the permission of the principal, namely, the shareholders of the company. I really wonder whether Mr. Walchand would agree to his own Secretary appointing some body else in his place to attend to Mr. Walchand's affairs without his consent. The system of assignment is nothing but bartering away the rights of the proprietors without their consent for the personal benefits of managing agents. Mr. Walchand evidently seems to have forgotten the abuses to which the system has led.

Coming to the new sections introduced by the Bill, section 87A (1) limits the maximum life of new agencies to twenty years

(Continued on Page 10)

FRANKLY SPEAKING

MAXIM GORKI

With the death of Maxim Gorki disappears the last of the great writers produced by Tsarist Russia and one of the world's most outstanding personalities. Both Tolstoi and Gorki held the mirror to Russian life as it was. But while Tolstoi's characters were drawn mostly from the aristocracy and the intelligentsia, Gorki made the Russian peasant and worker and the denizen of the underworld live for all time in his stories and his plays. Both of them, by their writings, prepared the ground for the Russian Revolution of 1917 to no lesser extent than many of its leaders. Gorki lived to see the Great Experiment being inaugurated and though he deplored the anti-cultural tendencies of its early days his last years were rendered happy by the immense and phenomenal cultural gains achieved by his country.

A NECESSARY PROHIBITION

The Government of India have published a draft regulation prohibiting the employment of women under-ground in mines on or after July 1, 1937 and have invited opinions thereon from the public. There should be no two opinions on the principle of the regulation. Under-ground work for women is objectionable on more grounds than one and has long been prohibited in progressive countries. In India already under-ground work by women is prohibited at night and the regulation in question seeks to prohibit it altogether. Some months' notice should, of couse, be given to the women now working under-ground to help them to find work elsewhere. It is to be hoped that both their employers and the Government will help them in getting other work.

FREEDOM FIRST.

The speech delivered by Maulana Habibur-Rehman, President of the Anjuman-i-Ahrar-i-Hind, at a public meeting of the Muslims of Lahore, the other day, marks a refreshing change from the disgusting communal cries that have become so familiar in the Punjab. Speaking for the Ahrar Party, he declared unequivocally that they refused to fight the elections on any religious issues but that economic issues would be their main plank. "Let all Mussalmans take a vow," he said, "to fight for the liberty of this beloved country and all else would be added unto them." He urged them to vote only for such people as were pledged, first and foremost, to stand for the liberty of India and to serve the poor, and he warned them against being deceived by those self-styled leaders who, in the name of religion, exploited the poor, ignorant masses day after day to gain their own personal ends. Would that such a noble appeal could elicit a worthy response from his fellow-countrymen and co-religionists all over the country. Under the Constitution Muslims have no option but to vote for Muslims. They can remedy this defect in the Constitution by voting only for such Muslims as are staunch Nationalists and pledged to fight for the independence of the country and to serve the poor.

FAMINE IN BENGAL.

A severe famine appears to have again broken out in several parts of Bengal, and the all-too-familiar tales of distress are going round, tales of starvation, of houses deserted and children abandoned. It is some consolation that tried workers like Acharya P. C. Ray and Sjt. Satish Chandra Das Gupta are already in the field organising relief. But they are handicapped for want of adequate funds. As delayed assistance may reach the persons in distress too late, it is up to the public, particularly the wealthy zamindars of Bengal, as well as the rich in every part of the country, to hasten to the rescue of the stricken people. All gifts, in money or kind, should be remitted to the Secretary, Bangiya Sankat Tran Samity Calcutta.

A LEGAL ANOMALY.

Yesterday we referred in our news columns to the legal anomaly that has been created by the Government of India Act 1935, so far as the collection of taxes on incomes are concerned. Under the Act of 1919, the local bodies were authorised to levy taxes on profession, based on among other things, incomes also. This was apart from the income tax, which is a central tax. According to Section 138 of the New Act, the Federal Government will collect all taxes on income, excepting the agricultural tax. Under "Taxes on Income", all taxes based or assessed on income are included. This will include the income tax also. Though the local bodies will have the right to collect professional tax, they will no more be allowed to assess such a tax on income. The tax will have to be based on something other than income. This is an anomalous position and the local bodies, may, to get over the difficulty, collect taxes based on residential property, cars or servants. Hence it is suggested by legal experts that Government should get Section 138 amended as early as possible to remove the anomaly.

Mr. Shah's Speech

To The Editor of "The Chronicle"

Sir,—My attention has been called to a misrepresentation, in certain papers, of the apology I offered in the Senate on Tuesday. At the end of my speech on the general proposition touching the Budget, I added, "as a purely personal matter", an expression of my regret at the tone or content of one or two remarks of mine, while the Senators were in their seats on Monday. This apology was addressed, specifically, to the Vice-Chancellor, with reference to whom the tone of a certain remark of mine sounded unduly sharp; and to another Senator who was trying to bring about a settlement. The apology had nothing to do with the demonstration as such, or anything else that happened in connection therewith. It was offered of my own free will, and accepted, I believe, in the same spirit.

I trust you will give every publicity you can to this.—Yours etc.,

K. T. SHAH.

WITHOUT COMMENT.

"To-day we stand beggars before closed portals. The very idea that in such a great city like Bombay the doors of arts should be closed without hope of ever opening again has fired our imagination, and, standing on the threshold of the new Reforms, we are determined to knock at the door of the Philistine until it falls from its hinges by the sheer force of the sweeping ideals of a New India."

—Atiya Begam Sahiba.

* * * * *

As a result of our exclusive weather forecast yesterday that there would be rain, Friday passed off completely dry.

But since the trick cannot be played on the elements every day, we refrain from predicting to-day's weather.

* * * *

The solar eclipse was not visible in Bombay.

And even a substitute more or less failed inspite of the Punjab Univeristy Cricketers' best efforts.

We congratulate our boys for their gallant struggle.

* * * *

"The Nawab of Chhatari in the course of an interview emphasised the fact that while it was necessary to give complete satisfaction to the minorities about their special religious and communal needs, formation of mixed parties should be encouraged if the parliamentary system of Government was to succeed in this country."

—Press Report.

Quite so. That is exactly why the Nawab of Chhatari is the President of the Muslim Conference!

* * * *

Nawab Sir Mohamed Yusuf, too, following the lead of his brother Zamindar, the Nawab of Chhatari, has resigned from the Muslim Parliamentary Board of Mr. Jinnah.

In his letter of resignation he says that the National Agricultural Party would fairly and justly safeguards the interests of all concerned.

How very gallant and noble of them to pursue self interests in such a generous spirit!

* * * *

The "Pioneer," the organ of the U. P. Zemindars, felicitates the two Nawab-Knights "for the courage they have shown" and adds:

"There can be no place for Communalism in the politics of leaders who have never lost an opportunity to urge Hindus and Muslims, in no unmistakable terms, to rise above religious factionism."

We would give a lot to know whether the two blushed on reading the above.

* * * *

The village of Yellur, in the Satara District, has, we learn, been awarded Sir Frederick Sykes Village Improvement Challenge Shield.

Which, as you ought to know, is also intended to protect the village against A. I. V. I. A. attacks.

* * * *

Mr. Jamnadas Mehta, says Atiya Begam Sahiba, "has paid me the compliment of saying that I am equal to 112 corporators."

How unfair to the Municipal Commissioner and the Secretary. What have they done to be deprived of the privilege of being incorporated in the equation?

* * * *

Speaking in the Commons, Mr. Eden recited the occasions wherein the British Government took the lead at Geneva and said that they proposed to do so again.

The last and most certainly by no means the least. So far as the late lamented collective system is concerned. What a winding up! Bravo Anthony! !

* * * *

"We have to admit," he said further, "that the purpose wherefor sanctions were imposed has not been realized."

Isn't it divinely modest of the Foreign Secretary to say that?

* * * *

According to a Geneva cable, "the British Government's decision on the policy of Sanctions has caused consternation in the League circles and it is feared that British prestige will suffer a serious blow."

There will be compensation more than enough and to spare. The loss of British prestige among weak nations will be accompanied by a substantial accession of it among strong ones like Italy and Germany.

* * * *

He had started work on a new job. When the middle of the week came he found himself a little short of money, so he called on the cashier.

"Can I have my week's wages now?" he asked.

"But you've only been here three days," said the cashier.

"I know," replied the newcomer; "but if I can trust you for the first half of the week, surely you can trust me for the second?"

Govt. Forfeits Their Confidence

Opposition Slashes Irresolute Foreign Policy

Major C. R. Attlee To Move Vote Of Censure In House Of Commons

LONDON: June 18.

The Opposition vote of censure to be moved in the House of Commons by Maj. C. R. Attlee on Tuesday declares that the Government, by their lack of a resolute and straightforward foreign policy, have lowered the prestige of Britain, weakened the League of Nations, imperilled peace and, thereby, forfeited the confidence of the House.

"Great Betrayal"

The Parliamentary Labour Party has issued a manifesto to the nation, headed "The Great Betrayal." It declares that the League, to which Britain in honour and by deep conviction is pledged, is now in grave danger and asserts that the Government is advocating the limitations of functions of the League. The adoption of such a disastrous policy will encourage breaking of treaties and new acts of aggression.

Appeal To Public

The manifesto appeals to all men and women of goodwill, churches and other organisations to rally to the defence of collective security, peace and justice through the League.—Reuter.

CANADA FOLLOWS BRITAIN'S LEAD

OTTAWA June 18

The Government will support a cessation of Sanctions and will instruct its league delegates accordingly, announced Mr. Mackenzie King in the House of Commons after reading the despatches of Mr. Eden's speech.

The Premier said that there was no alternative for this course. He pointed out that Canada had fulfilled her obligations regarding the applications of Sanctions. He reiterated the country's determination to co-operate with other countries in the policies calculated to insure peace for which Canada is still regarded the League as an essential instrument.

It is impossible that Canada should isolate herself from the affairs of the world. Her relations with the world were largely her relations with the British Commonwealth and the United States.—Reuter

FRANCE FEELS RELIEVED

PARIS, June 18.

Although there is no official comment of Britain's dropping of sanctions, observers express the opinion that the Socialist Government feel disappointed morally, but secretly relieved, and Mr. Eden has rescued it from a dilemma.

Big business and financial circles generally express satisfaction.—Reuter.

Maj. C. K. Attlee.

NAZI PRAISE FOR EDEN

BERLIN June 18

The Nazi Press highly approves the British Government's attitude as set out by Mr. Eden, whom it praises as the master of the situation.—Reuter

GENEVA SURPRISED

GENEVA June 18

The British Government's sanctions decision has caused consternation in League circles, and it is feared that British prestige will suffer a very severe blow.

The anxiety is intensified by the fear that it portends a policy of reform of the Covenant, especially diminution of British responsibilities under Article XVI.—Reuter.

SHAMRAO VITHAL CO-OP. BANK LIMITED

Under the auspices of the Shamrao Vithal Co-operative Bank Ltd., the anniversary of the late Mr. Shamrao Vithal will be celebrated in the Kanara Saraswat Association Hall on Sunday 21st at 5 p.m. (S.T.). Mr. N. S. Kowshik, Chairman of the Bank, will preside. Light refreshments will be served.

TO MEET PROF. PUNTAMBEKAR

The Students and Professors of the Bombay National College, will meet Prof. S. V. Puntambekar, M.A. (Oxon) Bar-at-Law, of the Benares University, the late Principal of Bombay National College, to-morrow (Sunday) at 3-30 p. m. at Navakal Office, Girgaum.

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PARSI VOTERS' ENROLMENT

Encouraging Report Of Work Done So Far

The Hon. Secretary, Parsi Voters' Enrolment Committee, writes:—

On the whole satisfactory progress has been made within one week by the Parsi Voters Enrolment Committee. In all 4,000 eligible voters' application forms have been secured by the Zone Committees, of which about 2,000 have been forwarded to the Collector, and 2,000 are awaiting final classification and checking in Secretary's Office. Though this work is equivalent to the amount of work done by all the Congress Committees which are carrying on Perfect-Roll campaign for the last four weeks, the campaign requires to be intensified and more enthusiastic co-operation of the Parsi community is needed. Over 35,000 Voters' Application Forms have been distributed and heaviest enrolment is under the literacy qualification from Parsi ladies. The main difficulty experienced by workers is that the forms are detained by several applicants, presumably for consultation with the male members of their family. It is hoped these forms would be available for registration in the course of the next week

A public meeting over which Sir Cowasji Jehangir, Bart., will preside will be held at the Cowasji Jehangir Hall on June 24, at 6 p.m. Speakers will address on the importance of the campaign to the community and the city.

Lorries equipped with microphones and loud speakers will move in Parsi localities and help voters to fill in forms on the spot. Closest contact with Secretary and Zone Committees established, while the Electoral Office. (Collector's Office) is co-operating splendidly.

University & Matriculation Result

"TIMES OF INDIA" CANARD EXPOSED

Mr. V. N. Chandavarkar, Vice-Chancellor of the Bombay University, interviewed by a representative of the "Bombay Chronicle" said that there was absolutely no truth, whatsoever, in the reports published in the "Times of India" running. "It is also understood that the University authorities were prepared to consider a certain number of hard cases in connection with the last Matriculation examination results but in view of the disorderly scenes (demonstration by the students), they now definitely refuse to do so."

Mr. Chandavarkar observed that there was no question of re-considering the cases of the Matriculation examination candidates, and that the University authorities were never prepared to do so. The question of refusal to re-consider these cases, therefore, did not arise.

In view of the constitutional restrictions, he was doubtful, whether such cases could be reconsidered at all, not to mention of the willingness or otherwise of the University authorities.

Bombay's Sympathy With Bengal Flood Victims

B. P. C. C.'s APPEAL FOR GENEROUS HELP

At a special meeting of the Bombay Provincial Congress Committee held at the Congress House on Friday evening, it was decided to add a fresh clause to Article III of the Constitution of the B.P.C.C. thus empowering the primary member of the Congress to give all the votes that he is entitled to, to a single member, if he so desires.

This was the necessary corollary to the amendments to the Constitution of the Indian National Congress passed at Lucknow.

Mr. Nagindas T. Master, the Vice-President of the B.P.C.C. was in the chair.

FUNDS FOR ELECTORAL ROLL CAMPAIGN.

At the ordinary meeting of the B.P.C.C. it was decided that the Treasurer should be authorised to make grants to the different Ward Congress Committees for carrying on "Perfect Roll Campaign" provided enough money could be spared from the already ear-marked amount.

DONATIONS COLLECTION

The B.P.C.C. further authorised the F Ward Congress Committee to collect funds for Congress work in the Ward for about three months provided the collections were made on the B.P.C.C. receipt books and subject to the control of the B.P.C.C.

NO TO F WARD D.C.C.

But the request of the F Ward Congress Committee Secretary for a grant or financial help from the B.P.C.C. for general work in the Ward was turned down, the Treasurer remarking that a Ward which could not enrol enough members, so as to get enough funds to carry on work in their area, did not deserve to exist.

FLOOD RELIEF.

The B.P.C.C. made a token grant of Rs. 25 for the Bengal Flood Relief in response to a letter from Bangiya Sankat Tran Samiti. The B.P.C.C. further decided to appeal to the public of Bombay to contribute generously towards the Flood Relief Fund.

PALESTINE RESOLUTION DISALLOWED.

Messrs. F. M. Pinto and M. R. Masani gave notice of a resolution expressing sympathy with the Arabs in Palestine, in their struggle against British Imperialism. The notice was given at the meeting.

URGENCY OF MATTER.

Mr. Nagindas Master, the Chairman was about to disallow the resolution from being moved, when Mr. Masani got up to impress on the Chairman, about the urgency of the matter. He said that many Indians were holding meetings today to express sympathy with the Arabs and it was in fitness of things that the B.P.C.C. should also pass a similar resolution.

WAIT FOR CABINET LEAD.

Mr. S. K. Patil agreed that the question was of very great importance and he for one was in favour of the resolution. But he felt that such expression of sympathy should be country-wide. He was aware that the Working Committee would be passing a resolution on the Palestine question and the B. P. C. C. should await the lead from the Working Committee.

Mr. Nagindas Master disallowed the resolution and Mr. Masani gave notice of the same for the next meeting to be held on June 26.

B. P. C. C: Supplementary Election To-morrow

NO CONTEST IN A, B. AND C. WARDS

The General Secretaries of the B. P. C. C. write:

The supplementary election of members to the Bombay Provincial Congress Committee from the various Wards will take place to-morrow (Sunday) as has already been announced.

Following are the candidates for the respective ward Constituencies:

A Ward (one seat)—Sjt. S. A. Brelvi.

B Ward (one seat)—Mrs. Sofia Khan.

C Ward (two seats)—Sjt. Gajendranath C. Sherman, Sjt. Soondardas Morarjee.

D Ward (two seats)—Sjt. Asoka R. Mehta, Sjt. P. R. Lele, Sjt. Ramdas D. Pratap.

E Ward (one seat)—Sjt. Keshao Laxman Borkar, Sjt. Purshotum Trikamdas.

F Ward (one seat)—Sjt. C. K. Narayanswami, Sjt. D. D. Wadia, Sjt. S. B. Mahadeshwar.

G Ward (one seat)—Sjt. Jehangir A. Irani, Sjt. V. M. Nagwekar.

There will be no contest in "A," "B" and "C" Wards since there are as many candidates in the field as there are seats to be filled from these wards, the others having withdrawn their candidature.

The booths for the remaining wards are as follows:—

"D" Ward: Congress House, Vithalbhai Patel Road, Bombay.

"E" Ward Panchkhata Chawl, opposite Khatao Makanji Mill, Haines Road, Byculla.

"F" Ward: The Bombay Gymnastic Institute compound, opposite Kamgar Maidan, Parel.

"G" Ward: "G" Ward Dist. Congress Committee's Office. Haji Abdulla Building, opposite B. B. & C. I. Rly. Station, Dadar.

The hours of polling are between 8 and 11 in the morning and 3 and 6 in the evening (S.T.)

The system of voting is what is known as 'Cumulative."

AMENDMENT TO B.P.C.C. CONSTITUTION

The General Secretaries of the Bombay Provincial Congress Committee write:

The special meeting of the Bombay Provincial Congress Committee held last evening passed an amendment to the Constitution incorporating the cumulative voting as the system of voting for the B. P. C. C. elections. This system will be followed at the election of the nine additional members to the B. P. C. C. which will be held to-morrow (Sunday). The cumulative system is a well-known voting system and it was in practice for a number of years so far as the B. P. C. C. is concerned.

In the cumulative voting system a voter has as many votes to cast as there are seats to be elected in a particular constituency. He can give all those to a candidate of his choice or distribute them among the several candidates of his choice in any manner he chooses.

An illustration will clearly explain the point. In to-morrow's election "Girgaum" ward has two seats to fill. This means that every member of the Girgaum District Congress Committee who is a voter under the constitution has got two votes. He can give both the votes to any one candidate or give one vote each to two candidates or give one vote to one candidate and destroy the other. Any one of the three methods is constitutional. He must, however, take care to see that he does not use more than two votes.

WILL LANDLORDS DO THEIR DUTY?

Mr. Bhagwandas Kapadia the Secretary of the Election Propaganda Committee of 'C' Ward writes:—

Under the new Constitution of India the right to vote has been given very extensively and liberally. The Landlords should remember their duty [illegible] Roll-Campaign. They can help the Congress in the following ways:—

The landlords should supply a list of names of tenants to the Congress Committees.

Should supply the tenants or sub-tenants with duplicate rent-receipts if [illegible] from Chaitra 1990 to Fagan 1991 or from April, 1934, to March 1935, is sufficient).

Should advise their tenants to get their names enlisted in list of Voters of the Legislative Assembly.

Should advise their women-tenants (who are able to read and write in some language selected by them; in the case of illiterate ladies, their husbands if they pay a monthly of Rs. 10 or more can sign the forms for their wives) to get their names enrolled.

The victory of the Congress depends upon the landlords and their tenants, and the Congress is sure that the landlords will help the tenants and sub-tenants whenever necessary, and that they will not fail to do their duty to help the Congress also.

BRITAIN WILL NOT QUIT MALTA

Mr. Ormsby-Gore Denounces "Lie" At Colonial Dinner

LONDON, June 18.

"British rule and administration must be asserted and maintained in Palestine and there must be no doubt that we intend to carry out our obligations to all races and religions in that country with both honour and justice", declared Mr. Ormsby Gore in a speech at the Colonial Service dinner.

Mr. Ormsby-Gore also denounced the "lie" that Britain is about to quit Malta. He declared: "We are quitting from nowhere and Malta is, and will remain, a British possession and an all-important naval fortress to our Imperial Interests in the Mediterranean.

Imperial Defence

Referring to Imperial defence, Mr. Ormsby Gore said it included international and local defence of every territory of the Crown and, in view of unsettled conditions in the world every Colonial Government and population must play its part to the utmost of its capacity in the interests of the whole Empire.—Reuter.

P. R. LELE FOR B.P.C.C.

Appeal To Girgaum Congressmen Enrolled In 1935

Mr. P. R. Lele issues the following public appeal.—

On Sunday (21st June) there is to be held in the Congress House (Bombay) an election for two additional seats on the Bombay Provincial Congress Committee.

Those who were enrolled as four anna members of Girgaum (D) Ward Congress Committee during the year 1935, are the duly qualified voters for this election. I am a candidate and request them to take the trouble of coming to the Congress House on Sunday and of voting for me. Each voter is entitled to cast two votes.

Receipts of membership are not necessary. Neither is it necessary that the members of 1935 should have renewed their membership in 1936. Many may have forgotten about their membership of 1935. Those in doubt should not rest at home but should put in their appearance at the Congress House on Sunday and try to find out their names. Complete rolls will be found at the polling station.

LATE SIR M. RAMA CHANDRA RAO

Andhras' Condolence Meeting

A public meeting of the Andhras will be held at the Servants of India Society's Hall, Sandhurst Road, Bombay, on Monday, June 22, at 6-30 p.m. S.T. to express the sorrow of the community at the death of Sir Mocherla Ramachandra Rao, a distinguished Andhra Leader and Statesman.

Mr. P. H. Rama Reddi, Secretary of the Indian Central Cotton Committee will preside.

The following are the conveners of the meeting:—Messrs. P. H. Rama Reddi, S. S. Gangla, S. S. Persha, S. L. Silam, V. R. Bhoosrath, N. C. N. Acharya, B. Hanumant Rau, C. Nageswara Row, S. N. Ganti and Mr. Manda Ramamurti.

Punjab Wins Rohinton Baria Cricket Trophy

Four Day Match Extended Against Decision Previously Made: Bombay Batsman Seriously Injured

PUNJAB UNIVERSITY	(1st Innings)	130
BOMBAY UNIVERSITY	(1st Innings)	164
PUNJAB UNIVERSITY	2nd Innings)	338 for 9, dec.
BOMBAY UNIVERSITY	(2nd Innings)	231

Congratulations to the Punjab University for winning the first Inter-'Varsity Cricket Tournament for the Rohinton Baria Cup; but their trip to this City has left a very bad impression of their idea of sportsmanship on the Bombay public.

Quite a sensation was caused at the Hindu Gymkhana grounds last evening when a certain section of the huge crowd that had assembled to see the finish, jeered the Punjab Team on account of the unsporting behaviour of some of the Punjab cricketers.

The whole trouble started on Wednesday evening when Bombay had lost 8 wickets for 138 runs with 45 minutes left for play.

Mr. A.S. De Mello, the Hon. Secretary of the Board of Cricket Control was rather anxious to see the match finished and taking the result for granted invited the Mayor of Bombay to present the Cup, but fortunately for Bombay, the ninth wicket made a stand, and there was no hope of a definite conclusion that evening.

He, therefore, prevailed upon Mr. S. Heptulla, the Bombay Skipper, to agree to play for an extra half hour and accordingly instructions to that effect were sent out to the Umpires, but the Hindu Gymkhana to whom the ground belongs, quite rightly objected and play had to cease at the scheduled time, i.e., at 4-30 p.m.

Against the Rules.

Then the question arose as to what was to happen if it rained on the fourth day. Mr. De Mello had already made it clear before the commencement of the match, that the Final was to be played only four days and if there was no definite result, the first innings' decision would stand. But when Punjab had virtually won the match on Wednesday evening, it was officially made known that the Final would be played to a finish. This was rather unfair to the Bombay team, but as no aspersions of "unsporting" conduct should be made against Bombay, Heptulla was forced to agree to this decision.

It rained the whole of Wednesday night and Thursday morning rendering the ground absolutely unfit for play and Punjab players started accusing Bombay of unsporting spirit by not consenting to play that extra half an hour on Wednesday evening.

Umpires Give Correct Decision

It is surprising that an experienced player like Puri should have thought play possible at 3-30 p.m. on Thursday afternoon and when the matter was referred to the umpires, they rightly gave their decision that no play was possible.

Manager Apologises

This so upset the Punjab players that several uncomplimentary remarks were made and to make the matters worse, Mr. Sooft, the Punjab Manager, turned round and asked the Hindu Gymkhana groundsman as to how much money the Bombay University had paid him to queer the pitch. This led to great confusion and the Bombay University had decided to take necessary action but Mr. Sooft apologised. But the matter did not end here. The Hindu Gymkhana whose employee had been so insulted, also wrote to the Manager of the Punjab University that unless an apology was forthcoming, they would not allow the use of their ground today. It is evident that the apology was tendered.

BOMBAY'S GALLANT FIGHT

Play started at 11-20 this morning. Puri opened from the Wilson College Gymkhana end to Arhyaru and Nageshwar. The former obtained a boundary off the first ball delivered. Another hit to square-leg took Bombay score to 130.

Mubarak Ali who was bowling from the other end sent down a maiden.

Adhyaru hit two successive boundaries and the score reached 200 after 50 minutes play. Arhyaru getting his half century.

Puri came on again with new ball and his first delivery was dropped by Surjit Singh.

Adhyaru rejoicing after his escape drove Puri to the ropes off successive deliveries.

An unfortunate accident befell Adhyaru who in attempting to hook Puri fell on the wicket injuring his face.

Play was adjourned for 10 minutes.

This mishap robbed Bombay of a chance of winning. Adhyaru hit 10 boundaries in his score of 65.

Play was resumed after ten minutes. Patwardhan joined Nageshkar and the score reached 231, Patwardhan was caught by Rehman behind the wickets off a ball from Murrawat. Thus the Bombay's innings ended enabling Punjab to win by 73 runs.

The Rohinton Baria Trophy was presented by the Mayor of Bombay to the winners.

SCORES::

BOMBAY (2nd. Innings)

J. Wadia c Bhatia, b Puri	64
Y. Ismail l.b.w., b Murrawat Hussain	1
M. Hansoti b Mubarak Ali	4
M. Naidu c Rehman, b Prithvi Raj	12
G. Patil c Mubarak Ali, b Prithvi Raj	12
S. Heptulla l.b.w., b Mubarak Ali	8
M. Naik c Prithvi Raj, b Puri	18
P. Dhareshwar b Murrawat Hussain	10
M. Nageshwar (not out)	23
H. Adhyaru (hit wkt), b Puri	65
Patwardhan c Rehman, b Murrawat	1
Extras	13
Total	231

FALL OF WICKETS:—1 for 9; 2|26; 3|51; 4|74; 5|88; 6|122; 7|135; 8|138; 9|219 and 10 for 231.

Punjab 'Varsity Cricket Team Entertained

The Punjab Muslim Association, Bombay, entertained the Punjab University Cricket Team at a Tea Party in the University Gardens on Friday evening in honour of their victory in the Inter-'Varsity Cricket Championship tournament.

BELGIAN STRIKE FEVER SPREADS

BRUSSELS, June 18.

The strike has been generally extending and has now spread to Brussels, where it is stated that 20,000 persons are idle. The total number of strikers in Belgium is now estimated at nearly 400,000

Minor incidents continue to be reported, but the tension in the main strike centres has been relaxed.

Strikers, apparently, assume that the Government is making a genuine effort to find a solution quickly, and concessions are expected.—Reuter.

NEW JAVELIN RECORD

HELSINGFORS, June 19.

Jarvinen broke his own world Javelin Record with a throw of 77.23 metres, the previous figure being 76.10 metres.—Reuter.

Changes In British Air Command?

RUGBY, June 17.

The Air Ministry announces that the Air Council have decided to carry out important changes in the system of command and Administration in the Home commands of the Royal Air Force in order to provide appropriate organisation for an enlarged force which will function with speed and efficiency in peace or war.—B. O. W.

40-HOUR WEEK

French Senate's Decision

PARIS, June 18.

The French Senate has adopted a bill providing a forty hour week.

G. D. A. FAILED

CANDIDATES

Desiring to qualify themselves as Auditors must seize this last opportunity.

1937 R. A. FINAL

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MUSLIMS WARN GREAT BRITAIN

(Continued from page 1).

given to the Arabs and the Muslim world, it demands:

(1) That further immigration of the Jews be stopped.

(2) That Land Alienation Act be passed prohibiting sale of Arab land to anybody who is not an Arab agriculturist.

(3) That Repression be stopped immediately, and

(4) That the people of Palestine be granted a constitution based on the principle of self-determination."

"PLAYING WITH FIRE."

Mr. Ali Bahadur Khan traced the history of the Arab movement and said that despite promises held out to the Arabs during the Great War, Palestine was brought under a Mandate. The Arabs had waited for years, but instead of independence they got a larger number of Jews every year immigrating into Palestine. He warned the British Government that in their treatment of the Arabs they were "playing with fire."

Maulana Irfan said that every one sympathised with the Arab movement in Palestine and it was the duty of every one to support the Arabs in their struggle for freedom.

After a few other speakers addressed the meeting, Maulana Shaukat Ali in his concluding remarks said that the Arabs had waited for 16 years and their patience was completely tried.

MASS PRAYERS.

The resolution was put to vote and was unanimously carried. Mass prayers were held for the success of the Arabs, before the meeting dispersed.

"PALESTINE DAY" AT DELHI

NEW DELHI, June 19.

Ten thousand Muslims congregated to-day in Juma Masjid where after Juma Prayers, a meeting was held in observance of "Palestine Day."

Mufti Kifayatullah who presided accused the British Government of not abiding by the terms of the treaty with the Arab population. Justifying the present aggressive attitude of the Arabs, he congraulated them on the brave struggle they were putting up for the preservation of their legitimate rights.

Maulvi Ahmed Saeed said that the policy of making Palestine a National home for Jews could not but be interpreted as an attempt to cut across the roots of the social, political and economic life of the real inhabitants of the place, namely the Arabs. He moved a resolution condemning the British policy of implementing the Balfour Declaration in Palestine as a result of which the real inhabitants of the country were being deprived of their legitimate rights and congratulating the Arabs on their struggle for safeguarding their rights.

The resolution also asked the Government of India to acquaint the British Government with the true feelings of the Muslims of India in the matter and affirmed that Indian Muslims demanded with one voice the cancellation of the Balfour Declaration and grant at the earliest possible date of self-government to the inhabitants of Palestine.—A. P.

At Allahabad

(From Our Correspondent.)

ALLAHABAD, June 19.

Allahabad Muslims observed "Palestine Day" to-day, many Muslim shops in the city being closed during the day.

A Muslim procession started in the evening from near the Clock Tower and after marching round the main streets of the city terminated at the Muhammadali Park where a public meeting was held wherein speeches sympathising with the miserable fate of the Palestinian Arabs were made. It was pointed out how the Palestinian Arabis being deprived of his property and his interests are being sacrificed by the Imperialistic powers. Several speakers strongly criticized British Governments attitude and appealed to Indians specially Muslims, to organise themselves for carrying on a vigorous agitation. A resolution expressing sympathy with Palestinian Arabs and condemning the unfair attitude of British Government towards them was passed.

"NATIONAL'S" NEW BUILDING IN MADRAS

Sir Sivaswami Iyer Performs Opening Ceremony

The new building of the Madras Branch of the National Insurance Company, Limited, was opened in China Bazar Road, Madras by Sir P. S. Sivaswamy Aiyar in the presence of a large and distinguished gathering.

The guests on arrival were conducted upstairs where light refreshments were served. After tea, the guests adjourned to the terrace. Mr. M. Jamal Mahomed proposing Sir P. S. Sivaswamy Aiyar to the chair referred to his long record of public service.

Mr. K. M. Naik, Director of the Company, then welcomed the guests.

Mr. Naik was followed by Mr. P. D. Asher who put forward a strong plea for exclusive support of Indian Companies by Indians. Dr. P. Subbarayon then addressed the meeting on behalf of the local Advisory Board. After Mr. Sami Venkatachalam Chetty, M.L.A., and Mr. G. A. Natesan had spoken Sir P. S. Sivaswami Aiyar rose to deliver his presidential speech.

In declaring the new building open, Sir P. S. Sivaswamy Aiyar said that it gave him great pleasure to be associated with the function. He hoped that in its new building the popularity of the National which, he said, was one of the oldest and most successful of life offices managed by Indians, would still more increase. Sir P. S. Sivaswamy then went on to discuss the problems which faced Indian Insurance and the difficulties that stood in the way of its rapid progress. Among the factors which made progress of insurance slow in India the poverty and ignorance of our people were the most important. Sir P. S. Sivaswamy then referred to the directions in which legislation was called for in the interests of the Indian Life Offices and their policy-holders.

Finally, Sir P. S. Sivaswamy Aiyar wished the National steady increase of prosperity and declared the building open.

Mr. B. J. Purohit, Branch Secretary, proposed a vote of thanks to the Chairman. The function then terminated. Prominent among those present were:—Sir Alladi Krishnaswami Aiyar (Advocate-General), Mr. C. R. Srinivasa Iyengar (Editor of "Sweshamitran"), Dewan Bahadur T. Ragaviah, Messrs. Sami Mahomed, P. D. Asher, Mr. S. Doraswami Aiyar, Dewan Bahadur K. S. Ramaswami Shastri, Messrs. Abdul Hamid Khan (Mayor of Madras) and V. Ramdas Pantulu.

Dr. P. Astier's Laboratories, Paris (France).

(1) This Tonic contains the essence of Kola nut and cafein. It is a heart regulator, and a tonic for nervous diseases and anæmia It is effective in convalescence.

(2) Kola Astier invigorates the muscles rapidly.

Take Kola Astier in water, milk, wine, Tea or Coffee. It tastes pleasant.

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MOTIMAHAL FIRE INQUIRY

Short-Circuit Might Have Occurred In Dynamo Room, Says Fire Master

(From Our Correspondent).

HYDERABAD (Dn.), June 18.

The Commission of Enquiry into Motimahal fire reassembled this morning when Mr. S. R. M. Naidu, Firemaster, Mr. Mohamed Zeman, Circle Inspector, Sultan Bazars and Mr. Hanuman Pershad one of the spectators inside the cinema were examined.

Mr. Hanuman Pershad deposed he heard a noise followed by fire and rushed out of the theatre but could not notice whether fire or smoke came from the Cabin side. Circle Inspector said, he as usual went round the cinema at 7 p.m. took seat on a sofa at 9/30 and heard 'bang' followed by a flash-light. Ladies who were present in the box seats jumped for their lives. Continuing, the witness said he phoned to the Fire Brigade at 10/30. The Fire Brigade came and commenced operation. During the stampede, no women was molested nor was there an opportunity for vagabonds to commit theft. Mr. Naidu the Firemaster said, he was present during the show and had undergone training in England, and was in the Nizam's Fire Brigade for six and half years. He heard electric crackening sound from behind the Royal Box and flames shot. He rescued certain Parsi ladies and others who were in boxes and returned for extinguishing the fire and used fire extinguisher which proved unavailable though they were in working order. Lights were burning when there was fire in the theatre. Short-circuit might have occurred in the cabin and the dynamo room.

After examining six more witnesses including a Sub-Inspector an assistant operator and spectators the Commission adjourned its sitting till Saturday. All witnesses corroborated the facts that help was rendered by police, public, cinema management and the Fire Brigade. They also corroborated the fact that fire broke out from the orchestra class.

The only exception being Syed Liyakathali who stated that he saw the outbreak near the cabin. He also added that though many women were rescued yet a couple of them were left to their fate on the balcony as it was beyond human reach to rescue them from the advancing sheets of flame and volume of smoke.

RESENTMENT AMONGST JAIN YOUTHS

Possible Breakdown Of 2nd Jain Youth Conference!

(From A Correspondent.)

AHMEDABAD, June 16.

Mr. Dhirajlal Tokarsi Shah, General Secretary 2nd Jain Youth Conference to be held in Ahmedabad on the 20th instant, in his weekly organ has strongly criticised the Jain Yuvak Mahamandal whose President is Sjt. Manilal Balabhai Nanavati, Naib Dewan of Baroda and also the resolutions of the First Jain Youth Conference held in Bombay last year. This has spread great resentment amongst the Jain youths and workers of the above institutions. Looking to the present circumstances, it is not improbable if the 2nd Jain Youth Conference may breakdown on this issue. The workers of Ahmedabad are greatly confused at this

No Cause For Alarm

Congress President's Reassuring Statement To Businessmen

CALCUTTA, June 19.

In connection with the recent Socialistic preachings of Pundit Jawaharlal Nehru and the opposition which they provoked from several influential members of the Indian mercantile community in Bombay and the Punjab, a prominent business magnate of Calcutta entered into correspondence with Punditji for a clear statement from him about the forthcoming changes in the political and economic structure of India.

Replying from Mussorie Pundit Jawaharlal says:—

"For the present we have to deal with the political question. But the economic question, though theoretical at present, is intimately bound up with the political side and we cannot ignore it. What shape it will take I cannot say though my own view as frequently stated is that solution will be along Socialistic lines. What I want is discussion of this issue so that our ideas may be clarified. So far as businessmen are concerned, I do not want to commit them to any particular economic doctrine, but I do think that they must line up, on the political issue, with the advanced forces in the country. And they should further realise that big economic changes are necessary, and should consider them."—United Press.

Film Censors' Ban On "Jawaharlal's Message"

BOMBAY BOARD REFUSES TO CERTIFY RANJIT TALKIE

BOMBAY, June 19.

The Bombay Board of Film Censors have refused to certify a talkie film titled "Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru's Message" on the ground that it deals with controversial politics and is likely to foment social unrest and discontent in the country.

It will be recalled that the Congress Socialist Party got Pandit Jawaharlal's speech on Socialism recorded at Ranjit Studios on May 19 during the Congress President's stay in Bombay.

Mr. M. R. Masani, General Secretary of the Congress Socialist Party, recently applied to the Bombay Board of Film Censors to certify the film for the purpose of getting it exhibited in the cinema theatres in India.

The Secretary of the Board has communicated to Mr. Masani the Board's refusal to certify the film on the above ground, after three weeks.

Interesting developments are expected as a result of the refusal by the Board.—United Press.

SUCCESS OF 1 SAFE MAY BE A CHANCE

But Success of all 6 Safes is a Proof

There were **6 Godrej Safes engulfed in** the severe **Parsee Bazar Fire** (Bombay) that destroyed the entire Victoria Buildings —one of them fell down from the third floor and remained in the midst of smouldering materials for days together; but **not one had its contents damaged** in any way.

On the other hand, contents of **4 safes of other makes** in this fire **were burnt** to ashes and one that fell down **burst and broke.**

The contrast in the fates of the different safes in this fire ordeal is a conclusive proof that

GODREJ SAFES

stand in a class by themselves.

For the SAFETY of Your Valuables

USE GODREJ SAFES.

There are no joints or other weak points in Godrej Safes that could be broken by burglars; and their fire-proofing composition gives out water-vapour in time of fire and effectively kills the fire-heat.

BIG FIGHTING NEAR ADDIS ABABA

Concentration Of Armed Forces Throughout Country

(By Our Abyssinian Correspondent)

June 4.

Notwithstanding the fall of Addis Ababa, there are thousands of armed Abyssinian troops in different parts of Harrar Province in the hilly country. At Gara, Mullata, Oblie and Chercher there have been some skirmishes between them and the Italian forces.

As the rainy season is now on, much fighting is expected, unless the Abyssinian troops surrender voluntarily.

Big fighting is reported near Addis Ababa at a place called Ambo. Through the influence of Ras Imorrou, Dedjaz Ahmade and others, troops have started concentrating everywhere, and serious trouble is expected for the Italian Commander, especially because, the roads will be rendered useless for mechanical transport during the rainy season.

As the tension between the French and the Italian authorities has become acute, serious developments are expected.

On the morning of the 10th at about 4 a.m. the Italian soldiers entered Dire Dawa mad with the joy of victory. They at once went on rushing to the old Treasury House, breaking down the flagstaff which was erected by the French and at once hoisted the Italian tri-colour on the Abyssinian flag-staff. In front of the Railway Station, they wrote something on the ground in big letters and erected a small wireless set at once. The French troops were forced to evacuate their positions on the Treasury House and had to go back to the Railway premises.

All the roads between the European and native quarters were at once closed people were only allowed to pass through one main road.

SEARCH FOR ARMS

Every one was forced to give the Fascist salute, when passing a sentry and officers as well. The soldiers started rushing into the town, and entering every house forcibly, they demanded arms. In case of refusal, the owners were at once shot down. All the Europeans were also treated in the same way and their arms were taken by force. The house of an Indian resident was repeatedly searched for more than 3 days, despite his having sent his rifle and ammunition to them voluntarily and he lost some property which was looted by bad characters who always accompanied these soldiers. The Indian was away during the time this happened.

People were asked to fly the Italian tri-colour and some British subjects who flew the Union Jack were forced to haul down the flag. The same thing happened to all other Europeans. No one was allowed to hoist any flag, but the Italian.

G. M. Mohamedali's store was also repeatedly searched. The Indian Library was forced to remove the photo of King George and replace it by a photo of Mussolini or the Italian monarch.

The Italians were very severe against the British. On two occasions, the British Red Cross doctors had been arrested and detained. One ran away from the Italian custody and was re-arrested after 3 days. The British Consul came from Harrar and took him away. Again one Colonel, one lady and Major Bentinck who had been a Consul in Addis Ababa and his brother who was a Minister were ill-treated and kept as prisoners for some days. Of ccurse these British officers protested against this treatment, but odds were very heavily against them. They were allowed to leave last Friday. I was informed by the Hotel-keeper that these officers were repeatedly insulted and provoked, and they gave a good account of themselves but there were too many Italians.

The Italians ordered the French Bishop to leave on the ground that he mixed in politics, but every one knew well that this venerable bishop never went out and lived in seclusion with the children whom he had adopted.

ADMINISTRATIVE MEASURES

The Italians have also started fixing prices for every thing, but as there are thousands of soldiers, it is not possible to keep the prices down, so it happens that the soldiers buy things from poor people and pay them according to the prices fixed by Government and thus the seller has to suffer losses.

All the buildings belonging to the former Abyssinian Government, the former officers and chiefs have forcibly been taken possession of by the Italian officers and the occupants were forced to vacate on short notice.

The Italians are distributing free grain, flour, rice, etc., to the poor and even give them free meat. The natives are being reassured of justice and that there will be no duties on grass, firewood, coal, fruit and other eatables. Some influential Abyssinians are sent out to stop fighting. They are re-assured that every one will get their old position.

FROM ACROSS THE SEAS

(Continued from page 6)

dad, another in Hong Kong, and the palace known as Marble Hall in Shanghai.

The Tashi Lama, on his way back to Tibet, was entertained to a big ball in Marble Hall, his throne being draped in the sacred yellow. The Lama brought his own band from Tibet. Sir Elly Kadoorie, however, decided that the party would go with more of a swing with a Jazz band. A compromise was reached by allowing the jazz band and the Tibet band to play alternatively. In Marble Hall there is one of the three finest collections of Chinese ivories in the world. For fear of bandits the collection is shown only to a few people. For this reason also it was not allowed to emerge from its black, windowless room for the recent Chinese Exhibition in London. The room is entered by special doors. While anyone is inside red bulbs light up over the doors and in other parts of the house.

* * * *

Mr. Groves, of Slazenger's limited, who this year celebrates the 50th anniversary of his direction of the manufacture of Slazenger tennis balls thinks it is difficult to imagine how the 1936 tennis ball can possibly be improved upon. Since 1902 his balls have been used exclusively for the Wimbledon championships.

A new Milton cloth has been discovered this year. Manufacturers have been waiting for it for years, as, while the bounce of a ball that is carefully kept and used remains fairly uniform for a considerable time, the rapid wear and tear of the cloth has always been a subject of complaint. The new material has proved capable of "looking new" much longer than ever before. Hundreds of dozens of balls are used at Wimbledon each year, and this year's supply is only now being made, as the balls must be as fresh as possible. They have to undergo tests of bounce, size weight and deformation—not more than 29in. under 18lb. pressure. To test the strength of the vulcanized stitchless seams balls are compressed 15,000 times to half their size.

* * * *

OVERHEAD ON THE RHINE

Waiter: Your bread, sir, Heil Hitler!

Tourist: And where's the butter? God Save the King!

EVE ENTERS AMRAOTI BENCH

Four Honorary Lady Magistrates

(From Our Correspondent)

NAGPUR, June 19.

A Gazette says Mrs. Manikbai Bhide, Mrs. Tarabai Ranadive, Mrs. Vimalabai Deshmukh and Mrs. Sarojini Inamdar, all from Amraoti, have been appointed Honorary Magistrates of the first Ladies' Bench constituted at Amraoti.

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IMPERIAL CINEMA

FILM FARE FOR THE WEEK

"Dancing Feet" At Capitol—"Jack Of All Trades" At Excelsior—"These Three" At Regal—"Small Town Girl" At Central—Mae West At Pathe—Arliss In "Old English" At Opera

"Dancing Feet"—Ben Lyon, Joan Marsh, Eddie Nugent and Isabell Jewell seen at the Capitol.

"Jack of All Trades"—this week at the Excelsior.

"These Three" with Miriam Hopkins and Merle Oberon at the Regal this week.

"THINGS TO COME"

At The Regal

There can be no two viewpoints about this amazing film. It is the most colossal and magnificent spectacle brought to the screen, a triumph not only for Korda and British production, but for the cinema as a whole. It is true, of course, that its author, Wells, has something to offer humanity in social thought, but it is in no sense of philistinism that it must be said that the masses who will flock to see the picture, will be less concerned with this than with the breath-taking canvas, with its titanic glimpses of war's destruction, and its prophetic if fictitious, guesses at the super world of tomorrow. One must salute his compelling gesture of warning, admit that he has done an incalculable human service in making humanity think about the crazy criminality of war and remember that to-morrow comes after the insanity and blindness of to-day.

"Things to Come" is a spectacular essay on war and the future, a guess at what might be our heritage. We see the ravages and rapine of Moloch on Everytown where the bombs of the hidden enemy silence a city gay in its celebration of Christmas. We see famine and pestilence sweep the world, and a people develop to almost soulless automatons, dictators rise and sway them, and a missionary comes from the "hill people", another world of airmen, who wipe out the gangster-ridden armies of Everytown.....

Thus to the future, to rubber costumes and Wellsian skyscrapers, synthetic sunlight and television, where one, Theotocipolous, the artist, invokes the people against the machine civilisation of Everytown of 2000 A.D. And here "Things to Come" gropes most self-consciously towards the stars, climaxing the drama in an epic conclusion, in which a boy and a girl are shot off in a "space gun" to the moon, and those who are left, soliloquise that mankind must go forward to the Unknown —or perish.

Such is the philosophising structure on to which this superb and literally thrilling canvas of spectacle and drama is set. And at once let it be emphasised that though the popular fan may prefer stars of a less nebular quality, that the controversy and the problems, are infinitely worth the endurance for the epic setting against which they are woven. Never on such a scale, or with such amazing technical brilliance, has a task like this been attempted. The film stars with a savage and pitiless glimpse of a town devastated by an air raid, a glimpse no less effective for its thundering guns and toppling buildings than the thin dead face of a child amidst the wreckage of Christmas festivities. Tanks, poison gas, and vast hordes of planes, throb and thunder a way to the devastation of the Pestilence age. A profoundly thrilling sequence shows the monster air machines of to-morrow relentlessly piercing the clouds. Here, so brilliant is the work of Ned Mann, the trick expert, and Georges Perinal, the cameraman, that it is often literally impracticable to telll where models end and full sets begin. The most imaginative settings and technical resources have been loosed however on the world of the future, with its chromium plating and sweeping curves of buildings, strangely garbed humanity and fantastic locomotion. Best of all, however, are the space gun sequences, where from a vast structure set on a hill far from the towns is the gun which shoots its human charges to Moon or the Unknown. Invention, design and technical imagination here achieve results which have really to be seen to be appreciated. All this is as thrilling as it is impressive, and it is on this angle that Well's film will be talked about by the masses and seen again and again by them and by the film student for years to come.

It is a triumph for its producer, Korda, and its director, Menzies, but in the same heroic category go Ned Mann for the most exciting and impressive trick work ever seen on the screen and to Perinal for camera work which has never been bettered in any land or at any time.

"THE DARKEST AFRICA"

At The Globe Talkies

A terrific and thundering jungle-serial 'Darkest Africa'—a Republic Picture's 31 episode—serial—the second instalment of which is running at the Globe Talkies to the crowded audiences.

"Darkest Africa's" second instalment reveals the awe-inspiring exploits of Clyde Beatty, world's greatest wild-animal trainer who goes to the remotest part of the unexploited territory of the darkest Africa. He has to fight out lions and tigers to reach the mysterious city of Joba—where a beautiful girl was imprisoned. He meets a jungle boy named Baru—the character played by world's youngest wild-animal trainer—11 year-old boy Manuel King.

The "Darkest Africa" is a picture which will keep you spell-bound till the end—You must not miss this second thrilling instalment.

People, all over Bombay demand that they want to see this serial again—and hence The Globe Talkies will commence to show first instalment—15 episodes—of this jungle-serial from next Friday. Together with this serial you will see "Truth about Ethiopia"—two informative film in 2 reels. You will see how Mussolini succeeded in leading his army to Abyssinia.

"Small Town Girl" starring Janet Gaynor and Robert Taylor—this week at the Central.

UNUSUAL DRAMA OF "THESE THREE"

At The Regal

James Agate, Mayfair film critic writing of the film THESE THREE remarks 'If I were censor, I would not allow any girl under 20 to see this picture.' But then Mr. Agate is not a censor and so the matter ends. Another famous critic writes of the film: "Of children but not for children," and the English censors took all this so much to heart that THESE THREE was almost banned in England and then you and I would have missed one of the finest pictures of the year.

A delicate plot treated with rare restraint and beauty, excellent acting and a story startling in its originality all combine to make THESE THREE an exceptional picture in every sense of the word.

Were I a parent, I would take my children to see it on principle, it is a lesson both for the old and young. To ban a picture just because it treats a subject frankly which has never been dared before is to do inestimable harm to a public who are hungry for such entertainment, after the eternal gangster and detective spectacle which is only too often thrust upon them.

THESE THREE is no natural, it lives before you. Merle Oberon is splendid, her diction has improved and she is a delight to watch, whilst Miriam Hopkins and McCrea are all that they should be. But the real star is Bonita Granville the utterly precocious child whom I would have given five years of my life to lay across my knees with an application of the brush. She is magnificent as the depraved infant and is sure to make the audience squirm as much she does the innocent victims of her literally fiendish behaviour. Definitely a film not to be missed!

Clyde Beatty and Ellaine Shepperd in "Darkest Africa" at the Globe.

MAE WEST IN HILARIOUS COMEDY

"Klondike Annie" At Pathe

Toss out all your preconceived notions of Mae West; all you folks who have only visualized her as a langruous creature moving softly around in shimmering silks and satins are in for the surprise of your lives when you see her in "Klondike Annie", which opens today at the Pathe Theatre!

This reviewer, for one, certainly sat right up when Mae leaves the Barbary Coast of San Francisco, in the surroundings which we've grown accustomed to associating with her, and winds up in the frozen region of the Klondike goldfields! But don't be alarmed—even wrapped in a big fur parka, the West curves are every bit as lissom as we like to see them, and although her lips may be cold and frost-beaten, they still retain the ability to toss off wise-cracks that will, we prophesy, be repeated in every city and town for months to come: until the next Mae West film, to be exact!

Mae plays the part of the Frisco Doll, rushing off to the Klondike on big, burly Capt. Bull Brackett's (Victor McLaglen) boat to try to escape the Frisco police, who are anxiously searching for her. After a succession of alternately thrilling and hilarious experiences, during which she has assumed the name of "Sister Annie", a famous evangelist, she finds herself in love with the Federal agent who has been sent out to bring her back to San Francisco to stand trial.

At this point she finds that the revival meetings which she has been holding, in her role as "Sister Annie", have had their effect on her character. She'd give anything in the world to be able to marry Phillip Reed, who loves her, but she realizes that she would bring him more unhappiness than joy. So she accepts the offer of Bull Brackett, who has been urging marriage on her ever since she stepped on his boat.

"Klondike Annie" is recommended as swell entertainment. Under the able direction of Raoul Walsh, McLaglen is superb in the role of the hard-boiled captain who meets for the first time in his swashbuckling existence, a woman can make him toe the mark.

"DANCING FEET"

At The Capitol

With tuneful melodies, a sparkling cast and a troupe of musical head-liners, "Dancing Feet", a Republic Picture, will open on Saturday at the Capitol Theatre. Topped by a novel and entertaining plot, this adaptation of the novel by the same name, written by Rob Eden, keen author of the younger generation, is said to be one of the season's gayest musical comedies.

Two musical numbers now being played by every leading dance orchestra in the country were written by Sammy Stept especially for this feature. They are "Dancing Feet" and "Every Time I look At You". Stept is the writer of the popular numbers "I'll Always Be In Love With You", "Congratulations" and many others.

Some of the Hollywood's most prominent players were used in "Dancing Feet". They were picked not only for their acting ability but for their dancing and singing ability. Joan Marsh, attractive blonde actress, is seen in the feminine lead. Eddie Nugent who plays opposite her, first appeared on the screen with Joan Crawford in "Our Dancing Daughters." He was formerly on the Broadway musical stage. Ben Lyon has a long line of stage and screen successes to his list. He recently played in Republic's "Frisco Waterfront."

Before the production began, the principals underwent three weeks of extensive dance rehearsals under the instruction of Nick Condos, considered one of the foremost tap dancers in the country. One of the features of the picture is the introduction of a new dance step, the Riviera, which is performed by Nugent and Miss Marsh. Joseph Stantley directed this Republic picture. Stantley has a long string of successes to his credit, his latest being the popular "Harmony Lane." "Dancing Feet" is a picture made only for entertainment.

"SMALL TOWN GIRL" STARS JANET GAYNOR

At The Central

Janet Gaynor and Robert Taylor form the striking new screen team at the Central Theatre, in "Small Town Girl," M-G-M's picturization of the popular novel by Ben Ames Williams. Produced for the screen by Hunt Stromberg who has given the world "Ah Wilderness!" and "Rose Marie" in recent months, the photoplay was directed by William Wellman, whose screen biography includes "Wings," "The Conqueror," "So-Big" and "Call of the Wild" among many other hits. The notable cast includes Binnie Barnes, Lewis Stone, Andy Devine, Elizabeth Patterson, Frank Craven, James Stewart and a score of others.

The story of "Small Town Girl" revolves about Kay Brannan who lives with her family in Carvel, Massachusetts, and detests, the humdrum of small-town life. Everybody expects her to marry Elmer, the telephone man; but one night she meets Bob Dakin, from Boston, who is going home from a football game. They go to a night club where students are celebrating, and before morning they are married at a local Gretna Green. Ten minutes later Bob wrecks their car and goes to sleep, next morning he has no recollection of the marriage, in fact, he barely remembers meeting Kay. Bob is a gentleman and decides to make the best of it. He takes Kay to his aristocratic parents, but turns against her when she confesses she knew what was going on but didn't stop the wedding. So Kay finds herself in an unhappy plight; her husband will have nothing to do with her and keeps up his romance with Priscilla, a society beauty to whom he has been engaged. To keep up appearances Kay and Bob have a kissless honeymoon aboard the Dakin yacht, but Bob and Priscilla agree they'll be married when Bob gets a divorce after a decent interval. Kay moves through a series of trying experiences, but through her gentle influence Bob quits drinking and

(Continued in Col. 7.)

Mae West in "Klondike Annie" with Victor McLaglen now shown at the Pathe.

"TALE OF TWO CITIES"

At The Plaza

Dickens' famous classic "A Tale of Two Cities" has been brought to the screen with all its glamour and thrilling atmosphere in Metro-Goldwyn's picturisation which is revived this week at the Plaza (Dadar) to give an opportunity to many cinema-goers who have missed it or want to see it again.

The stirring scenes of the French Revolution from one of the high lights of the film. Ronald Colman gives the most splendid characterisation of his career as Sydney Carton—the most famous role in literature,—a brilliant westrel and a drunkard, who makes the most noble sacrifice by giving his life for the husband of the girl whom he loves but cannot marry. Among the most moving and spectacular scenes is the one depicting the storming of the Bastille by the fiery revolutionaries.

"JACK OF ALL TRADES"

At The Excelsior

It is said that the city bank which was built in the Gaumont-British Studios and which plays such an important part in Jack Hulbert's new picture, "Jack of All Trades," shown this week at the Excelsior, is the last word in magnificence and puts in the shade the most impressive business house to be found in London.

Tall columns, highly polished floors, marble statues and sumptuous office furniture create a fine atmosphere of "big business." Behind metal-grilled counters where busy clerks deal in the mysteries of finance were installed about five thousand pounds' worth of office equipment—typewriters, adding machines, distaphones, telephones and other modern business "gadgets" without which no up-to-date bank seems to transact its business.

There were "property" notes in the tills but it is rumoured that they bore the inscription "Swank of England" and that nobody tried to steal them!

Into this grand building comes Jack, jobless and penniless, plumps himself down at an office desk and proceeds to create a job for himself. Cheek, luck and the stupidity of the directors make the way easy—until he runs up against the lady in the case and then things look black for Jack!

How he emerges triumphant from a very nasty bit of business with fire-raising crooks and eventually rescues the lady from a burning building makes an exciting ending to a picture.

(Continued from Col. 6.)

devotes himself more to his really brilliant career as a surgeon. One night Kay finds Bob in Priscilla's apartment, forces him to go to the hospital for an important operation, and that same night decides she can bear no more; she goes back to her family in Carvel and resigns herself to forgetting Bob. Through losing her, Bob learns just how much he has learned to care for her. And one night, while the papers are printing rumours of his impending divorce, he drives into Carvel just as he did on that other night. He hunts up Kay and begs her forgiveness. Once more they ride away from the small town, this time to happiness.

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INDIAN COMPANIES ACT AMENDMENT BILL

(Continued from Page 6)

while section 87A (2) limits the life of existing agencies to twenty years after the commencement of the Act subject to a proviso that the termination of the agency in either case will not take effect until all moneys due by the company to the managing agent have been paid off. In my opinion the 20 years' period in the case of new agencies is far too long and should be reduced to ten years as recommended by Mr. Sen. The object of the first sub-section is to provide the shareholders with an opportunity to review the position with due regard to the managing agents' record of stewardship and take suitable steps for future management. Consequently limitation of the agency period to as many as twenty years seems to me to defeat the very object of the sub-section.

Managing Agency System

Subject to what is stated above, the principle adumbrated by the sub-section cannot be challenged. Managing agencies in India are either hereditary or are based on lines which have made the agents irremovable. Leaving aside for a moment Ahmedabad to which I shall presently refer, the managing agency agreements in almost all the industrial centres in the country, while making a pretext at fixing a period for the managing agency, have laid down stipulations which make it impossible to terminate the agency so that the agreements, to all intents and purposes, are perpetual. These agreements lay down that the managing agent would continue in office after the prescribed period unless he was removed by an extraordinary resolution passed at an extraordinary meeting specially convened for the purpose of which not less than six months' notice is given to every shareholder at his address and not by advertisement and at which not less than three-fourths of the issued capital should be represented. As if the conditions were not sufficiently rigorous there are various instances where they have been made more rigorous by raising the period of notice to 12 months and the three-fourths representation to four-fifths, or seven-eigths and even as much as to nine-tenths with a further provision that a fixed percentage generally three-fourths of the shareholders in number should be present at such meeting and also that the resolution for removal should be confirmed at a subsequent meeting to be held in the same manner as the first meeting. With regard to Ahmedabad the agreements, with few exceptions, are perpetual, the managing agents being appointed the sole managing, non-changeable, non-removable and permanent Secretaries, Treasurers and Agents. On these facts it is abundantly clear that the existing state of affairs is most undesirable and Government have done the right thing in attempting to limit the periods of new agencies.

Sub-section 87A (2) deals with existing agencies. It provides that all existing agreements shall expire after a period of twenty years from the date of the commencement of the Act. I have already dealt with the horrors of expropriation and confiscation urged against this provision. In my opinion the clause does not go far enough. I really do not understand why the existing agreements should not come to an end, say, one year after the commencement of the Act as recommended by Mr. Sen. The sub-section is based on the footing that the existing state of affairs is undesirable. Consequently it is illogical and against the interests of the investing public to perpetuate it for another twenty years. If one year is considered too short the period may be increased. Again it is not fair that those companies which are to-day able to stand on their own legs without the necessity of any financial assistance from managing agents should be forced to continue the services of their agents and that too under the existing terms and conditions. The sub-section should, therefore, be amended so as to give effect to the points raised.

So far as I have been able to see, the sub-section as worded will not affect those agencies which are due to expire before the expiration of the period stipulated. If I am wrong, Government will kindly make the position clear as there are several contracts to my knowledge which are due to expire shortly.

With regard to the proviso referred to above while it is only fair that the managing agent should be paid back the amount due to him on the termination of the agency it is equally fair that the object of the section should not be allowed to be defeated by the refusal of the managing agent to accept payment on the ground that the moneys due to him are payable at some future date. To safeguard against such contingency it should be provided that on the company tendering the amount the managing agent should accept it irrespective of the time for payment.

(To Be Continued.)

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AMRIT KAUR'S LUCKY ESCAPE

Villager Goes To Rescue As Floods Threaten To Capsize Boat

The secretary of the Assamese Students Welfare League Information Bureau, Calcutta, wires to the Associated Press under date June 19 as follows:—

A special representative of the "Amrita Bazar Patrika" touring the Assam flooded areas, sends a report of a miraculous escape from drowning of Shrimati Amrit Kaur while visiting the flood affected villages last week in a country boat under continuous rain and strong winds.

She reports that her boat was almost capsizing when it came before the rushing waters of the Kapoli River near the fiftieth mile on the Assam Trunk Road. Courageously, a villager, Chandramohan Biswas, saved the boat and safely steered it through a strong wind. Unmindful of personal risks Amrit Kaur continued her boat journey.—A. P.

Women Carpet Workers Again On Strike

BOMBAY, Friday.

The Carpet Factory owner Haji Noormohammad Joomai, who had given an assurance to his women employees on Tuesday that their wages would not be reduced and that they would get, as before, 4 annas per bundle, is now alleged to have gone back on his words.

It will be recalled that, on the 16th inst. all the women workers in the carpet factories of Madanpura had struck work and marched to the house of Haji Noormahommad to protest against his threat to reduce their wages to 3 annas a bundle.

Following the spirited demonstration by the women workers, the proprietor gave a written undertaking that they need not be anxious and that they would continue to get 4 annas per bundle. On this assurance all the women went back to work.

The other employers are still paying the rate, but Haji Noormohammad is stated to have told the women to-day that they will have to work at 3 annas per bundle. All his women employees, therefore, struck work and refused to work at the reduced rate.

The proprietor is said to have sought the aid of the Police. The strike continues and developments are expected.

THREE KILLED IN JAIPUR FIRING

NEW DELHI, June 17.

A message from Jaipur states that with a view to quelling armed 'Gujars' numbering about 1,000, who had assembled in village Burli in Dausai District to prevent a particular ceremony of the 'Chamars' being performed, the State Police had to open fire as a sequel to which three persons were killed and several others injured.

After dispersal of Gujars, the ceremony was gone through by the 'Chamars'.

It may be mentioned that Gujars are High Caste Hindus, while Chamars belong to the Harijan class.—United Press.

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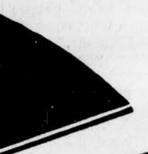

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Responsivists Are Not Anti-Imperialists

REPLY TO KELKAR'S CHALLENGE

By: Jawaharlal Nehru

For an author to enter into argument with his critics is an unbecoming procedure. He has had his say in his book, and it is right that they should have their say. For me to venture to criticise the critics of my Autobiography would be almost unpardonable, for reviewers both, in England and India, have treated this book with a generosity and goodwill which have been overwhelming.

But I am challenged by Mr. N. C. Kelkar and other friends and answers are demanded of me to a number of questions that they have framed. I have absolutely no desire to enter the lists on this issue with Mr. Kelkar, whom I have long respected, or others. But as I am asked questions, I cannot remain wholly silent.

Just Autobiography.

What is my Autobiography? It is not meant to be a record of all the important events of the past few years. It is a record of my own thoughts and moods and how they were affected by external happenings. I endeavoured to make this a truthful record of my own mental development. How far I succeeded in doing so, it is not for me to say. But the important thing is not what happened, but how it struck me and what impression it produced on me. That is the test of the truth or otherwise of the book.

Of course, if my own impression of what happened was at considerable variance with actuality, this would knock the bottom out of my argument that I might advance, and my own mind and thoughts would be based on falsehood. I would isolate myself from reality and probably shrivel up. Thus the truth or otherwise of events as recorded in the book is of importance.

But still I would venture to say that the primary test of the book is psychological. It has given me no little pleasure to find that many of my reviewers have proceeded on this basis and some English friends even, who are opposed wholly to my politics, have gained a certain psychological insight into the mind and soul of our national movement. For though I wrote as an individual about an individual, to some extent, I may claim to have represented the mental conflicts of large numbers of others, who worked in our freedom movement. True understanding between friends as well as opponents comes only from this psychological insight; as between opposing groups it is frightfully hard if not impossible, to gain this insight.

I would beg, therefore, that my book be considered primarily from this aspect, all others are secondary.

Too Many Ideas.

My second request would be that the entire wood be considered as a whole and that we should not lose ourselves in the trees. Inevitably, in a great country like India and during a powerful nationalist movement, various sets of ideas emerge and fight for mastery. These ideas are bigger and apart from the individuals or leaders, who express them, and as far as possible, we should consider them as ideas and not merely as appendages to persons whom we may like or dislike. Thus in our political movement during the past few years there was a certain Congress ideology, a Liberal ideology, a Responsivist ideology, as well as others. To-day, the economic and social issue having forced itself into the forefront, other sets of ideas are producing a ferment and a conflict in men's minds.

In considering these various sets and complexes of ideas we can say, regardless of the individuals who hold them, that a particular one is progressive or harmful, it leads to independence or is reactionary. I hold that the Liberal and Responsivist ideologies are definitely reactionary and harmful, and they inevitably involve a co-operation with British imperialism.

Thus instead of helping us to march along the road to freedom, they strengthen the hold of British imperialism. This has nothing to do with the individuals who may hold these views; I may respect them in their personal capacities and have affection for them and admire their character and courage. But still I may hold that they err politically and give the wrong lead. The Congress, I think, has given a straighter and a definitely anti-imperialist lead, and though in some matters it has been reactionary at times, it has, I believe, pushed us towards freedom. Believing this, I have given it my allegiance and worked for it to the best of my ability.

Futile And Puerile Policy

If these are my definite opinions, must I not express them for fear of offending some people by my criticism of their views? That would be a futile and a puerile policy, unbecoming in a public man. We who dabble in public affairs and seek to change the destinies of millions dare not remain quiet on vital issues. I claim the right of free criticism of public policies and I gladly acknowledge this right in others who may be opposed to my views. Only thus can we have glimpses of the truth and hammer out a right policy. But of course such criticism should be without malice or ill-will.

It was with this view-point that I wrote my book. I may have failed to live up to the ideal aimed at, but the book does represent my own carefully considered views on the various ideologies and policies before the country. There may be minor errors here and there but they do not affect the main argument. I might add that some extraordinary references have appeared in the press to the effect that I have been going about apologising for my book and for its so-called inaccuracies. I have done no such thing and I am yet unaware of any major error in it.

Not A Final Proof

Members of the Responsivist Party, I am told, sign the Congress creed of independence. Personally, though I welcome this I am not prepared to accept that this is a final proof in their case or in the case of Congressmen generally, of the acceptance of the ideology of independence, as I understand it. It is well known that there are some Congressmen who are not terribly keen on independence and who seek continually to tone it down. The real test comes in action and in our day to day activities.

How far my own ideology of independence governs the Congress I cannot say. But I know it is widely prevalent in Congress ranks. I believe that it is essentially different from the ideas of political freedom that Liberals and Responsivists, as a body, give expression to. This Liberal and Responsivist conception of Indian freedom, though opposed to British control in India, seems to me to move within the orbit of British imperialism. Hence, though disliking it and seeking to rid themselves of it, they in effect help it and strengthen it.

They co-operate with it frequently and give it a moral backing which is injurious to our freedom movement. Many of them insist on the continuation of the British military occupation of India, an idea that is wholly repugnant to me. The whole conception of Dominion Status seems to me to be an acceptance of the basic fabric of British imperialism. That conception is therefore unacceptable to me. It is evident that our ideas in regard to imperialism, what it is and what it thrives on, differ fundamentally. It is not surprising therefore that with differing premises we should draw different conclusions.

The Liberals and the Responsivists have in the past repeatedly accepted high office under the British Government—Executive Councillorships, Ministries and like. Whatever the motive behind it, I have no doubt in my mind that this inevitably results in intimate co-operation with and support of the imperialist system. It means co-operation in the repression of the freedom movement. We have seen that repeatedly in the past. Mr. N. C. Kelkar, if I remember rightly, once congratulated publicly one of his party members on his appointment as an Executive Councillor. If the Congress decides to accept office under the new Act, I am quite sure that to that extent it will co-operate with and strengthen British imperialism. It will also then become partly responsible for any repression or suppression of civil liberties that might ensue.

Denial Of Liberties

Repression and the denial of civil liberties has frequently been condemned by the Liberals and the Responsivists. And yet, it has seemed to me that the condemnation has often been of the quantity of it and not the quality. This was natural enough as the official view-point as to the necessity of repression was largely accepted. I remember Mr. N. C. Kelkar pressing Government to release members of the Congress Working Committee from prison. The argument advanced was that the situation had improved sufficiently to permit this to be done, and, in any event, if they misbehaved again, they could be sent back to prison. That argument did violence to my way of thinking as it seemed to me a substantial justification of the Government's general policy and its previous activities.

Take again the replies I have received from Sir Sivaswamy Iyer and Sir Tej Bahadur Sapru to my circular on Civil Liberties. I make no grievance of their refusal to join the proposed organisation. Others also had done so without giving the particular reasons they gave. These reasons are important and significant and they go to show, to my thinking that they accept the British Government's view-point in regard to the suppression of civil liberties, although they no doubt think that the Government went further than it should have done.

Fierce Repression

All this seems to me to be the acceptance of the ideology of imperialism and powerful moral support of the policy of repression. Innumerable other activities political, semi-political, social—at a time when fierce repression was going on all over the country, added to this moral support. For persons who felt keenly the distress of the country and the humiliation of the ordinances and the repression, it was hardly fitting to be hobnobbing continually with those who were responsible for this repression, of feasting with them, of giving parties to them. This was not a matter of sympathising with civil disobedience, but of 'not' sympathising with the Government that was trying to crush the spirit of India. It was a question almost of common decency.

This is the general background of my thought and I should like Mr. Kelkar to understand it, though he might disagree with it utterly. And, if there is any substance in that thought, my conclusions follow from it. It does not help in the clarification of issues, if we call each other perverse or impute evil motives to one another.

I could give many quotations from speeches and writings which support my contention that there is no anti-imperialist outlook among leading members of the Responsivist Party as well as the Liberals. But this article is long enough already. I shall, however, mention one or two instances.

Mr. M. R. Jayakar (I think it was in an interview in an Anglo-Indian paper early in September 1935) appealed to his countrymen to work the new Act in a spirit of compromise, to enter into a pact with the Government, not to oppose him in any way, and this prevent the use of the special powers. If this is not an acceptance of the so-called Reforms and of the whole imperialist system which stands behind them, I do not know what it is. I could not better the criticism of the 'Servant of India' (September 5, 1935) of this declaration of Mr. Jayakar.

Dr. Moonje has in the past frequently appealed for co-operation with the British Government and he was fortunate enough to be congratulated for it by the Calcutta 'Statesman'. His military school received the blessings of the Commander-in-Chief and Lord Willingdon is reported to have expressed the hope that the school would loyally serve the British Empire. Personally I have no desire to serve the British Empire nor have I any sympathy for those who have this passion. But however that might be, no one could call those who wish to serve and strengthen the British Empire as anti-imperialists.

CHOLERA ON INCREASE IN KOLHAPUR

Schools, Colleges And Offices Closed Till July 1

SANGLI, June 19.

News from Kolhapur states that an Extraordinary Kolhapur State Gazette dated June 18th observes, that owing to the increase of the Cholera Epidemic in Kolhapur Schools, colleges and offices, etc.., will remain closed till July 1st, except on urgent cases of business. —A. P.

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"We are pleased to inform that Dr. S. R. IYENGAR, Specialist in DIABETES, cured Mrs. Framji Dadabhoy Poacha of Raipur, who is aged about 55, who was suffering from DIABETES for the last five years. When she commenced Dr. Iyengar's treatment, the percentage of Sugar in the Urine was more than 5 per cent, as examined by Dr. Billimoria, M.D., of Bombay. After the treatment it was found at the Bombay Municipal Laboratory—"Sugar Nil." We are all exceedingly sorry that we did not consult him earlier. We wish him good health and prosperity and thank him for removing Sugar in her Urine completely."

WITHOUT DELAY

Consult personally Dr. S. R. IYENGAR, Diabetes Specialist at Dahanukar Building, 1st Floor, Kalbadevi Road, Bombay. Consultation hours 9 to 11 a.m. and 6 to 8 p.m.

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STRIKERS' MOVE FOR BOYCOTT

Appeal To Merchants Not To Order R. G. Cotton Mill Products

LUCKNOW, June 18.

Though a month has elapsed, it appears that the trial of strength between the authorities of the R. G. Cotton Mill and its strikers will not end shortly.

The breakdown of peace talks and specially the Management's alleged attempt to wriggle out of the promise held out to the strikers that the parties would place their case before an arbitration board, have exasperated the strikers and the Strike Committee has passed a resolution requesting the cloth merchants to boycott the output of the mill.

A deputation on behalf of the strikers waited on the cloth merchants who are understood to have assured them their co-operation. Meanwhile a strike fund has been opened and a defence committee formed.—United Press.

Subordinate Judge To Be Styled Civil Judge

(From Our Correspondent)

NAINITAL, June 18.

The Government of the United Provnces propose introducing a Bill to effect change in the designation of the Subordinate Judge and call him in future Civil Judge. Giving a statement of the Objects and Reasons the Home Member, Kunwar Sir Maharajsingh says that from time to time a proposal has been put forwad thta the designation of the Subordinate Judge should be changed on account of its implication of inferiority which is inconsistent with the fact that the court of the Subordinate Judge is the Ordinary Court of Original Civil Jurisdiction with unlimited purisdiction in the Agra Province and in respect of suits unto the value of Rs. 5 lacs in Oudh.

The Governor in Council in consultation with the High Court of Allahabad and the Oudh Chief Court has decided to accept the proposal, substituting Subordinate Judge with Civil Judge, the Bill being intended to give legislative effect to the change. It is likely that the measure will be passed without any opposition.

Vishva Bharathi's New Scheme Of Studies

SANTINIKETAN, June 16.

It is understood that the authorities at Santiniketan are busy formulating a regular scheme for an organisation which will direct externally the studies of people who are unable to avail of a regular school or college education and organise examinations for such students in regular centres, and that the Visva Bharathi will undertake the work in the immediate future.

A general circular to the various educational and public bodies all over the province will soon be issued by the Karma Sachiva.—United Press.

SAHARA GOLD

Emulate Mahatma In Organising Masses

PROF. RANGA'S APPEAL AT TRICHY CONFERENCE

Craik's Futile Efforts To Get Congress Support To Fight Socialism

MADRAS, June 15

"The speech of Sir Henry Craik on the Criminal Law Amendment Bill has made it perfectly clear that he was aiming at the dessimination of Socialist thought in the country, while all the time he was pretending to fight the Communist. He wanted the Congress to join hands with him in spiriting away the communist but fortunately he could not succeed in getting the Congress into his parlour, although the Congress was frightened away from standing for freedom of thought and association irrespective of the colour of the organization."

Thus declared Prof. N. G. Ranga, M.L.A., while opening the Trichy District Political Conference held yesterday at Trichinopoly.

CRAIK AND SOCIALISM

Continuing Prof. Ranga said: "I do not think that Sir Henry Craik is completely ignorant of the contents of the Communist Manifesto, although he pretended to be so, nor can I believe that he does not realise the existence of the fundamental unity of thought of ideals between Socialism and communism. I therefore fear that he intentionally abstained from distinguishing one from the other in order to be able to stifle all socialist propaganda, if and when the time most suitable for the Government comes. It is not for the Socialists to prove in what manner they can be distinguished from the Communists in order to escape from the clutches of the Simla Certified Act. It is for the Government to declare the manner in which they propose to distinguish one from the other and as long as Government fails, to do that, the one and the only conclusion any rational person can draw is that the Government is going for all Socialists. If that is not so, let the Government come out into the open and say so."

LIBERALS AND CIVIL LIBERTIES

Proceeding he said that the Liberals have fortunately advertised their lack of enthusiasm for civil liberties by their refusal to co-operate with Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru. By their silence about the fate of the unfortunate communists they are daily strengthening the hands of the Government and the vested interests and deepening the grave for Socialist cause. We must never lose sight of the fact that the Civil Liberties so far asked for by the Congress are mostly for the "Haves" and the Civil Liberties that the socialists demand are for the poor and the peasants. I therefore wish to ask our "Majority" to specify the kind of Civil Liberties they want us to fight for as otherwise their present lose talk of Socialists is likely to lose for the Congress its really living section which will soon be marched into jails.

THROUGH SATYAGRAHA

If the rich and the landed are prepared to transfer their power to the masses through Parliamentary means which is quite unlikely, it is well and good. If, however, they refuse to budge an inch and hang on to their possessions, they will have to be ejected through a resort to direct action. That can as surely be nonviolent and Satyagrahic as Mahatmaji's fight against British Imperialism."

NO DISTANT IDEAL

"It is wrong to think that Socialism is distant ideal. The persecution of the peasants and workers that is daily being carried on by our landlords and capitalists has to be stopped immediately, if only we are anxious to enable our millions to starve a little less and drink a little more pure water.

The direct and indirect taxburdens levied for the benefit of the rich and the landed are daily crushing the people under their growing weight.

TASK BEFORE US

The Socialist and his immediate task is not merely to talk of Socialism and deplore the growing degradation of the people but to immediately set his shoulder to the wheel of liberation, slowly being set into motion by the peasants oraganization in the villages and Trade Unions in towns. There is absolutely not a minute to lose for a convinced Socialist before he throws himself wholeheartedly into any of the organizations which seek to raise the status of the proletariat and end the present class-war.

EMULATE MAHATMA

Let us take a leaf from the life of Mahatma Gandhi, the tireless servant of our Daridranarain and spend ourselves unreservedly in creating the power of the masses in a dynamic and progressive manner.

Just as the Mahatma has succeeded in awakening our national consciousness so also let us in the task of awakening the class-consciousness of the people and destroying their faith in the invulnerability of the present economic and political system of exploitation."

"Let us hope", concluded Prof. Ranga, "that very soon our masses will come to recognise their true leaders and work in a class-conscious manner for the attainment of our goal."—United Press.

SELFLESS SERVICES FOR 25 YEARS

Dr. Mehta Of Navsari Maternity Hospital Honoured

(From A Correspondent.)

NAVSARI, (By Mail.)

Parsee ladies of Navsari honoured Dr. Pherozeshaw M. Mehta, on the occasion of his daughter's Navjot ceremony by presenting him an illuminated address in a silver casket and a purse.

Dr. Mehta is the Hon. Chief Medical Officer of the Navsari Parsi Lying-in Hospital, for the last 25 years, doing selfless work. The address was ready by Shrimati Baimai Daboo, with the preliminary remarks, expressing gratitude and eulogising the labour of love of Dr. Mehta.

Dr. Mehta thanked the huge gathering of ladies for the honour done to him, which he considered as of more importance than any title, that as a Zoroastrian he was proud to say, that sisters of his community had a sense of gratefulness in them, that what he achieved in face of opposition was the result of the silent blessings of the patients, and their newborn babes, and assured them that till the end of his life, he would continue to serve them as he was upto now doing.

The function terminated with a dinner provided by Dr. and Mrs. Mehta for about 1,700 guests of the evening.

ACTING MADRAS GOVERNOR

Sir K. V. Reddy Sworn-in

COTACAMUND, June 18.

A solemn and imposing ceremony marked the swearing in of Sir K. V. Reddi, Law Member at the Government House as acting Governor during the absence on leave of Lord Erskine who left for Madras this afternoon accompanied by Lady Marjorie Erskine and Major T. F. Kelly "en route" to Bombay wherefrom he sails to England on the 20th instant.

Sir K. V. Reddi received and replied to the Municipal address soon after the swearing-in ceremony.

A Gazette Extraordinary announces the appointment of Mr. C. F. Brackenbury, as acting Home Member. Mr. A. T. Pannirselvam, the present Home Member, takes charge of the Law portfolio. Mr. H. M. Hood acts as Chief Secretary in the place of Mr. Brackenbury.—A. P.

BIG WHALE CAPTURED

NOAKHALI, June 17.

A big whale about 32 feet long with a circumference of about 20 feet was captured yesterday at Koralia, eight miles south of Sandwip.

The huge fish entered into the streamlet with the water during flowtide but could not get back during the ebbtide and was consequently captured by villagers.—United Press.

TWO KILLED IN RAILWAY COLLISION

Relief Trains And Medical Aid Rushed To Kilat

NEW DELHI, June 18.

Information has been received here that two persons were killed and sixty-five injured in a Railway collision which occurred this morning at about 7 at Kelat, about 25 miles from Kurukhshetra.

It is stated that one pilgrim train which was coming from Narwana side towards Kurukshetra collided with an empty stationary train.

Medical aid was sent from Delhi and the Divisional Railway authorities have left for the place of occurrence. Two relief trains have been sent and the Kurukshetra mela authorities also have sent medical aid and staff.—United Press.

BENARES PANDAS FALL OUT

Fifteen Persons Injured

BENARES, June 17.

Fifteen persons were injured seriously as a sequel to a free fight between two parties of Jatrawala Pandas belonging to Joshi community yesterday.

It appears that professional jealousy existed between the parties which reached a climax when some of the members of one of the parties were returning after their holy bath in the Ganges some of the members of the opposite party met them on the way and attacked. This eventually ended in a free fight more people joining both sides.

The Police are investigating into the matter.—United Press.

MADRAS FISHERIES' EXPERT DEAD

COONOOR, June 18.

The death has occurred this morning of Sir Frederick Augustus Nicholson, in his ninetieth year. He was aiding for a few days from bronchial pneumonia and passed away peacefully in the presence of his wife this morning, which was the sixty-firsta anniversary of his wedding day.

He was a member of the Indian Civil Service. After retirement, he was on special duty in connection with the Madras Fisheries in 1904 and was until recently Honorary Director of the Madras Fisheries department. He evinced keen interest in the industrial development of the Presidency.—A. P.

For Possessing Unlicensed Revolver

RANGOON, June 18.

Rameschandra (38) an Indian 'sampan' plier of Dalla was sentenced to a month's rigorous imprisonment by the fifth additional magistrate, being found guilty of unlicensed possession of six-chambered revolver and 25 live cartridges which were found in a box in his house.—A. P.

POLICE OFFICIAL SUSPENDED

Sequel To Serious Allegations

MOGA, June 16.

It is reported on the basis of serious allegations made against a sub-inspector of police, the Superintendent of Police, Ferozepore has suspended him and sent him back to the police lines. Further enquiry is proceeding.—United Press.

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Bombay Chronicle

SUNDAY EDITION

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SUNDAY, 21st JUNE, 1936

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Matriculation Result Scandal

WANTED VIGILANCE COMMITTEE

What Our Readers Say

To The Editor of "The Chronicle"

Sir,—Now that the students and the general public have been awakened to the need of effective resistance to high-handedness of the University, it is very necessary that every sharer in the struggle should be wide-awake about not giving any handle to the University to dub the demonstrations as 'mob' attitude. We should definitely place ourselves, right with the general public and by our logic and reasonableness make it clear how the University rides rough-shod over the interests of which it is a porperly constituted guardian.

I would suggest that the demand for the July examination be dropped, as it would be too early, and therefore, too hasty. Instead, let us insist that the failures in the October examination be given one more chance under the old syllabuses in March 1937. Then, as regards fees, I think if there are many patriotic professors and teachers like Professor K. T. Shah and there is nothing to be paid for examiners, the University could very well waive the question of fees for the October examination, and have its full fees for the March examination, though quite apart from this restricted agitation an agitation must be kept going for a general reduction of examination fees. Similarly with some other demands, we may in the initial stages show reasonable moderation and win a large majority of the senators on our side.

If even after a most reasonable attitude on the part of the demonstrators, the University is found more adamant in its preservation of an incorrigible mentality rather than in its determination to do the right, active measures should be planned for creating a very widespread protest throughout the Presidency, and forming a strong Vigilance Committee to consider every programme and policy of the University in its incipient stages and make the pressure of public opinion felt in every meeting of the Senate, the Academic Council and the Syndicate, also to consider, What are we to do in the way of 'practical' resistance if the University does not agree even to reasonable demands of the public. A Committee composed of progressive and sympathetic members of the University Senate and the public, ever on the watch and ever ready to expose the undesirable doings of the University would be a great help in reforming the present die-hard mentality of the University. In absence of continued watchfulness on the part of the public, the University would still go on disregarding the interests of the thousands of young boys and girls and serving other interests.—Yours, etc.,

B. J. VASWANI.

Bombay, June 16.

Appeal To The Students

To The Editor of "The Chronicle."

Sir,—We, the undersigned appeal to the students of Bombay, studying in schools, colleges and other educational institutions, to attend the meeting convened by the Bombay Students' Brotherhood at the Blavatsky Lodge on Saturday the 20th June, at 6 p.m., to demonstrate their solidarity with the cause of the failed matriculates, who are the victims of an irresponsible autocracy. We further urge that the cause of the Matric students is not an isolated instance by itself, but an integral part of the whole vicious system of education.

We, therefore, appeal to all students to formulate their demands and organise themselves on that basis. Let this meeting be the first step towards the formation of such a movement to break the academic shackles which bind the students, hand and foot, to the wheels of a heartless system. What is needed to-day is a mass movement of the students which will develop and further the struggle for the realisation of these demands of the students and remedying of their grievances.

We submit that this movement should be run by the students on strictly non-sectarian and non-politican lines.

We hope that all students conscious of their rights and aware of their duties will muster strong at this meeting and make it an unqualified success.—Yours etc.,

SORAB BATLIWALLA,
INDULAL YAJNIK,
M. M. GANDHI,
S. K. SHAH,
G. C. MEHTA.

Comparison Of Five Years' Figures

To The Editor of "The Chronicle"

Sir,—Without waiting to comment upon the conduct of those who made a demonstration at and near the University Senate-meeting I give below a table of results of the Matriculation held by our University during the last six years:—

Year	No. of Candidates	No. of Successful
1931	13931	7974
1932	15477	5806
1933	17281	7639
1934	14836	8747
1935	19485	7431
1936	23882	6718

The conclusions to be drawn from the above figures are as follows:—

With the exception of the year 1934 the number of candidates increased every year by about 2,000 during the first three years as also the fifth year, i. e., 1935, while there was about cent. per cent. increase in 1936 due no doubt to the contemplated change in the curriculum. There were less candidates by nearly ten thousand in 1931 than in the current year, the total of passes was 7974 or 1265 and in 1934 with a number of nine thousand less candidates than in 1936, the number of passes was nearly two thousand more. Thus, the fact, even if admitted that owing to the decided change in the Matriculation curriculam from next year, many raw students appeared simply to try their chance, does not explain at all the alarming decrease in the number of passes this year, and there must be some other reason for the slaughter.

Now take the case of Parsi candidates. This year only 338 candidates have passed, while in 1931, as above stated, the total number of candidates was nearly ten thousand less, the number of successful Parsis was 518. Similarly in 1934 so many as 517 Parsis had passed, when the total number of candidates was nine thousand less than this year. Compared to 1931 when the total number of candidates was 13,931, the decrease of 180 this year in the number of successful Parsi candidates is really alarming, and it is the duty of heads of schools to put their heads together and make a proper representation to the University authorities. The figures leave no room for doubt that there was something wrong this year somewhere. It is the duty of our University authorities to thoroughly examine the matter. It is no use ignoring so much heart-burning and discontent.—Yours etc.,

RUSTAM B. PAYMASTER.

Dadar.

Organise The Students

To The Editor of "The Chronicle."

Sir,—The demands put forth by the failed matriculation students before the Bombay University Senate are just and appropriate. No one with a sense of justice will deny that. The demonstration was not "rowdy" and it is essential to have such demonstrations as a warning of the awakened spirit to the static brains.

The University must realise now that the students have felt the injustice intensely. They cannot tolerate this any more now. They now know what is self-respect and self-determination. If the senate refuses to hear the demands it will create bitter feelings.

The committee which is formed to represent the students must fight to finish for they have just cause and they have immense potential energy behind them. They should not accept any compromise.

If the Senate refuses to hear the demands the committee should strenuously, without any waste of time, take up the work of organising the students of the Bombay Presidency and should ask all students to boycott the Bombay University Matriculation examination and at the same time request any other University (such as Benares University) to examine our students.

If this is done we shall be able to cut the stupendous income of the Bombay University and this cut in the income is sure to bring the authorities round. I think this is the only way to make such bodies hear the demands for whom they stand.

So, I emphatically request the Committee members to organise the students world, ask them not to appear in the forthcoming matriculation examination and request any other University to take the matriculation examination of our students.—Yours, etc.,

R. PATEL.

The Anomaly

To The Editor, of "The Chronicle."

Sir,—I shall thank you to insert these few lines in your worthy paper. The results of the last Matriculation Examination, are quite appalling. It is foolhardy to say that it is the result of the weakness of the students only. The students, in fact, sent up for the University Examination, are selected by the Principals of the schools after rigorous test Exam. Hence can any one with sense say that the fault entirely lies with the students only if they are unsuccessful in the University Examination?

The remedy for the present anomaly would be to grace the students who have failed in one subject only by allowing 5 to 10 per cent. marks. Or in the alternative to examine them in the subjects in which they have been declared unsuccessful. I hope this suggestion will meet with the approval of the University authorities, as it will help to ameliorate the lot of the poor students who I think are victims of the whims of the examiners.—Yours, etc.,

V. T. M.

Bombay, June 16.

Versowa's Loyalty To Congress

To The Editor of "The Chronicle."

Sir,—Your correspondent from Vile Parle is ill-informed. His report under the above heading published in your to-day's issue contains many incorrect statements. In the first place let me tell you that I was present when Mr. C. D. Barfivala, President, District Local Board, and the Chief Officer of the Board came to Versova. They came there to attend a meeting of the Committee appointed by the Board for Village Improvement. The meeting was convened to consider the advisability of constructing further drains for Versova and for keeping a sweeper to cleanse the gutters and the streets. Some mischief-makers, however, spread the rumour that the meeting was for establishing a Municipality and to tax the people. Mr. Barfivala explained to the people that their information was false. People were then satisfied.

There was absolutely no political demonstration whatsoever. Your correspondent is ignorant of the present political trend at Versova.

As regards Mr. Barfivala's candidature to the Bombay Provincial Legislative Assembly, my information is that Congress has not adopted any candidate for the Suburbs. I understand that Mr. Barfivala is trying to stand on Congress ticket. I have nothing to say in the matter. I would, however, warn Mr. Barfivala that if he cares to canvas votes from Versova people, he will succeed more as an Independent than as a Congress candidate.—Yours, etc.,

M. RANADIVE.

4 Anna Taxis

To The Editor of "The Chronicle."

Sir,—From the announcement by the Secretary, Bombay Taxi Drivers' Union in the press it would appear as if the members of this Union have generally adopted the 4-anna rate and they carry the indicating flag.

As a matter of fact very few taxis are available for this rate.

On the 6th instant I tried to find a taxi with the "flag" at the V. T. station but could find none.

My experience at the Flora Fountain stand, the Warden Road stand and the Walkeshwar Road stand was just the same.

A taxi driver at Warden Road stand told me he was a member of the Union but as his master was not he had not adopted the 4-anna rate.

I do not know if the "flags" are easily removable so that they can be put on or removed when the driver desires.

Would not the fixing of the flags in a more permanent manner ensure the benefit of the flag rate to the public?—Yours, etc.,

"TAXI-USER."

Bombay, June 18.

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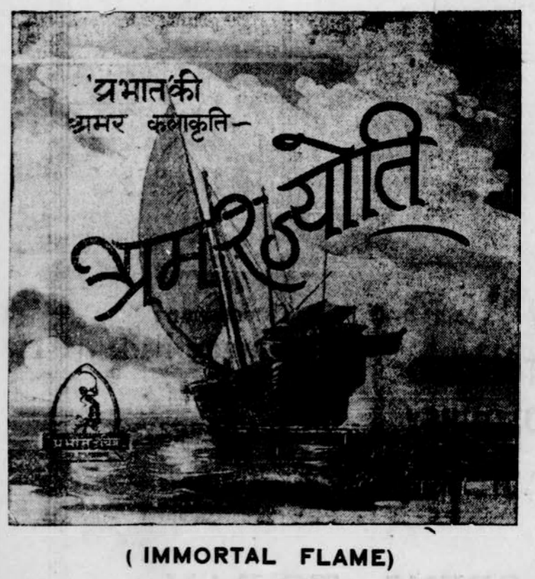

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Port Trust Decides To Demolish It—And Get Rs. 3,500

Property worth nearly Rs. 2 lacs sold off for Rs. 3,500! Not in the Chor Bazar or at Nal Bazar, but at the Mole by the Bombay Port Trust!

The statement may sound strange, nevertheless it is true. At a meeting of the Trustees of the Bombay Port Trust, held some time ago, it was resolved to demolish the Hostel at the Mole to make room for parking cars.

The hostel building was erected in 1920 at a cost of Rs. 1,90,000 to meet the then urgent need for sleeping accommodation for ocean-going passengers. After 16 years the building is disposed of for the paltry sum of Rs. 3,500!

It is stated that the frame-work of this building was made of jungle wood. If so how did it come to cost the Bombay Port Trust Rs. 1,90,000 is a mystery.

The Trust removed the bath-tubs, wash-hand basins, etc. to Fosebury House, which is a property of the Bombay Port Trust, built for the accommodation of its officers, and realised only Rs. 3,500 as demolition value of the building.

History of the Building.

The ground of this building, when the structure is demolished, will provide three carriage entrances. It will cost the Bombay Port Trust Rs. 500 to level the area and another sum of Rs. 1,400 to provide suitable lights, etc. This sum of Rs. 1,900 will come from the money realised by the demolished structure, viz: Rs. 3,500, which originally cost that body Rs. 1,90,000!

Would any landlord in the city or anywhere else in the world sell a structure on which he spent Rs. 1,90,000 for Rs. 3,500? But this is what has actually been done in the Bombay Port Trust.

An enquiry from one of the old trustees, however, shows, that this structure of Rs. 1,90,000 at the Ballard Pier was sanctioned by the ten trustees to save the Bombay Trust a huge sum of Rs. 2 crores.

He explained that it was the intention of the Chairman and some of the trustees then to build a huge hotel at Ballard Pier at a cost of Rs. 2 crores. Some of the Trustees felt that it would be ruinous and disastrous to the finances of the Bombay Port Trust if the hotel was built and to divert their interest approved of the lesser evil which would put them out of pocket to the tune of Rs. 2 lacs only and not Rs. 2 crores.

Students Who Was Saved From Robbers

(From A Correspondent.)

Mr. Y. D. Chitale, a senior B.A. student of the Elphinstone College and the younger brother of Mr. S. D. Chitale and Mr. V. D. Chitale, died on Tuesday night after a brief illness from typhoid.

He was very popular among the student world. Only some three months back he was attacked by robbers and was pluckily saved. He was congratulated by his numerous friends, admirers and well-wishers on his escape but merciless fate wished other wise.

Lt. Kelly Dead

LUCKNOW, June 19.

Lt. R. J. B. Kelly, who was seriously injured in a motor accident yesterday, died this morning of fracture of the base of the skull. The funeral takes place this evening with full military honours.—A. P.

"MISPLACED MERCY"

Executive's Action Against Engineer Criticised

(From Our Correspondent)

POONA, June 18.

The alleged misappropriation of municipal money by a former engineer-in-charge of the low level pumping station, formed the subject of discussion at the adjourned general meeting of the Poona City Municipality on Wednesday evening.

It was alleged that Mr. Keskar, the engineer-in-charge, prepared false muster rolls in May 1934 to show that Rs. 211-4-0 was paid to three labourers as salary for April. The municipal auditor and the engineer, it is alleged, found that the muster rolls were not in order and that the amount shown as paid had been misappropriated.

The Standing Committee of the Municipality decided to recover the money from Mr. Keskar and to dismiss him from service.

No Mercy

The Government auditor objected to the procedure holding that the matter should have been placed before the general meeting. In the opinion of the Government auditor, any mercy shown in this case would be misplaced.

When the subject came up for discussion on Wednesday, there was much criticism of the municipal authorities action in bringing the matter to the notice of the general body only after two years.

It was finally decided to file the matter. In the event of repetition of such cases, they were to be brought to the notice of the general body.

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Reforms Unworkable; But Elections Must Be Fought

MUSLIM LEAGUE PARLIAMENTARY BOARD'S MANIFESTO

The following is the text of the manifesto of the Muslim Parliamentary Board:—

The advent and announcement of the Minto-Morley Reforms brought home to the leaders of Mussalmans the necessity of starting a Muslim political organisation and thus was founded the All-India Muslim League at Dacca in December 1906. The League adopted its creed and ideal definitely in December 1912 and altered its constitution, having for its aims and objects full responsible government for India with adequate and effective safeguards for Mussalmans; to protect and advance the political, religious and other rights and interests of Indian Mussalmans; to promote friendship and union between Mussalmans and other communities in India; and to maintain and strengthen brotherly relations between the Mussalmans of India and those of other countries.

The League has been faithfully and loyally acting in accordance with these fundamental principles ever since. During the period of existence of the Minto-Morley constitution the League continued its development from time to time and represented and voiced the true feelings and opinions of Mussalmans.

As time went on the co-operation and help of prominent leaders of India—particularly of that great man, the late Maharaja of Mohummadabad, whose selfless devotion, patriotic fervour and single-mindedness of purpose gave the League such strength of power and support—enabled the League to reach the zenith of its ascendency and accomplish what is one of the greatest beacon lights in the constitutional history of India, namely, the Lucknow Pact, which is known as the "League-Congress Pact", in 1916. This pact will go down in Indian history as a landmark in the political evolution of the country, as a signal proof of the identity of purposes, earnestness and co-operation between the two great sections of the people of India in the task of the attainment of responsible government.

But the pact was not the last word on the question of adjustment of political differences between Hindus and Mussalmans. Nor was it even intended or could be so considered in the new circumstances that arose and developed since then.

The national demand for complete responsible government after the Montague-Chelmsford Reforms became more and more insistent. From 1921 onward Mussalmans stood shoulder to shoulder with their sister communities and did not lag behind in their patriotic co-operation with Hindus.

But, as a minority, they maintain the principle that their position in any future political constitutional structure should be protected and safeguarded. Here it might be stated that at first sight it may appear to an amateur politician that such a demand savours of communalism; but in reality to those who understand the political and constitutional history of the world it must be evident that it is not only natural but is essential to ensure the wholehearted and willing co-operation of the minorities who must be made to feel that they can rely upon the majority with a complete sense of confidence and security.

LEAGUE'S AIMS.

In the various steps that followed the deliberations and collaborations that took place, the League has always stood for full responsible Government for India and unflinchingly stands for the same ideal. It deplores that as a result of the Round Table Conference, the British Parliament has forced upon the people of India the constitution embodied in the Government of India Act of 1935. Its attitude towards the constitution is defined by its resolutions passed at the sessions of the All-India Muslim League to the following effect:

REFORMS UNWORKABLE.

"While it accepts the Communal Award till a substitute is agreed upon between the communities concerned, it emphatically protests against the constitution embodied in the Government of India Act of 1935 being forced upon the people of India against their will and in spite of their repeated disapproval and dissent expressed by the various parties and bodies in the country. The League considers that having regard to the conditions prevailing at present in the country, the provincial scheme of the constitution be utilised for what it is worth, in spite of the most objectionable features contained therein, which render real control and responsibility of the Ministry and Legislature over the entire field of Government and administration nugatory. The League is clearly of opinion that the All-India Federal scheme of Central Government embodied in the Government of India Act of 1935 is fundamentally bad. It is most reactionary, retrograde, injurious and fatal to the vital interests of British India 'vis-a-vis' Indian States and it is calculated to thwart and delay indefinitely the realisation of India's most cherished goal of complete responsible Government and it is totally unacceptable.

"The League considers that the British Parliament should still take the earliest opportunity to review the whole situation afresh regarding the central scheme before it is inaugurated or else the League feel convinced that the present scheme will not bring peace and contentment to the people but on the contrary it will lead to disaster if forced upon and persisted in as it is entirely unworkable in the interests of India and her people."

ELECTION BOARD.

But as the provincial scheme embodied in the Government of India Act is going to be enforced in the course of next year, the League decided that having regard to the conditions prevailing at present in the country, the provincial scheme of constitution be utilised for what it is worth. In view of this decision, the League further decided that a Central Election Board be formed with power to constitute and affiliate provincial election boards in the various provinces.

The inauguration of the Montagu-Chelmsford scheme of constitution and the working thereof has developed and brought forth various forces, and it appears that such power as was available under that scheme has been captured in various provinces by the reactionary and conservative element in combination with a coterie of men whose sole aim and object is to secure offices and places for themselves wherever and whenever available. This has suited Government and these two classes have received every encouragement and support, with the result that they have not only been a hindrance and an obstacle in the way of independent and progressive intelligentsia, but the people generally have been exploited. Thus was created a double domination of reactionary forces and imperialistic power. Our aim is that this domination must cease.

The present political situation has been aptly described by the President of the last session of the All-India Muslim League in the following words:—

"New problems have arisen today. It is not a question of educating the middle class of Muslims in India on western lines and providing them with jobs. It is not a question of infusing in them ideals of Victorian Liberalism. On the contrary, the present conditions compel us to go much deeper into the problems of the entire social regeneration of seventy millions of Muslims, of extricating them from the terrible poverty, degradation and backwardness into which they have fallen, and giving them at least the rudiments of civilised existence and making them free citizens of a free land. We must realise, as people of other countries have realised, that a change is necessary and that unless such a change is soon made the whole of this social structure must come down with a crash which will involve the extinction of not only the educated section of our people but also of all privileged classes whether they hold privileges by reason of caste, land or money. The foundations of the superstructure in which we are living to-day were laid centuries ago, and it is but natural that those foundations have ceased to be stable now. It is the duty, if it is not only an obligation created by motives of self-interest, of all of us, educated classes, capitalists and land-holders, to lay the foundations of a new structure Of course, in order that this effort must fructify, sacrifices will have to be made on the part of all. Let me tell you that the building of such a social edifice will be more glorious, more humane and more just than the building of an Empire"

NO EXPROPRIATION

But at the same time we must make it clear that the League is opposed to any movement that aims at expropriation of private property. The main principles on which we expect our representatives in the various legislatures to work will be:—

(1) That the present provincial constitution and the proposed central constitution should be replaced immediately by full democratic self-government; and

(2) that in the meantime the representatives of the Muslim League in the various legislatures will utilize the legislatures in order to extract the maximum benefit out of the constitution for the uplift of the people in various spheres of national life.

The Muslim League party will be formed as a corollary so long as separate electorates exist, but they would be free to co-operate with any group or groups whose aims and ideals are approximately the same as those of the League Party.

The League appeals to Mussalmans not to permit themselves to be exploited on economic or any other grounds which will break up the solidarity of the community.

IMMEDIATE PROGRAMME

The Muslim League Parliamentary Board adopts the following programmes for the ensuing elections:

1. To protect religious rights of Muslims. In all matters of purely religious character due weight shall be given to opinions of Jamiat-ul-Ulema-i-Hind and Mujtahids.
2. To make every effort to secure repeal of all repressive laws.
3. To resist all measures which are detrimental to the interest of India, which encroach upon fundamental liberties of the people and lead to economic exploitation of the country.
4. To reduce the heavy cost of the administrative machinery, Central and Provincial, and allocate substantial funds for the nation-building developments.
5. To nationalise Indian army and reduce military expenditure.
6. To encourage development of industries including cottage industries.
7. To regulate currency exchange and price in the interest of the economic development of the country.
8. To stand for the social, educational and economic uplift of rural population.
9. To sponsor measures for the relief of agricultural indebtedness.
10. To make elementary education free and compulsory.
11. To protect and promote Urdu language and script.
12. To devise measures for the general amelioration of the condition of Muslims.
13. To take steps to reduce the heavy burden of taxation; and
14. To create healthy public opinion and general political consciousness in the country.

WORK IN LEGISLATURES.

Defining the main work in the legislatures the manifesto concludes:—

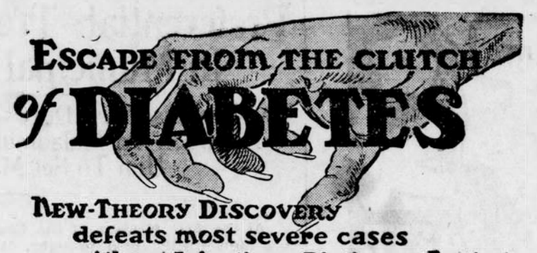
"The main principles on which we expect our representatives in various legislatures to work will be:

1. That the present Provincial Constitution and the proposed Central Constitution should be replaced immediately by democratic full self-government and that.
2. In the meantime the representatives of the Muslim League in various legislatures will utilise the legislatures in order to extract the maximum benefit out of the Constitution for the uplift of the people in various spheres of national life.

A Muslim League Party must be formed as corollary so long as separate electorates exist but they would be free to co-operate with any group or groups whose aims and ideals are approximately the same as those of the All-India Muslim League. The League appeals to the Muslims that they should not permit themselves to be exploited on economic or any other ground, which will break up the solidarity of the community.

MR. JINNAH AS PRESIDENT

The Central Parliamentary Board, elected Mr. M. A. Jinnah as President, Raja Sahib of Mahmudabad, Treasurer, and Mr. Abdul Matin Chaudhry, M. L. A., as Secretary.



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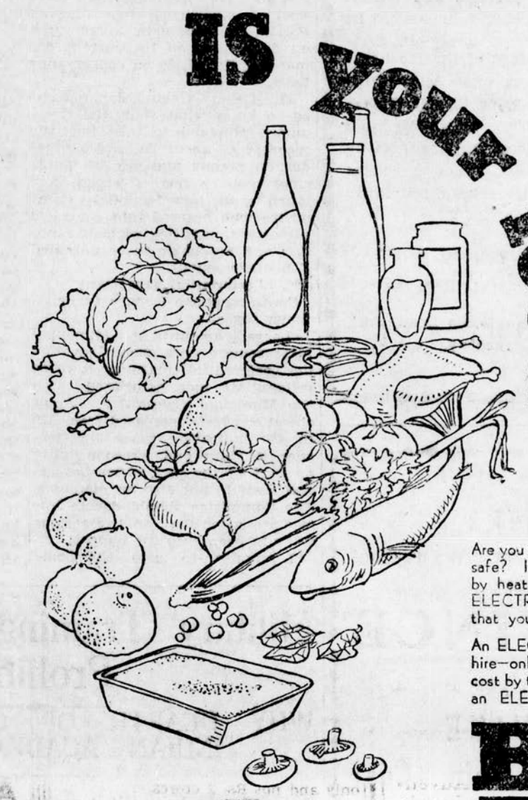

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Preferential Treatment In Municipal Tax Collection

Dy. Commissioner Draws Jubbulpore President's Attention To Maladministration And Urges Him To Set Matters Right

JUBBULPORE: June 18.

At the first meeting of the General Committee of the Jubbulpore Municipality, held to-night, Mr. D. P. Mishra read a letter from Mr. W. V. Grigson, Deputy Commissioner, congratulating him and his two Vice-Presidents and appending separate notes of the examiner of the Local Fund Accounts pointing out serious maladministration of the Municipal affairs during the period Mr. Mishra was not in office.

The notes, said the Deputy Commissioner, instead of showing improvement in the Municipal administration disclosed worse state of affairs and only sustained and most serious effects, and the office-bearers could set matters al-right The Municipal staff were working inefficiently by allowing Rs. 21,420 to remain unrecovered on April 1 out of the current demand of Rs. 57,430 on conservancy taxes.

The Deputy Commissioner wished to know what steps the Committee proposed to take for the recovery of about Rs. 55,000 overdue on premia and sale of Municipal plots, a few of which were taken by the members of the Committee who entered into contracts with the Committee without sanction and are liable to be unseated if not prosecuted.

Preferential Treatment

Continuing the Deputy Commissioner says:—

"Large amounts of Municipal taxes remain unrecovered suggesting preferential treatment towards influential men associated with the Municipal Committee. Audit objections have increased from 329 to 400 indicating grave indifference to duty and irresponsibility on part of the past office-bearers and staff if not also on members. The Committee should devote immediate attention to the serious delay in preparing the budget.

"I promise to give the Committee every possible backing if they zealously try to set matters in order and give the City that first class Municipal administration which is essential to the second City in Central Provinces and one of the largest Cities of India.

Committee's Functions

"I am not concerned with Municipal politics or with the general political views of the office-bearers and a majority of members. I see them consicentiously trying to put their house in order. They can rely on my fullest support and I appeal to them to remember that the function of a Municipal Committee is to adequately administer the City with due regard to the amenities of City life and the interests of rate-payers. I look confidently to you personally to do your utmost to achieve these objects. Wish you all success in the discharge of your responsible office."

On reading the letter the President said that he fully concurred with the Deputy Commissioner's remarks about the maladministration of the past year and appealed to the Committee to give them their fullest co-operation in giving the City an efficient and honest administration. He reminded the members that not only the tax-payers and Government but the whole country was watching them and they could not afford to fail.—United Press.

Military Training Is Prohibitively Costly

WHY DEARTH OF CANDIDATES FOR INDIAN ACADEMY ARISES

Sardar Mangalsingh Criticises 'Varsity Education

LAHORE, (By Mail).

Sardar Mangal Singh, M.L.A., writes:—

The late Commander-in-Chief, Sir Phillip Chetwode, speaking in the Council of State said "it was no disparagement to the coming generation of the Indian Commissioned Officers to say that we have not got in India, as we have in England, a large supply of young men with long traditions of leadership in the Army behind them; and, therefore, there must be an element not of distrust, but at least of doubt, as to the success of the experiment upon which the Government is fully launched."

EDUCATION TO BLAME.

This view was further explained and emphasised by the honourable the Army Secretary in the Legislative Assembly by saying that for the 30 "open" competitive yearly vacancies suitable candidates are not forthcoming in sufficient numbers so as to make a selection from out of a large number of good candidates. I had the opportunity of personally seeing these things at a close quarter as a member of the Interview and Record Board for the admission examination to the I.M.A. and I.F.A. this year. On the strength of my personal experience I have not the slightest hesitation in saying that there is some force and justification for the official complaint, but I must hasten to say that it is no fault of our youth, who is as intelligent, hard-working, and smart as any boy anywhere. He only misses the necessary opportunities that can equip him with requisite qualities that go to make a good Army Officer. I must straightaway say that our early education does not at all help the boy to qualify himself to prepare for the competitive examination. Our University education only helps the boy to pass examinations, but it does in no way help him to develop his personality and aptitude for leadership and initiative, which are regarded as necessary qualities of an efficient Army Officer, whose occupation is now-a-days very serious and technical and calls for a high degree of intelligence and quick power of decision.

HIGH COST OF TRAINING.

Those parents or guardians, therefore, who want to prepare their sons or wards for the admission examination to the I.M.A. and I.F.A. have perforce to send them to those schools and colleges which are run especially for this purpose. At present there are only two such institutions at Dehra Dun where the boys are taken at the age of 12 years and kept there up to the age of 19 years. But the expenses at these institutions are so high that it is quite impossible for a parent of moderate means to send their boys to them. The expenses on an average come to about Rs. 2,000 per year and for 7 years' stay at the college the parents have to find Rs. 14,000. If the boy is bright and lucky enough to succeed in joining the Academy his parent is further required to spend from Rs. 5,000 to Rs. 6,000 for the expenses at the Academy and also to execute a security bond under which he has to guarantee, in certain circumstances to refund the cost of his training at the Academy. Under these conditions it is just possible that after the boy has spent Rs. 20,000 on his education, his parent may be required to pay from Rs. 5,000 to Rs. 6,000 more and the boy comes home without the commission. It is certain that only a small percentage of boys from these special institutions succeed in getting admission to the I.M.A.

It may be imagined that under the circumstances only very rich people could afford to take this risk of spending Rs. 20,000 on their sons to qualify the boys for a Military career. The sons of the Viceroy's Commissioned Officers and parents of moderate means cannot even think of aspiring to join these special educational institutions. If the cost of the education is not considerably cheapened so as to make it possible for the middle class boys to avail of the facilities provided by these institutions the officer ranks of the Army would become the close preserve of the high born and wealthy.

A FEW SUGGESTIONS.

In this connection I would suggest the following steps:—

The first thing to be done at once, therefore, is to take suitable steps to reduce the cost of education at the Prince of Wales Royal Indian Military College Dehra Dun.

The second step should be to considerably raise the educational standard of the King George's Royal Indian Military Schools so that the boys from these schools should be in a position to sit in the "open" competitive examination. These schools have been opened specially to prepare the sons of the Indian Military Officers Soldiers to prepare them for career in the Army, but so far not a single boy from these schools has appeared in the open competitive examination. Here was the best material for the Army Officers, but these boys have been prevented from competing for these examinations. It is most ungrateful on the part of the Government that the sons of those brave officers and men be in a way disqualified for competing for these positions whose sacrifices and deeds of valour compelled the British Government to grant King's Commission to Indians after the Great War.

I appeal to the Military authorities to take suitable steps to raise the standard of education of these schools to such an extent that the students from these schools should be properly equipped with all those qualities which are necessary to favourably compete for the I.M.A. admission examinations.

'VARSITY CORPS.

The third step is the opening of the Army classes in the colleges to prepare the boys for the I.M.A. competitive examination. Such a class is working very well at the Government College, Lahore. Next to the Prince of Wales Royal Indian Military College this class is producing very good results at practically no or very little expenses. It is compulsory for the members of this class to join the U.T.C. The college has a tutor for this class who gives them 5 lectures every week on English Geography and General Knowledge in addition to their general class work.

Fourth step that I would suggest is that arrangements should be made for the teaching of the subject of Military Science in all the Universities. The Punjab University curriculum provides for the teachings of the Military Science but no arrangements have been so far made. Let the Punjab University take the lead in this matter.

Fifth step is the establishment of Army leagues in different provinces to popularise Army Officers career and attract the best material available from amongst the College Students.

RARE WORKS IN ARABIC AND PERSIAN

Mysore Muslim Priest's Gift To Vellore College

VELLORE, (By Mail).

His Holiness Hazrat Sayyad Azad Peeran Sahib Azad Kadiri, the Muslim High Priest of Mysore has presented a valuable library of over 3,000 books in Persian, Arabic and Urdu to the Latifia Arabic College, Vellore.

The library includes rare works in Persian and Arabic in manuscripts and is valued at about Rs. 10,000.

His Highness Hazrat Sayyad Shah Abdul Fateh Maulanad Maulvi Abdur Kadir Sahib, High Priest of Vellore, and President of the Latifia Arabic College, has expressed his appreciation of the Mysore High Priest's generosity and thanked the High Priest for his gift.—United Press.

QUADRUPLE TRAGEDY IN RAMNAD VILLAGE

MADURA, June 18.

A quadruple tragedy resulting in the death of a father, son and his wife (members of an Agambadiya Hindu family) and a Samiyar (mendicant) conducting charitable watersheds is reported from Avanaipatti village in Tiruppatur taluk, Ramnad district. The tragedy took place on the midnight of June 16 but was discovered only yesterday by pedestrians who were shocked to see the dead bodies of the four victims with heads severed from their trunks lying in a pool of blood inside a shed.

Police are investigating but so far there is no trace of the culprits.—A. P.

One Year For Possession Of Revolver

CALCUTTA, June 18

Shaik Basarat, alias Ismail, was sentenced to one year rigorous imprisonment by the Chief Presidency Magistrate for possessing one pistol without licence. He was arrested by a Port Police constable at Kidderpore on May 17 last.—United Press.

Cholera In Hoshiarpur

HOSHIARPUR, June 16.

Cholera has broken out in the city. Some cases are reported from Bahadurpore ward. The Municipal Health authorities are taking vigorous steps to check the spread of the disease. The health officer has prohibited the sale of all kinds of melons, etc.—United Press.

Deshbandhu Das Anniversary Day was celebrated at Bordi in the S. P. Hakimji High School, Bordi, on Tuesday when Mr. Javadekar and Mr. Joshi, Editors, "Loka Shakti", Poona, spoke on the "Life and Work of the late Mr. C. R. Das".

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A MESSAGE TO THOSE WHO ARE TOO OLD AT *FORTY!*

YOUR HEART IS WEAK BECAUSE YOUR ARTERIES ARE BEING STRANGLED

Your trouble is

HIGH BLOOD PRESSURE

and it is robbing you of YOUTH, VIGOUR and LIFE

FORTY has been described as being the "Summer-time of Maturity." But at Forty thousands of men and women face Premature Old Age. All the ambitions, the vigour, the joys of life have left them. Neither work nor play holds any interest. Why should this be? The cause of the trouble is easy to locate. There is no need to look any further than the heart. That organ has become weak. Being weak it fails to do its job properly. Its job is to pump life-giving blood to every part of the body to renew and re-invigorate 24 thousand million body cells.

What is Weakening Your Heart?

If you can imagine *thousands of miles* of tubing called Arteries through which the Heart has to pump 8 tons of blood every day, you will gain some idea of the Heart's task during life. At Forty, lime salts deposits in the Arteries cause them to narrow and lose their elasticity. The normal flow of blood being restricted, the Heart is forced to pump harder. Eventually this leads to Heart Weakness and Heart Failure.

The Whole Body Suffers.

As the duty of the blood is to renew and re-invigorate the vital body cells, it naturally follows that if the cells are deprived of proper nourishment, both body and brain must suffer. You become "*Too Old at Forty*," a tragic spectacle.

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The chief constituent of 'Phyllosan' Tablets is a vegetable extract described by eminent scientists as being "The Most Wonderful Substance in our World." This substance takes the carbon, nitrogen, salts, and water absorbed by the plants and under the influence of sunlight TRANSFORMS THIS 'INTO LIVING MATERIAL STORED WITH VITAL ENERGY. Dr. Buergi, M.D., of Berne University, Switzerland, under whose personal supervision 'Phyllosan' Tablets are prepared, spent 15 years' critical research before he succeeded in isolating this wonderful substance without detriment to its vitalizing power.

'PHYLLOSAN' TABLETS INCREASE ALL YOUR PHYSICAL AND VITAL FORCES IRRESPECTIVE OF AGE.

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"I am 33 years of age and weighed 14 stone 10 lbs., yet my height was only 5 ft. 6 ins. I was looking older than my age. For about five months I kept up the 'daily dose' of Kruschen and I could see each week a gradual improvement all round. My friends, unaware of what I was doing, noticed this alteration of form, and in time it became quite a mystery that I should lose some 2 1/2 stone so perfectly. My appearance and body form have improved so much that I look 10 years younger. I certainly feel it. I did not diet at all, nor did I do any special exercises to reduce my weight."—A.A.D.

Kruschen is based on scientific principles—it is an ideal blend of mineral salts found in the aperient waters of European Spas resorted to by the wealthy for the reduction of excess weight. These Salts help glands, nerves, blood and body organs to function properly and maintain a splendid degree of robust, rugged health.

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TRADE AND FINANCE

Money In Demand For Jute Exports

Depreciation Of Gold Currencies

SILVER MARKET QUIET

Weekly Market Reviews

(From Our Special Correspondent.)
Bombay, June 19.

MONEY.

Money was a shade steadier during the week, inter-bank call rate being quoted at 3/4 per cent. The trade demand for funds was largely on Calcutta account, where Jute exports appear on the move. Government through the purchase of £1 million sterling put Rs. 1.33 crores on the market; and Treasury Bill maturities amounted to Rs. 1 crore, thus there was a nett influx of Rs. 2.33 crores. Fixed deposit rates were unchanged: 3 months at 3/4 per cent. 6 months at 1 per cent and 12 months at 1 1/2 per cent.

RESERVE BANK.

The Reserve Bank of India statement for the week ended June 12, 1936 shows an increase of Rs. 72.99 lakhs in the total notes issued against an almost corresponding increase of Rs. 72.92 lakhs in Rupee Coin. Notes in circulation declined by Rs. 100.84 lakhs, while those held in the Banking Department improved by Rs. 173.83 lakhs. Sterling securities were unchanged at Rs. 68.31 crores, whereas Rupee securities slightly increased by Rs. 0.07 lakhs to Rs. 23.47 crores. Government Deposits, which include Rs. 6.6 lakhs held in London on account of the High Commissioner, are up by Rs. 40.87 lakhs and Banks' Deposits by Rs. 227.04 lakhs. Balances held abroad rose by Rs. 97.63 lakhs to Rs. 15.59 crores. Investments are unchanged at Rs. 6.12 crores and Other Assets show a recession of Rs. 10.06 lakhs to Rs. 71.71 lakhs. The bank rate is unchanged at 3 per cent.

IMPERIAL BANK.

The Imperial Bank of India statement as on June 12, 1936 shows an increase of Rs. 2.07 crores in the total cash balance of the bank to Rs. 16.16 crores. Securities held by the bank are further down by Rs. 99.72 lakhs. Loans, Cash Credits and Bills Discounted declined by Rs. 27.58 lakhs, Rs. 35.60 lakhs and Rs. 62.56 lakhs respectively. Deposits on all accounts show a fall of Rs. 19.08 lakhs to Rs. 77.26 crores. It is understood that the Imperial Bank of India advance rate is unchanged at 3 per cent.

GILTEDGED MARKET.

Gilt-edged opened steady and after a temporary set-back in mid-week due to heavy general selling, the market improved and closed steadier. 3 1/2 per cent Rupee Paper after declining from Rs. 99 to as low as Rs. 98-1 advanced to Rs. 98-12. The carry-over difference in 3 1/2 per cent Rupee Paper which was about three annas against sellers for a long time dwindled to about half an anna at the last settlement. Other scrips ruled steady with little doing. 2 3/4 per cent 1948-52 loan closed at Rs. 100-5; 3 per cent 1941 loan at Rs. 104-8; 3 per cent 1957-54 loan at Rs. 103-6; 3 1/2 per cent 1947-50 loan at Rs. 106-14 and 4 per cent 1943 bonds at Rs. 110-12. 4 per cent 1960-70 loan moved between Rs. 115 and Rs. 114-13; 4 1/2 per cent 1955-60 loan between Rs. 119-4 and Rs. 119-2 and 5 per cent 1945-55 (Tax free) loan between Rs. 120-8 and Rs. 120-6. 5 per cent 1939-44 loan showed little change at Rs. 108-7 and 5 per cent 1940-43 loan at Rs. 110-11. 5 1/2 per cent 1938-40 loan is quoted at Rs. 107-8.

EXCHANGE.

Sterling exchange was quite steady with sellers at 1s. 6 3/32d and buyers at 1s. 6 1/8d. Fresh business for export of gold was largely forward and there was a moderate showing of merchandise export bills, mainly from Calcutta. Tenders to Government this week amounted to £1,245,000 of which approximately 80 per cent were accepted at 1s. 6 1/8d.

Uncertainty in foreign exchanges in London continues, and fluctuations during the week were erratic. Sterling in terms of gold currencies tended to depreciate early in the week, but strengthened at mid-week. Towards the close, however, it again weakened. The London/New York cross-rate after declining from dol 5.02 1/4 to dol 5.01 1/2 improved to dol. 5.04 1/4, closing at 5.03. The French Franc opened at Frs. 76.28 and after improving to Frs. 76.10 weakened to Frs. 76.61, closing at Frs. 76.38. The belga and the guilder moved between 29.82 1/2 and 29.65 and 7.46 1/4 and 7.41 1/4 respectively. The Italian lira fluctuated between 64.06 and 63.87.

GOLD.

Gold moved narrowly early in the week, the quotation for ready ranging between Rs. 34-4-9 and Rs. 34-4. On Wednesday owing to a sharp appreciation of sterling in terms of gold currencies the rate for ready touched Rs. 34-2-9 on general selling. The decline was short-lived as sterling tended to depreciate and the quotation moved up, finally closing at Rs. 34-4. Most of the fresh business done was for forward, and the turnover was better than last week. The daily arrivals average about 15,000 tolas and stocks on hand aggregate about 1 lakh tolas. The offtake averages about 2,000 tolas a day. Shipments per s.s. "Chitral" to London last week were valued at Rs. 91.86 lakhs and per s.s. "Pres. Van Buren" to New York at Rs. 6.87 lakhs. In London the price of gold after declining from 138s. 9d. to 138s. 6 1/2d. improved to 138s. 9d. on Monday last, but eased off to 138s. 3d. At the close it advanced to 138s. 7d. The price of sovereigns was steady around Rs. 22-4 for ready and forward. The highest and lowest rates in our market were Rs. 34-4-9 and Rs. 34-2-9 for ready. Rs. 34-5-0 and Rs. 34-3-0 for July 6 and August 4 settlements. The total imports of gold amounted to Rs. 1,75,645 in bar and coin.

SILVER.

Silver was steady during the first half of the week, the quotation for ready moving between Rs. 49-10 and Rs. 49-5. Thereafter the market developed an easier tendency in the absence of any stimulating news from other centres, and ready dropped and closed at Rs. 48-10. At lower levels some demand for spot was noticeable. Stocks on hand aggregate about 14,000 bars, while the offtake, including that for settlement, averages about 240 bars a day. Silver on route to Bombay is valued at £219,600. Yesterday's shipment arrival per s.s. 'Maloja' is valued at £88,900. The total imports during the week amounted to about 2,900 bars and Rs. 7,030 in coin. The highest and lowest rates in London were 19 7/8d and 19 5/8d. for spot and 19 15/16d. and 19 11/16d. for two months forward; and those in our market were Rs. 49-10 and Rs. 48-9 for ready. Rs. 49-11 and Rs. 48-10 for July 8 settlement and Rs. 49-12 and Rs. 48-11 for August 7 settlement. The Shanghai dollar was steady throughout at 1/2 3/8.

SHARES.

The Stock Exchange ruled firm during the week with minor reactionary set-backs. Steels advanced further on general buying: Defds. from Rs. 685 to Rs. 715xd and Ordys. from Rs. 178-4 to Rs. 181-4xd. Hydro-electrics came in for good inquiry and prices were marked up: Tata Powers improved from Rs. 1612-8 to Rs. 1660 and Andhra Valleys from Rs. 1617-8 to Rs. 1656-4. Mill shares after moving up weakened at the close: Bombay Dyeing after rising from Rs. 655 to Rs. 671-4 closed at Rs. 661-4. Centurys closed at Rs. 135. Central Indias at Rs. 223-2. Kohinoors at Rs. 206-4 and New Greats at Rs. 108-2. Bank and Railway shares were steady: Imperials fully paid changed hands at Rs. 1,575; Reserves at Rs. 131; And. Prantij at Rs. 905 and Tapti Valleys were in demand at Rs. 786-4. Cement shares except for a minor set-back on profit-taking, ruled steady: Bundis closed at Rs. 37-10; Indians at Rs. 522-8; Shahabads at Rs. 496-14 and Uniteds at Rs. 145. Among Miscellaneous, Belapurs and Bombay Burmas looked up, the former to Rs. 168-12 and the latter to Rs. 458-12.

LONDON SHARE QUOTATIONS

Bombay, June 16

Messrs. Lewis and Jones, Bombay, have received the following quotations by cable from their London Agents:

Names.	Latest prices. £
Rosterman Gold Mining Ordinary	0 7 6
London Tin Corporation	0 6 3
Turner and Newall	3 17 9
Associated Electric Industries	2 7 6
Attock Oil	0 19 3
Associated Portland Cement	4 12 0
Electric Supply Corporation	3 1 0
Ooregum Gold Mining Ordinary	0 12 6
Beira Railways	1 3 0
County of London Elec Supply Ordinary	2 15 3
Marconi International Marine	1 11 6
Callendar's Cable and Constn	4 4 6
General Electric Ord	4 1 9
London and Thames Haven Oil Wharves	4 1 6
Perak Hydro Electric Ordinarly	1 5 9
International Rlys of C America	dol. 7.50
Malayalam Plantations	1 12 0
British Burma Petroleum	0 8 0
Soudan Plantation Syndicate Ordinary	1 14 3
British S Africa (Chartered)	1 7 6
Pahang Consolidated Ord	0 14 6
Indian Copper Corporation Ordinary	0 3 3
British Treasury Bills (3 months)	0 18 1.04 p.c. p.a.

B. E. S. T. Monthly Earnings

The following is a statement of earnings for the month of May:—

	For May 1936	Up to the end of May 1936
*Electric Supply Traction (Trams and Omnibuses)	7,95,023	40,16,470
	6,00,597	30,33,524
Increase over same period last year		60,522

*Exclusive of supply to Tramways.

INDIAN COTTON FIGURES

Bombay, June 19

RECEIPTS INTO BOMBAY

In full-pressed bales	Since 1st Sept Yesterday.	This year.
Khandesh	48	299,497
Central India	695	267,244
Barsi and Nagar	117	167,094
Hyderabad Gaorani	...	38,951
Berar	115	387,076
Central Provinces	...	89,629
Total Oomras	975	1,199,491
Dholera	6,415	226,702
N W Provinces	...	62,055
Rajputana	554	92,717
Sind-Punjab	149	454,336
Broach	...	382,486
Coompta and Dharwar	1,483	79,618
Westerns Northerns	226	49,089
Coccanada	...	45
Tinnevelly and Cambodia	100	14,800
Persian	...	9
American	...	25,390
Egyptian and African	3,783	206,681
Comilla, Burma and other sorts	...	462
Total	13,687	2,793,891

EXPORTS FROM BOMBAY

1st Sept to 11th June

In full-pressed bales	Yesterday.	This year.
Europe	509	457,637
Japan and China	5,538	1,170,692
Coast Ports	...	35,918
Up-country by Rail	...	176,603
Afloat in harbour for Europe, China and Japan	...	12,792
Total	6,047	1,853,642

AMERICAN COTTON FIGURES

	1935-36	1934-35
F P Bales		
Receipts to date 18-6-36	7014000	4331000
Receipts yesterday 18-6-36	2000	1000
Exports to date 18-6-36	5935000	4672000
Stock at Ports 12-6-36	1546000	1499000
Stock at Interior Towns 12-6-36	1515000	243000
Stock at Liverpool 12-6-36	727000	667000
Visible Supply 12-6-36	4141000	3969000
Quantity in sight 12-6-36	12116000	7913000
Quantity out of sight 12-6-36	11027000	9262000

PRODUCE RECEIPTS

Bombay, June 19

Wheat	8,459 cwts
Linseed	8,375 cwts
Rape, Rai and Mustard seeds	31 cwts
Gingellyseed	18 cwts
Poppyseed	9 cwts
Groundnuts	1,563 cwts
Castorseed	1,065 cwts
Rice	25,259 cwts
Myrabollams	1,436 cwts
Cottonseed	190 cwts
Mowraseed	291 cwts
Gram	1,635 cwts
Joowar	279 cwts
Barley	2,954 cwts
Bajree	2,718 cwts
Indian Sugar	1,246 cwts
Coal	3,437 tons

OFFICIAL COTTON ROOM RATES

Bombay, June 19

	Extra Sprfine	Sup	Fine	FG	Good
M G—					
Bengal U P	187	183	178	174	
Punjab	187	183	178	174	
Rajputana	...	...	...	...	...
Oomra No. 3	215	212	209	205	...
C P No. 1	225	222	219	215	...
C P No. 2	221	218	215	211	...
Broach No. 2	...	225	221	218	214
Punjab-Ame	...	235	231	228	224
Surat	...	260	256	253	249
Rajpipla	...	257	253	250	246
Navsari	...	266	262	259	255

MONSOON WEAK AGAIN

Absence Of Rain Since Thursday Noon Makes Weather Oppressive

BOMBAY, Friday.

Monsoon seems to have weakened again and as a result there has been little rain since yesterday afternoon, but for a few insignificant showers.

Yesterday's rainfall, it is thought is due to the after-effects of the Depression in Central India, which has since filled up. The skies were cloudy, but there was bright sun shine throughout the day and the heat was somewhat oppressive. Some more time, perhaps two or three days, may have to elapse for heavy rains to come.

From the beginning of the month Bombay has lagged behind its normal quota of rain by 2.73 inches, but this is only due to the fluctuations in the weather conditions, and not due to any abnormal conditions.

For the 24 hours ending at 8 a.m., to-day, Colaba Observatory recorded 40 cents of rain, St. George's Hospital 50 cents, J. J. Hospital 65 cents and Matunga 79 cents.

Rainfall since June 1 was 7.36 inches, in Colaba, 6.38 inches in Fort, 6.62 in Byculla and 5.29 in Matunga.

Maximum temperature during the 24 hours ending at 8 a.m. today was 84.2 degrees (3 degrees below normal); and the minimum temperature was 78 degrees, which is normal temperature. The humidity of the air at 8 a.m. today was 88.

MONSOON CURRENT VERY WEAK

POONA, June 19.

The Monsoon is weak except in Malabar, the Konkan, Assam and North Burma. Rainfall has been nearly general in Assam, the Konkan and Malabar, local in Burma, the United Provinces, West Central India, the Central Provinces, Gujarat, Bombay Deccan and North Hyderabad, with a few falls in Bengal, Chota Nagpur the Punjab, East Rajputana, South Hyderabad, South East Madras, and the North Madras Coast.

The chief amounts of rainfall are:—Jalpaiguri 8 inches, Dibrugarh, Mangalore 3 inches, Calicut 2 inches, Ratnagiri, Aurangabad 1½ inches each.

Forecast.—Rainfall will decrease in Gujarat, occur locally in Malabar, the Konkan, Assam, Burma and a few stations in the North Deccan, North Bengal, Bihar and the Punjab hills.—A. P.

COLABA OBSERVATORY, BOMBAY.

Summary of Meteorological Observations during 24 hours ending 8 a.m. of 19-6-1936.

Change of 8 a.m. barometer in past 24 hours plus .094 inches
Temperature (dry bulb) at 8 a. m. 81.8 degrees
Temperature (wet bulb) at 8 a. m. 79.0 degrees
Maximum temperature during 24 hrs 84.2 degrees 3.3 (below normal)
Minimum temperature during 24 hrs 78.0 degrees 0.1 (above normal)
Relative humidity at 8 a.m. 88 per cent.
Direction of wind at 8 a.m. S
Velocity of wind at 8 a.m: 14 miles per hour
Total movement of wind in 24 hours 218 miles
Velocity of maximum gust of wind during 24 hours 28 miles per hour
Extent of cloud at 8 a.m. (the whole sky cloudy eq. 10) 6
Rainfall in 24 hours 0.40 inches
Total rainfall during the month 7.36 inches
Total rainfall during the year 7.76 inches.
Weather remarks: Rain.

OFFICIAL BAROMETER READING DATED 19-6-36

At 8-7 a.m. local time (8-46 a.m. Indian Standard Time) and temperature 83.5 deg. F., a mercury barometer without index error at mean sea level would actually read 29.93 inches and a compensated aneroid 29.72 inches

For correction of ships' instruments please subtract from the above official barometer reading 0.001" for every foot of elevation of the instrument above mean sea level.

EARTHQUAKE REPORT

An earthquake shock of slight intensity at its origin about 1090 miles away was recorded by the seismographs at the Colaba Observatory at 20h 32 mts. (I.S.T.) on Thursday the 18th June 1936.

ACTION AGAINST RURAL WORKERS?

TANGAIL, June 17.

On a complaint of an officer of Puthia Raj Estate that there was apprehension of agrarian trouble, the sub-divisional officer drew proceedings yesterday against 62 Mahomedans of Gopalpoor Police Station under Section 107 Criminal Procedure Code, as they were likely to cause serious breach of peace by forming an Association called "Praja Samity" with the object of preventing cultivators of village Mamudpoor and neighbouring villages from cultivating lands of money-lenders and taluqdars and inciting people not to pay rent to Zemindars and debts to money-lenders and not to give possession of the decretal lands to the decree-holders.—United Press.

LIVERPOOL WHEAT

Liverpool, June 18

July	0.87 3/4d.
October	0.88 3/8d.
December	0.90 1/4

CHICAGO WHEAT

Chicago, June 18

July	dol. 70 1/8
September	dol. 69 1/2
December	dol. 69 3/8

NEW YORK SUGAR

New, June 18

September	2.85—3
December	2.60 unchanged
January	2.59 unchanged.
May	2.59—1

BOMBAY METAL

Bombay, June 19

London market—	
Standard copper cash	£36 5 6
Standard copper 3 months	£36 12 6
Electrolytic copper	£40 12 6
New York—	
Blue Eagle	9 1/2 cents
Non-Blue Eagle	9 cents.
Bombay market	
Yellow metal sheets	Rs. 32 8 0
Copper sheets	Rs. 36 12 0

Tone: Very steady.

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OVERBOUGHT STATE OF SHARE BAZAR

MONEY & EXCHANGES

Bombay, June 19.

B. C. Rates T T D D	1/6 1/32
LONDON.—	
Banks selling T T D D June December	1/6 3/32
Banks buying T T	1/6 5/32
Banks buying D D	1/6 3/16
Banks buying 3 mos	1/6 7/32
NEW YORK—	
B C Rate T T	266 3/8
Banks selling T T	264 3/8
Banks buying T T	262
PARIS—	
Banks selling T T	573
Banks buying T T	583
JAPAN—	
Banks selling T T	77 3/4
Banks buying T T	77 1/2
AMSTERDAM—	
Banks selling D D	56
JAVA—	
Banks selling D D	55 3/4
HONGKONG—	
Banks selling D D	86 1/4
SHANGHAI—	
Banks selling D D	80 1/4
SINGAPORE—	
Banks selling D D	156 3/8
BERLIN—	
Banks selling D D	93 1/4
CROSS RATE—	
New York/London 18th instant	5.03
Japan/London 19th instant	1/2 1/16
Java/London 19th instant	7.40
Hongkong/London 19th instant	1/3 1/2
Shanghai/London 19th instant	1/2 3/8
London/Paris 18th instant	76.38
London/Belgium 18th instant	29.74 1/2
London/Switzerland 18th instant	15.55
London/Berlin 18th instant	12.49 1/2
London/Stockholm 18th instant	19.39 1/2
London/New York 18th instant	5.03
London/Amsterdam 18th instant	7.44 1/4
Tone of Sterling Exchange:—	Steady
Gold 17th instant	£6-18-3
Gold 18th instant	£6-18-7
Silver London Ready 17th instant	19 3/4
18th instant	19 3/8
Silver London Forward 17th instant	19 3/4
18th instant	19 11/16
Silver New York Ready 17th instant	45
18th instant	45
London Discounts 3 mos 17th instant	15/16 p.c.
18th instant	15/16 p.c.
London Discounts 6 mos 17th instant	15/16 p.c.
18th instant	15/16 p.c.
Reserve Bank Rate	3 p.c.
Bank of England Rate	2 p.c.
Money: Call	3/4 p.c.
3 Mos.	3/4 p.c.
6 Mos.	1 p.c.
Tone:—Easy.	

SCHEDULED BANKS

Consolidated statement of the position of the Banks scheduled to the Reserve Bank of India Act as at the close of business on Friday, the 12th June 1936.

(i) Demand Liabilities in India	122,41,14,000
(ii) Time Liabilities in India	100,69,93,000
(iii) Cash in India—	
(a) Notes	4,66,12,000
(b) Rupees	53,56,000
(c) Subsidiary Coin	21,66,000
(iv) Balances with Reserve Bank in India	25,88,06,000
(v) Advances in India	92,33,22,000
(vi) Bills discounted in India	4,92,80,000

Published under Section 43 of the Reserve Bank of India Act, 1934.

BANK OF ENGLAND RETURN.

London, June 18.

	This week.
Total Bullion	£212,800,000
Public Deposit	£ 14,000,000
(A) Other deposits	£128,400,000
Government Securities	£ 98,300,000
(B) Other Securities	£ 21,100,000
Notes and coin.	£ 40,500,000
Notes in circulation	£132,000,000
Ratio of reserve to liabilities	28.65%
(A) Other deposits include Bankers	£ 91,000,000
(B) Other securities include discount & advances	£ 4,800,000

LONDON RUBBER.

London, June 18.

Smoked Sheet Standard ribbed per lb. sellers	7 3/8

JAVA SUGAR—LONDON MARKET.

London, June 18.

Java Sugar, Fine White Dutch Standard, No. 25 C & F—	
Calcutta Jun/July per cwt nominal	6/7 1/2
Java Sugar, Fine White Dutch Standard, No. 25 C & F—	
Bombay, June/July per cwt. nominal	6/4 1/2
Java Sugar, Fine White Dutch Standard, No. 25 C & F—	
Karachi, June/July per cwt. nominal	6/4 1/2

NEW YORK COFFEE.

New York, June 18.

Fair Rio Coffee (No 7 quality)	6 3/4

PRODUCE.

London, June 18.

Wheat, Rozario Santa Fe, parcels	nominal
Wheat, Barletta, Russo,	
Wheat, South Australian June sellers	29/3

AMERICAN COTTON MARKETS

Reactionary Tone In Cotton

Two-Sided Market Pending Further Crop Developments

STEADY TRADE BUYING

Long Realising On Favourable Weekly Weather Report

On Thursday the New York cotton futures market was nervous and irregular with reactionary feeling. Prices advanced on trade buying but later declined on realising.

The Commodity Credit Corporation announced that it will accept all requests for the release of twelve cents loan cotton which were delivered prior to May 31st and later returned, provided such requests are not made prior to July 16th.

There is no indication of the quantity involved.

RELEASE OF LOAN COTTON

Bombay, June 19.

Nervousness and uncertainty characterised all the American markets on Thursday, price movements of which were restricted both way. There was no feature of interest anywhere. The cotton market was somewhat feverish pending news on the possibility of new loan cotton sales. The market was less active and realising was well absorbed

NEW YORK MARKET.

The New York cotton market opened at a decline of one point with October 11.38. There was steady realising and prices declined to 11.31 for October which was the lowest for the day. Later on under trade buying prices advanced to 11.41 which was the highest level for the day but prices again declined on selling on a reaction theory and the market closed at a rise of 2 points to a decline of 6 points. Spot cotton prices advanced 2 points at 12 cents.

NEW ORLEANS MARKET.

The New Orleans cotton futures market was quiet and closed at a rise of 2 points to a decline of 4 points. Spot cotton prices improved 2 points at 12.12c.

LIVERPOOL MARKET.

The Liverpool cotton market opened at a rise of 3 to 2 points. There was trade calling and local buying which met with hedging and Bombay Selling of distant positions. Later on there was general profit taking with local support due to bullish weather cable but prices declined on local selling and hedging on reports of rain in the East. The market closed at a decline of one to three points. Middling American Spot cotton prices advanced 6 points at 6.94d. per lb.

East Indian cotton futures closed unchanged and Sakels were irregular at a decline of one point to a rise of two points. Uppers futures closed at a loss of 2 points.

ALEXANDRIA MARKET.

The Alexandria cotton futures market was fairly steady Sakels futures advanced 4 to 8 points and Ashmouni futures were unchanged to 8 points up.

TEXTILES FIRM.

Following the expiration of trading in May fixation and spot, house buying has lifted July moderately, but no follow through buying has developed. There have been no Pool offerings of July, but there has been enough hedge, professional, and far Eastern selling to take care of the requirements of trade shorts state M. G. Commercial.

The fact that the 1,000,000 bale quota for sales of "Loan" cotton has nearly been reached, the smallness of the quantity of the Pool's spot cotton still unsold and the negligible amount of "free" cotton available are believed likely to impart sufficient strength to actual cotton to enable the Pool to liquidate its 317,000 bales of July futures at prices around 11¼ cents or higher although spinners and merchants are showing an increasing indisposition to pay current high premiums over new crop deliveries.

PROSPECTIVE STRENGTH.

The actual and prospective strength of July futures and the continued dryness of an important area in the south-east have stimulated domestic and foreign buying of October and the months beyond. But bullish enterprise has been tampered by the rapidly improving production outlook in the western two-thirds of the belt and the growing conviction that the area planted is likely to show an increase of over 15 per cent. These factors are also responsible for the prevailing view that 10¼ cents is a fair price for October pending developments as regards the crop and trade conditions.

LESS MOISTURE.

The lack of moisture is acute in the northern half of the eastern third of the belt, where stands are irregular and germination and growth are extremely slow. It is generally realised however, that the dry area produces only a relatively small percentage of the crop and consequently the majority of traders are disposed to give greater consideration to the abundance of moisture and the favourable growing conditions in the Valley and western States.

"Demand for textiles has become broader and prices are firmer. Printers and converters are showing more disposition to cover their July-August requirements."

PRIVATE CABLES.

N. Y. October Highest (1-18 p.m.)	11.41+02
N. Y. October Lowest (11-4 a.m.)	11.31—08
Liverpool October Highest	6.14+04
Liverpool October Lowest	6.08—02

Messrs. Chunilal Mehta and Co. have received to-day the following cable information from their Foreign Friends:—

Liverpool.—Think chances favour a reaction temporarily as U.S. Government weekly weather report quite favourable although rain is needed in some sections of Eastern Belt, but don't think it safe to operate on the bear side.

Liverpool.—Tone inclined reactionary but good underlying demand. Looks like more two-sided markets pending further crop developments.

New York.—Market has been strong owing to continued good business. Cotton goods market—firm prices. Good demand for spots with decreased offerings. Believe in higher prices eventually but think advance has gone far enough for the time being.

New York.—Estimate pool has left 50,000 July. Trade are still short of much larger quantity.

New York.—Market was less active. Realising well absorbed. Expect higher prices in the absence of exceptionally favourable crop accounts.

Messrs. Breul and Co have received the following cable from New York:

Cotton: Heavy trade buying reflecting, activity goods market continues, situation appears sound; although some reaction due it. Looks safe to buy on dips.

NEW YORK COTTON.

New York, June 18.

July	11.30+02
October	11.35—04
December	11.31—04
January	11.30—05
March	11.31—05
May	11.33—06
Middling spot	12.00

NEW ORLEANS COTTON.

New York, June 18.

July	11.92+02
October	11.29—02
December	11.25—04
Middling spot	12.12+02
New York 10-55 a.m.—	
July	11.89
October	11.35
December	11.32
Noon Call.—	
July	11.89
October	11.32
December	11.28

NEW YORK COTTON DAILY STATISTICS.

New York, June 18.

	Bales.
Day's Receipts at all U.S. Ports	2,000
Day's Exports to Great Britain	5,000
Day's Exports to the Continent	Nil

BOMBAY COTTON

Bombay, June 19

Following a small decline of 4 points in New York cotton futures, the local market opened to-day at Rs. 211 for Broach A/M. delivery and after improving to Rs. 211/6 prices declined to Rs. 210/8 on realising. Later on there was scattered buying and prices improved to Rs. 210/12 Broach J/A. delivery opened at Rs. 217/8 and after improving to Rs. 218 prices declined to Rs. 217/8.

The undertone of the market was quiet. Liverpool market was due to open unchanged but it opened at a rise of .2 points and the local market ruled very steady on improved buying and closed at 5-30 p.m. as under:—

	Rs. a. p.
Broach J/A	218 8 0
Broach A/M	211 12 0
Oomra July	205 0 0
Oomra D/J	192 8 0
Bengal July	175 8 0
Bengal D J	153 8 0

WEATHER OVER U. S. COTTON BELT

Eastern:—Thunder showers.
Central:—Generally fair.
Western:—Scattered showers.

GOLD & SILVER

Bombay, June 19.

Yesterday London gold prices improved 4d to £6-18-7 while London-Paris Exchange was 3 points up at 76.38. Dollar-Sterling cross rate was quoted at 5.03 1/32. The Montreal market was weak and prices closed at a decline of 17 to 35 points. The local market was quiet but steady with a moderate business. Silver prices fluctuated within a narrow range and the gold market was steady on slightly better enquiry.

	Silver Rs. a. p.	Gold Rs. a. p.
Ready	48 9 0	34 4 3
Ashad delivery	48 10 0	34 4 6
Ashad Teji-mandi	0 12 0	0 4 0
Shrawan delivery	48 11 0	34 4 6
Shrawan Teji-mandi	1 6 0	0 7 0

LONDON SILVER MARKET

London, June 17.

Messrs. Samuel Montagu and Co. state that the past week has witnessed quiet conditions, with little movement in price. The demand from the Indian Bazaars has slackened but offerings on China account were only moderate and although the tendency at the moment is somewhat dull, the present level does not seem likely to attract selling of any volume."—Reuter.

LONDON SILVER.

London, June 18.

Spot	19 5/8
Forward	19 11/16

LONDON GOLD.

London, June 18.

Gold Bars Fine per oz	£6/18/7

HIGH AND LOW COTTON PRICES

Bombay, June 18.

Broach J/A. Op. 218 3/4; Highest 219 1/4; Lowest 218 1/4; Closing 218 1/4.

Broach A/M. 1937 Op. 211 3/4; Highest 212 1/2; Lowest 211 1/2; Closing 211 1/2.

Oomra July Op. 205 1/4; Highest 205 1/4; Lowest 204; Closing 204.

Oomra D/J. Op 192; Highest 192 1/4; Lowest 191 3/4; Closing 191 3/4.

Bengal July Op. 174; Highest 174 3/4; Lowest 174; Closing 174 1/4.

Bengal D/J. Op 153 1/2; Highest 153 1/2; Lowest 152 3/4; Closing 152 3/4.

Teji-Mandi for Broach J/August (30-6-36) Rs. 3 1/2

Teji-Mandi for Broach Settlement (21-7-36) Rs. 7

Teji-Mandi for Broach A/May (31-3-37) Rs. 24.

LIVERPOOL COTTON.

Liverpool, June 18.

June	6.53
July	6.42—01
August	6.30—02
September	6.19—02
October	6.08—02
November	6.00—02
December	5.99—02
January	5.98—03
February	5.98—03
March	5.98—03
April	5.97—03
May	5.97—03
Middling spot	6.94+06
July	6.46
October	6.12

EGYPTIAN COTTON.

Liverpool, June 18.

July	8.75
October	8.67
November	8.66
January	8.54
March	8.44
May	8.40
June	8.40
Middling spot	8.97

INDIAN COTTON.

Liverpool, June 18.

Broach—	
Fully Good, (Good stable)	5.50
Fine, (Good staple)	5.65
Superfine, (Good staple)	5.80
Oomra.—	
Fine, (No. 1 staple)	5.42
Superfine, (No. 1 staple)	5.57
Choice, (No. 1 staple)	5.72
Bengal.—	
Good	4.42
Fully Good	4.52
Fine	4.64

Professionals Mostly Out Of The Picture

Outsiders Carry Large Long Interest

MARKET NEEDS EXTREME CAUTION

BOMBAY: June 19.

The Local Share Bazar was again open for one hour only today and in the absence of any important buying, prices assumed sagging tendency in speculative counters.

Old professional Bull-Operators are mostly out and they have unloaded their purchases on outside Operators. These outside operators are now carrying the heavy burden of large interest and the future course entirely depends upon their ability to take deliveries of shares.

All bullish factors on the floor of the Stock Exchange seem to have been discounted. Day after day we were told of buying by Calcutta, Madras, Ahmedabad and outside Marwari Shroffs. But now it seems that they have bought enough.

It will be seen that those professional Operators who held bullish views near the bottom of the market during the early weeks of May, have secured large profits and their holdings are now transferred to outsiders after minting large profits.

Cheapness of money and satisfactory dividends are spent up factors and unless new bullish factor develops, we see no reason for any extensive investment support.

Thus as long as the present state continues we look for dull and declining markets. Outside weak holders will be forced to part with their high-priced purchases and the market is subject to sudden collapses.

The market is overbought and unless it becomes thoroughly liquidated we think it will be risky to buy on declines.

Tata Steel Dfd. Shares opened to-day at Rs. 712-8 and declined to Rs. 702-8, while Ordinary Shares were comparatively steady at Rs. 179. Bombay Burmas were steady while Hydro-Electric Shares were quiet on realising.

There was slightly better enquiry for Cotton Mill Shares, as it is generally believed that present prices are low and favourable Monsoon prospects will help the Cotton Textile Industry as a result of improved buying capacity.

TEXTILE MILLS.

Bombay, June 19.

100 Ahm. Advance	276 4
500 Bombay Cotton	10 0
250 Bombay Dyeing	660 0
250 Bradbury	100 0
100 Century	133 0
100 Central India	223 8
100 Colaba	117 8
100 Coorla	85 0
250 David	60 0
250 Dawn	290 0
1 E. D. Sassoon	0-2-6
100 Finlay	115 10
100 Gokak	160 0
1000 Hindustan	1705 0
100 Indore	57 8
100 Khatau	61 4
100 Kohinoor	205 0
250 Laxmi	585 0
100 Madhavji	4 12
250 Madras United	35 0
100 Morarji	705 0
250 Modern	41 0
50 Mysore	85 10
100 New Great	108 2
100 Osmanshahi	55 0
100 Phoenix	250 0
25 Sassoon Silk	35 0
1000 Sholapur	1810 0
50 Simplex	X.D. 60 10
100 Swadeshi	156 14
100 Swan	83 2
25 Tata	8 0
500 Vishnu	1170 0
1000 Western	780 0
BANKS.	
50-110 Baroda	111 12
25-50 Central	34 0
500 Imperial	1572 8
125-100 Im Conty.	390 0
50-100 India	130 0
100 Reserve Bank	131 0
5 Union	5-7-0
CEMENTS.	
10 Bundi	37 4
70 Gwalior	25 0
160 Indian	519 6
40 Katni Dfd.	2315 0
100 Katni Ord.	386 4
75 Okha	286 4
10 Punjab	26 6
100 Sahabad	494 6
70 United	144 0
INSURANCE.	
15-100 Jupiter	12 12
15-75 New India	41 8
200 Oriental	4920 0
10-100 Vulcan	7 2
ELECTRIC	
100 Ahmedabad Old	165 0
1000 Andhra Valley	1653 12
10 Ajmer	13 2
50 Bom. Tram	159 11
100 Bombay Suburban	176 4
10 Broach	11 8
100 Karachi	245 0
100 Poona	230 0
100 Surat	191 4
100 Tata Hydro	179 6
1000 Tata Power	1660 0
RAILWAYS	
500 Ahm. Prantij	902 8
100 C. Province	98 0
100 Dhond Baramati	100 0
100 Gujrat	88 0
100 Mandra Bhon	99 8
100 Pachora Jamner	96 0
100 Sara Sirajgunje	99 0
500 Tapty Valley	786 4
MININGS.	
10 Shivrajpur	38 0
30 Tata Steel Def.	702 8
75 Tata Steel Ord.	179 0
MISCELLANEOUS.	
100 Alcock	237 8

ACTIVE SHARES AT A GLANCE.

Bombay, June 19

Century 135 132 133
Bom. Dyeing 660 656 660
Kohinoor 206 204 205
Central India 223
New Great 108
Simplex 61 60/10
Swadeshi 155 156/14
Bundi 37/8 37/4
I. Cement 523 513
Punjab 26/6
Shahabad 496 494/6
Andhra 1660 1652 1653/12
Tata Hydro 179/6
Tata Power 1661 1667 1647 1653 1642 1647
Tram. Ord. 160 169/11
T. Steel Dfd. 712 707 710 705 712 703 705 102
T. Steel Ord. 181/4 179/4 180/8 179/4 179
Tata Steel 2nd Pref. 155/8
Bellapur 188 185 187 186/14
E. Steam 294/6
B. Burma 460 458 461 456 460 454 458/3

50 Belapur Sugar	186 14
250 Bombay Steam	294 6
125 Bombay Burma	458 2
50 Bombay Burma Con.	153 12
8sh. Br. B. Petrol	5-11-6
50 Bombay Telephone	113 8
100 Indian Bleaching	109 6
100 Indian Radio Defd	550 0
100 Indian Radio Ord.	520 0
1000 Port Canning	572 8
15 Scindia	19 1
30 Premier Construction	83 8
25 Tata Oil	18 0
PREFERENCE	
7 p.c. Andhra Valley	1,453 12
6 p.c. Bombay Steam	302 8
7 p.c. Bombay Trams	86 0
5 p.c Central India	510 0
7 p.c. Katni 1st.	133 12
7 p.c. Katni 2nd	145 0
7 1/2 p.c. Punjab Cement	14 4
7 p.c. Tata Hydro	153 12
7-1/2 p.c. Tata Power	1556 4
6 p.c. Tata Steel 1st	X.D. 185 10
7-1/2 p.c. Tata Steel	2nd 155 8
5 1/2 p.c. Tata Mill	9 8
7 p.c. Vishnu	620 0

EXCHANGES.

London, June 18.

T. T. London on:—	
New York (Closing rate)	5.03
Paris	76.38
Berlin	12.49 1/2
Madrid	36.87 1/2
Amsterdam	7.44 1/4
Brussels	29.74 1/2
Milan	64.00
Berne	15.55
Prague	121.50

SEEDS.

London, June 18.

Linseed, La Plata, Hull C.I.F. ton June sellers	£11/1/3
Linseed, Calcutta, London, C.I.F. ton June/July sellers	£12/15/0
Linseed, Bombay, London C.I.F. ton June/July sellers	£13/1/3
Rapeseed, Toria, (Hull/Cont) C.I.F. ton June/July sellers	£12/2/6
Castorseed, Bombay, C.I.F. ton June/July sellers	£12/12/6

LINSEED OIL

London, June 18.

Linseed Oil, naked, London per cwt. June sellers	25/3
Linseed Oil, naked, London, per cwt. July/Aug. sellers	25/3

GOVERNMENT SECURITIES

Bombay, June 19.

2 3/4 per cent 1948/52 New Loan	100/5
3 per cent 1951/54	103/6
3 per cent 1941	104/6
3 1/2 per cent G P N Cash	98/12
3 1/2 per cent 1947/50	106/14
4 per cent 1943	110/10
4 per cent 1960/70	115/0
4 1/2 per cent 1955/60	119/4
5 per cent 1939/44	108/7
5 per cent 1940/43	110/12
5 1/2 per cent 1938/40	107/6
TAX FREE	
5 per cent 1945/55 Loan	120/10
4 per cent 1954/63 Mysore	110/12
5 per cent 1955 Mysore	123
5 1/2 per cent 1938 Mysore	108
CORPORATION LOANS (TAXABLE)	
4 per cent B P T 1947	109/8
4 per cent M Deb 1974	108/8
5 per cent M Deb 1959	118/8
6 per cent M Deb 1954	130
6 per cent K P T 1956	130
6 1/2 per cent B I T 1937	104/0

Note.—3 1/2 per cent Government paper opened at Rs. 98/11 and after advancing to Rs. 98/13 declined to Rs. 98/10/6

LONDON STOCK EXCHANGE.

London, June 18.

Rupee Paper, 3 1/2 per cent	£73
Indian Stock 3 per cent 1948 or later	£35 1/8
Indian Stock 3 1/2 per cent 1931 or later	£97 1/4
Indian Stock 4 1/2 per cent 1950/55	£115
Consols 2 1/2 per cent	£35 1/4
Conversion Loan 3 1/2 per cent 1961	£107 1/8
War Loan 3 1/2 per cent 1952	£106 3/4
Funding Loan 4 per cent 1960/69	£116 5/8
Victory Bonds 4 per cent	£114 3/4
Chartered Bank of India Australia & China	£13 3/4
Hongkong & Shanghai Bank (London reg.)	£100 1/2
National Bank of India	£44
P and O Banking Corporation	£10 1/8

LONDON DISCOUNT RATES

London, June 18

Bank Bills 3 months market rate 7/8 per cent to 15/16 per cent.

Bank Bills 6 months market rate 7/8 per cent to 15/16 per cent.

Fine Trade Bills 3 months market rate 2 per cent to 2 1/2 per cent.

Fine Trade Bills 6 months market rate 2 1/2 per cent to 3 per cent.

Interest Day to Day Loan 1/2 per cent to 1/2 per cent.

Interest 7 Days Market Loan 1/2 per cent.

WALL-STREET MARKET

New York, June 18.

Messrs. Batlivala and Karani have issued the following report showing quotations of the New York Stock Exchange:—

	Dol.
Amer. Power and Light Com.	12
Amer. Power and Light 5 p.c. P.A.	54
Amer. Forn. Power Com.	7
Amer. Forn. Power 7 p.c. P	34
American Tel. and Tel.	169
Western Union Telg.	86
Chesapeake and Ohio	50
New York Central	37
Baltimore and Ohio R.R	19
Erie R. R.	13
Pennsylvania R. R.	32
Union Pacific R R	130
United States Steel	65 3/4
Amr. Tobacco B	98
Anaconda Copper Mining	34 1/4
General Motor	65
Kelvinator	20
Sperry Corp.	21
American Radiator	21
Socony	13
Chase Bank	42 1/2
National City Bank	36
Int. Nickel of Canada	49
Sears Roebuck	74

Dull and irregular market. Brokers loans 31 million dollars down.

Total Business:—1 1/4 million.

COTTON ARRIVALS

Receipts into Bombay on 17th June	11,609
Receipts into Bombay to date since 1-9-1935	2,780,204
Receipts into Bombay same time last season	2,282,166
Increase	498,038

OSAKA SAMPIN

Osaka, June 19.

June	199.20+10
August	199.30
September	199.40+10
October	198.40+20
December	197.50—40

COTTON STRADDLES

APPROXIMATE DIFFERENCES.

New York—Liverpool:—

July 155 Oct. 139 at Cross Rate 5.03 1/32

Bombay—Liverpool:—

Broach July/Aug. 217/8—Liverpool July 6.42 Rs. 61 1/2 at Exchange 1/6.

Bombay—Liverpool:—

Broach A/M. 1937 211—Liverpool May 5.97 Rs. 49 at Exchange 1/6.

Bombay—New York:—

Broach July/Aug. 217/8—New York July 11.90 Rs. 45 at Cross Rate 5.03 1/32

Bombay—New York:—

Broach A/M. 1937 211—New York May 11.33 Rs. 39 1/2 at Cross Rate 5.03 1/32

BOMBAY SUGAR

Bombay, June 19

Java ready	13 7 6
June shipment	4 1 6
July Sept shipment	4 0 6
Oct Dec shipment	4 0 6
Saraya ready	13 2 6
Spot Java	13 2 6

Latest Commercial News

NEW YORK COTTON 9 POINTS UP

Improved Technical Position And Scarcity Of Contracts

GOLD QUIET BUT SILVER WEAK

Wheat Firm And Other Commodities Steady

BOMBAY, June 19

On Friday cross rates witnessed a sharp rally.

NEW YORK COTTON FIRM

New York cotton was firm on better enquiry influenced by improved technical position and scarcity of contracts.

SILVER WEAK

London gold was quiet but silver was weak.

WHEAT FIRM

Wheat ruled firm on unfavourable crop reports. Other commodities were steady.

SECURITIES IN FAIR REQUEST

The London Stock Exchange early displayed considerable activity but later the enquiry quieted down. Gilt-edged securities were in fair request.

COTTON

LATEST NEW YORK COTTON PRICES

OCTOBER 1936

New York, June 19

Previous closing	11.35
To-day's opening	11.36
Difference	+01
To-day's closing	11.44
Difference	+09

LIVERPOOL COTTON

OCTOBER 1936

Liverpool, June 19

Previous closing	6.08
To-day's opening	6.10
Difference	+02
To-day's closing	6.12
Difference	+04

BROACH EXPECTATION

July August ..... Rs. 220-8

N. Y. COTTON MARKET

New York, June 19

Cotton continued to display brighter sentiment on better enquiry allround following improved technical situation. With pool liquidation of July almost completed and contracts scarce prices readily responded to moderate buying from trade, shorts and local professional operators while the better textile situation also helped the rise.

Operations in October commenced at 11.36 i.e. 1 point higher than previous closing. Prices advanced moderately on steadier Liverpool buying and covering with pool liquidation of July readily taken up by trade, shorts and professional buying under the influence of which October gradually rose to 11.42 with a steady undertone.

New York cotton finally closed at 11.44 with a rise of 9 points for October delivery.

NEW YORK COTTON

New York, June 19

The following were the opening ranges:—

July (11.90/11.90) 11.91/11.93
October (11.38/11.37) 11.36/11.35
December (11.35/11.35) 11.32/11.32

LIVERPOOL COTTON

Liverpool, June 19

The following were the rates at 12-15 p.m.:—

American July (6.44) 6.45
American October (6.11) 6.10
Egyptian July (8.72) 8.78
Egyptian October (8.64) 8.70

BOMBAY COTTON

Bombay, June 19

Broach cotton for July August delivery advanced to Rs. 220 and New Broach April May to Rs. 213-8 at night. The rates at 10 p.m. were Rs. 220 and 213-8 respectively with New York futures about 6 points up.

Mrs. Panjikar Memorial Harijan Prize

The Hon. Secretary, the Mrs. Ambabai Panjikar Vidya Nidhi, Saraswatpur, Dharwar, writes:—

The above prize of Rs. 20 is awarded once every year to the Harijan student, who passes the Matriculation examination of the Bombay University scoring the highest number of marks from amongst the 'Harijan' candidates. "The prize will not be awarded unless applied for." Competitors feeling eligible therefor should send an application in writing to reach the undersigned "on or before 30th June," stating their (1). Name in full, (2) Name of University, (3) Date of Matriculation examination, (4) Seat number, (5) Aggregate marks scored, and (6) Whether the aspirant wants the prize in cash or its equivalent in books; if the latter state their titles, price and publishers.

The application should further bear an endorsement of the Head of the Institution, which the applicant is studying in or has passed from, certifying that the applicant belongs to the Harijan (untouchable) community.

EXCHANGES

LONDON-NEW YORK CROSS RATE

Latest Quotations

T. T. NEW YORK ON LONDON

New York, June 19

Previous closing	5.03 1/32
To-day's opening	5.03
To-day's closing	5.01 7/8

T. T. LONDON ON NEW YORK

London, June 19

Previous closing	5.03
To-day's opening	5.03
To-day's closing	5.01 7/8
Difference	—.01 1/8

FRANC RATE

London, June 19

Previous closing	76.38
To-day's opening	76.38
To-day's closing	76.21
Difference	—.17

LONDON EXCHANGES

London, June 19

London exchanges opened with the sterling dollar at 5.03 and then improved to 5.03 3/16 but subsequently the rate eased to 5.02 15/16 on the lack of support.

The sterling dollar cross rate closed at 5.01 7/8.

Franc opened at 76.38 and then advanced to 76.41 on fair support.

The sterling franc cross rate closed at 76.21.

LONDON SILVER

London, June 19

	Last price	To-day's price
Spot	19 5/8d.	19 7/16d.
Forward	19 11/16d.	19 1/2d.

The market was dull and quiet.

LONDON GOLD

London, June 19

Gold per fine ounce (£6-18-7) £6-18-6

DISCOUNTS

London, June 19

3 months (5/8 to 5/8 per cent) 15/16 to 15/16 per cent
4 months (5/8 to 11/16 per cent 15/16 per cent) 15/16 to 15/16 per cent
6 months (5/8 to 11/16 per cent) 15/16 to 15/16 per cent.

CROSS RATES

London, June 19
3-30 p.m.

London on Bombay (1-6 1/8) 1-6 1/8
Paris on Bombay (5.76 5/8) 5.76 3/8
New York on Bombay (38.00) 38.00
Berlin on Bombay (0.94 3/8) 0.94 1/4
London on Milan (64.00) 64.00
London on Shanghai (1-2 13/32) 1-2 13/32
London on Kobe (1-2 1/16) 1-2 1/16

BOMBAY BULLION

Bombay, June 19

Silver opened quiet at Rs. 48/9, 48/10 and 48/12. Prices showed a slightly easier tendency on scattered selling but the pressure was not heavy while quieter London cables did little to stir activity. The market closed quiet at Rs. 48/9, 48/10 and 48/12.

Gold opened quiet at Rs. 34/4, 34/4/3 and 34/4/6. The market was quiet and featureless in the absence of any particular enquiry with no important movements. Prices closed quiet at Rs. 34/4/9, 34/5/3 and 34/5/3.

Mr. Masani To Tour Madras

MADRAS, June 19.

Mr. M. R. Masani, General Secretary of the All-India Congress Socialist Party, proposes to tour the province in the beginning of July for organising and co-ordinating the activities of the various branches of the Congress Socialist Party.

Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru has sent his greetings to the North Arcot Socialist Party.—United Press.

COMMODITIES

LIVERPOOL WHEAT

Liverpool, June 19

Liverpool wheat opened quiet with July at 69 5/8 and October 69 1/4. The market was rather quiet in the absence of important demand but later developed better activity on scattered buying.

CHICAGO WHEAT

Chicago, June 19

Chicago wheat opened steady with July at 0.88 1/2. Prices improved on scattered local buying and covering influenced by unfavourable crop advices.

LONDON MARKETS

London, June 19

The rates at 3-30 p.m. were as follows.

METALS.

Tin (£178 1/4 buyers £178 1/2 sellers. Easy) £180 buyers £180 1/4 sellers. Very steady.

Lead (£15 buyers £15 1/8 sellers. Steady) £15 1/8 buyers. No sellers. Very steady.

Electrolytic Copper (£40 1/8 to £40 5/8) £40 1/4 to £40 3/4

Glasgow Iron (£79) £79

RUBBER

Spot (7 3/8) 7 3/8 paid and buyer
Forward (£7 7/16) £7 1/2 paid and value.

SILVER CABLES

London, June 19

The following cable information was received from London to-night:—

"India sold. China bought and sold. Market quiet."

TEA

Indian Pekoe (0-11 1/4) 0-11 1/4
Indian Pekoe higher (1-2 1/4) 1-2 1/4
Ceylon Pekoe (0-11 1/2) 0-11 1/2
Ceylon Pekoe higher (1-10 1/2) 1-10 1/2

JUTE.

New Crop June and July (£16 3/4) £16 7/8 buyers
Dunlop June (£21) £21 sellers
Lightning June (£19 1/4) £19 1/4 sellers.

LINSEED.

Castorseed Bombay June July (£12 5/8 sellers) £12 5/8 sellers
Linseed Calcutta April May (£12 3/4) £12 3/4 sellers
Linseed La Plata June July (£11 1/16) £11 1/8 sellers
Groundnuts Coromandal June (£14 3/8) £14 3/8 sellers

BROWN BOLD LINSEED

September 1936 delivery

Bombay, June 19

(Through Bombay Grains and Seeds' Association).

	Rs.	a.	p.
Rates at 9-0 a.m.	closed		
Rates at 12-0 noon	7	7	9
Rates at 3-0 p.m.	7	8	0
Rates at 5-0 p.m.	7	8	0
Rates at 6-0 p.m.	7	7	9
Rates at 8-0 p.m.	7	8	0
Rates at 10-0 p.m.	7	8	3

The market opened at 12-0 noon on account of the Sun Eclipse.

WHEAT AND LINSEED

Closing Quotations

Bombay, June 19

	Rs.	a.	p.
Wheat September	4	7	0
Wheat May 1937	4	10	3
Linseed September	7	8	6
Linseed May 1937	7	4	6

The market was steady.

SHIPPING NEWS

ARRIVALS

Bombay, June 19.

B I S N Coy.'s s.s. Garada of 3218, Reg. tons, Capt. J Drummond, arrived from Calcutta via Madras, Colombo, Coast Ports and Tuticorin with general cargo.

Scindia Steam Navigation Coy.'s s.s. Jalavijaya of 2279, Reg. tons, Capt. F T W Lewis, arrived from Rangoon via Colombo, Tuticorin, Cochin, Calicut with rice and general cargo.

B I S N Cov's s.s. Garmula of 3234, Reg. tons, Capt. J N Collins, arrived from Bassein, via Colombo, Cochin and Calicut with rice and general cargo.

DEPARTURES

Bombay, June 19.

B I S N Coy.'s s.s. Garada of 3218 Reg. tons, Capt. J Drummont, sailed for Karachi in ballast.

N Y Kaisha's Japan Line s.s. Tokiwa Maru of 4251 Reg. tons, Capt. R Agawa, sailed for Karachi with local and same bottom cargo.

Lewis Dreyfus and Coy.'s s.s. Mauly of 3418 Reg. tons, Capt. I Nordio, sailed for Port Said (for orders), with local cargo.

LOADING

Bombay, June 19.

The following steamers entered for loading on 19-6-36:—

S.S. Garmula (M. M. and Co.), for Rangoon, Moulmein, Mauritius via Colombo and Coast Port.

Firmest Undertone In Stock Exchange

IRON STEELS, MOTORS AND AVIATIONS WELL SUPPORTED

Cotton Firm On Bullish Weather

WALL STREET GENERALLY EASIER

(SPECIAL CABLE)

LONDON, June 19

Stock Exchange: The speech of Sir Reginald McKenna prophesying continued economic recovery together with the removal of sanctions and uncertainties imparted firmest undertone to Ironnsteels, motors and aviations were well supported. John Browns hardened on prospects of the company securing order for sistership to Queenmary.

Cotton was firm on good trade support on bullish weather.

In foreign exchanges gold currencies rallied sharply on covering following Auriol's statement although the market was presently uncertain of full implications.

Wall Street was unsettled and generally easier.

INDIAN STERLING LOAN

London, June 19

The 3 1/2 per cent Indian Sterling Loan closed to-day at £97 1/4

PREVIOUS CLOSING RATES.

Thursday, June 11, £97
Friday, June 12, £97 1/4
Monday, June 15, £97
Tuesday, June 16, £97
Wednesday, June 17, £97 1/8
Thursday, June 18, £97 1/4

LONDON STOCK EXCHANGE

London, June 19
3-30 p.m.

After being firm the demand slackened, The general tone was rather irregular owing to the lack of fresh support. Home industrials in general were steady to firm. Home railways were weaker.

BRITISH FUNDS

2 1/2 per cent Consols (£85 1/4) £85 1/4
3 1/2 per cent Government Loan (£107 1/4) £107 1/4
4 1/2 per cent Conversion Loan (£108 5/8) £108 5/8
4 per cent Funding Loan (£116 1/2) £116 7/8
3 1/2 per cent War Loan (£105 3/4) £105 3/4
4 per cent Victory Bonds (£114 3/4) £115 1/8

INDUSTRIALS

British Celanese 2nd Preference (21-1 1/2) 21-1 1/2
Marks and Spencer Splits Share (£4 5/8) £4 5/8
Hydro Electric (£7 1/2) £7 1/2
Musical Industries (24-6) 24-9
Princhin Johnson (48-0) 48-0
Imperial Chemical (39-0) 39-0
Imperial Chemical Ordinary (9-4 1/2) 9-4 1/2
Woolsworth New Ford (135-0) 135-0
Realisation 1930 (£90) £90
Dunlop Rubber (34-4 1/2) 34-0
University Ordinary (33-9) 33-9
Ford Motors (31-9) 32-6
Cable Wires (£7) £7
British American Tobacco (118-9) 117-6
Camera A (£9) £9
Imperial Tobacco Ordinary (158-9) 158-9
P and O S N Company Defd (21-9) 21-9
Distillers (104-9) 104-3
Bred and Dyers (7-7 1/2) 7-7 1/2
British Celanese (11-0) 11-0
J and P Coates Ordinary (52-0) 52-0
Courtaulds Ordinary (50-10 1/2) 50-10 1/2
Fine Cotton Spinners (6-1 1/2) 6-1 1/2
Western Limited Ordinary (24-9) 25-3
Inter Nickels (£48 1/4) £49
Bengal Iron and Steel (7-4 1/2) 7-3
Tata Iron and Steel (£101 1/2) £101 1/2

BURMA CORPORATION LTD.

Bawdwin Mine. During the month of May 38,254 tons of ore were mined. 34,000 tons of Ore were milled in the Treatment Plant producing 12,232 tons of Lead Concentrates.

8,434 tons of Lead-bearing material were smelted in the Blast Furnaces, producing 4,464 tons Hard Lead for treatment in the Refinery.

Refinery Products were:—
5,880 tons Refined Lead.
490,000 ounces Refined Silver.

Experimental Zinc Plant produced 6,294 tons Zinc Concentrates, assaying 7.11 ounces of Silver, 3.54 per cent Lead, 57.96 per cent Zinc.

In addition to the above 600 tons Copper Matte were produced from the treatment of accumulated smelter by-products and 6,113 tons Copper Ore.

100 tons of Refined Antimonial Lead and 360 tons Speiss were also produced.

Included in the tonnage of Refined Lead is 67 tons recovered from the smelting of Copper Ore.

DHRANGADRA INQUIRY

Praja Mandal Urge Inclusion Of Non-Official

Dhrangadra Praja Mandal, Bombay, has wired the following to H. H. the Maharaja Raj Saheb of Dhrangadra on Friday:—

"Heartily gratified hearing appointment of Inquiry Committee. We emphatically suggest include one non-official, popular leader in the Committee. Wire reply."

INDIAN LOANS

London, June 19
3-30 p.m.

3 per cent New Indian Loan (£102) £102
3 1/2 per cent Indian (£97) £97 1/2
4 1/2 per cent Indian Stock 1950/55 (£114 1/2) £115
4 1/2 per cent 1958/68 (£118 1/2) £119 1/2
4 per cent Indian 1946/53 (£109 1/2) £109 1/2
5 per cent Indian 1943-47 (£109 5/8) £109 7/8
5 1/2 per cent New Indian 1954-52 (£106 1/2) £106 1/2

AUSTRALIAN LOANS.

5 per cent Australian Loan (£114 1/2) £114 1/2

TEA SHARES.

Assam Company (19-0) 19-0
Donaro Tea (44-4 1/2) 44-4 1/2
Empire of India Ceylon (28-9) 28-9

RUBBER SHARES.

Anglo Dutch Rubber (26-3) 26-3
Gula Kelampong (25-0) 25-0
Rubber Plant Inv Trust (30-3) 30-3

JUTE SHARES.

Bangalore (£8 3/4) £8 3/4

MINING SHARES

Nandy (60-0) 60-0
Burma Corporation (9-4 1/2) 9-4 1/2
Rio Tintos (£12 5/8) £12 3/8
East Rand Proprietors (65-3) 65-3
Rand Imam (£9 3/8) £9 5/8

MINE SHARES

Crown Mines (£15 1/4) £15 1/4
Goddar New (£11) £11
Moddar New (48-9) 48-9
Sub Nigel (£12 1/2) £12 1/2
Spring Mines Split Shares (43-1 1/2) 42-6
Union Corporation (£9 1/8) £9 1/8

OIL SHARES

Venezuela Persian (38-9) 38-1 1/2
Anglo Iranian (83-9) 84-4 1/2
Burma Oil (95-0) 95-0
Mexican Eagle (24-6) 24-1 1/2
Shell Transport (96-9) 96-1 1/2
Royal Dutch (£36 7/8) £36 7/8

HOME RAIL SHARES

Great Western (£47) £47
L M Ford (£22 3/4) £22 1/2
L N E R Def (£5 1/8) £5 1/8
Southern Dutch (£22 1/2) £22 1/2
London Paris 5 per cent (£134) £133 3/4
London Board G Stock (£101 3/4) £101 3/4

NEW YORK STOCK EXCHANGE

New York, June 19

The following were the opening rates:—

General Motors (dol 65 1/4) dol 65 1/8
Anaconda Copper Mining (dol 34 5/8) dol 34 3/8
U S Steel Common (dol 64) dol 63 1/2
U S Steel Preference (dol 127 3/4) unquoted.

READY COTTON QUOTATIONS

Bombay, June 19

Bengal Superfine	184/186
Bengal Fine	180/182
Bengal F G	177/178
C P 1 Fine	216/218
C P 2 Fine	212/214
Arvi Fine	212/214
Ellichpur Fine	212/214
Berar Fine	208/209
Khamgaon Fine	208/209
Mulkapur Fine	201/205
Khandesh Fine	194/199
Jalna/Sailu	194/199
Burwah Sanavad	208/210
Mathia	184/189
Broach Fine	220/223
Dhollera	214/216
Punjab American	223/228
Sindh American	223/228
Cambodia	263/268
Compta	228/233
Westerns	203/213
Miraj	213/218
Jagadia Ankleshwar	250/253
Surat	253/256
Navsari	263/266
Kampala	340/343
Maniza	318/323

IS TRADE UNION UNITY IMPOSSIBLE?

(Continued from Page 20.)

they who first broke the solidarity of the working class.

AT DELHI CONFERENCE.

The distortion of the Unity Platform, continued Mrs. Mulji, and the refusal to invite the A.I.T.U.C. in the later conferences, made it impossible for the Congress to participate in them. It was quite untrue to say that the Congress walked out of the Delhi conference, because they were not invited at all. Persons who attended the Conference were not representatives of the Congress. Subsequently, they were repudiated by the Congress.

In spite of the reverses it met with, and the attempts of the Right wing which broke away at Nagpur to consolidate itself into the N. T. U. F., the A. I. T. U. C. had pursued its efforts in the direction of unity—repeatedly raising fundamental issues of trade unionism, and calling upon the Federation to heal the breach, and unite to face the offensive of the employers and the repression on the anti-imperialist movement. At every stage, the N. T. U. F. had found some pretext to break the unity move. However after repeated attempts finally a joint committee was set up in Delhi, leading to the formation of the Joint Labour Board in August, 1935.

Since then, as Mr. Mehta had admitted, Mr. Ruiker, on behalf of the A.I.T.U.C., had pressed for structural unity. At Nagpur, in December last, the Congress had made another attempt and agreed to yield on the issue of representation to Geneva in the interests of unity. The Federation leaders, however, refused to yield, very much to the dissatisfaction of their own rank and file. The joint meeting was abortive, but the militancy of the workers in the Federation asserted itself and the issue of unity was again raised in their general meeting and the outcome was Mr. Giri's proposals.

It was a travesty of facts to state that the minor modifications that had been suggested by the Congress were its "counter-proposals". This was an attempt to create a smoke-screen for a retreat even from the position taken up by the Federation in Mr Giri's proposals.

Referring to the controversy in the Press on the question of unity, Mrs. Mulji said that it was obviously from differences of opinion between Mr. Mehta, as President of the Federation, and Mr. Khedgikar, as President of a constituent railway union. "Why does Mr. Mehta bring in his domestic quarrels in the relations between the Congress and the Federation?" asked Mrs. Mulji.

MERE LIP SYMPATHY

Mr. Mehta had made the statement: "The fundamental difference is that, while the Federation emphasises that the trade union movement should, as far as possible, confine itself to the amelioration of the working conditions of the industrial classes by legislation and negotiations, the Trade Union Congress places greater stress on the class struggle as side of the movement. Mr. Mehta had paid lip sympathy sanctimoniously to the desire for unity on both sides. This 'difference' was one of Mr. Mehta's creation. A genuine trade unionist could not separate the two. He should not only have recourse to negotiations and legislative activity, but also resort to collective bargaining. The Trade Union Congress had accepted the principle of entering legislatures, and they were contesting them, working in co-operation with the Indian National Congress. Only negotiations and the legislature would not make for the amelioration of the workers. A mass movement based on class struggle should be carried on outside the legislatures, to strengthen the hands of those inside the legislatures. Mr. Jamnadas perhaps believed only in negotiations.

"The final insinuation", went on Mrs. Mulji, "that the Congress does not want unity because it would be in a minority is characteristic of the mischief behind it. The Congress had considered this point and had agreed to abide by majority decisions on representation to Geneva and the political programme and had conceded the principle of foreign affiliation to the Federation in the interests of unity. The Congress stood by the decision and called upon the Federation to unite." "If the Federation group will be in majority", she declared, "then why is Mr. Mehta afraid of structural unity and why is he putting obstacles in its way?"

APPEAL FOR UNITY

"Finally, let me appeal", said Mrs. Mulji, "to the N.T.U.F. trade unions that in spite of the political differences between us there is still a basis for unity on the principles of trade unionism and internal democracy. Unity is necessary to meet the increasing offensive on the standard of living of the working class and the ever-growing repression in the country. Let us make an effort to achieve it and let not our efforts be marred by the mischievous activities of persons."

WORK BEFORE THE SUBURBAN CO-OPERATORS

Women's Store An Urgent Need

(From Our Own Correspondent)

VILE PARLE, Friday.

From my yesterday's despatch, it will have been seen that the coming District Co-operative Conference is concentrating all its energies on the question of Land Mortgage Bank only.

URGENT PROBLEMS

But looking to the rapid development of the suburbs and the conditions prevailing here, more important than the Land Mortgage is the need of the non-credit movement and the conference should explore all the avenues to start such societies for the benefits of consumers. Further, there can be no two opinions that mere theoretic emphasis and paper resolution would create little confidence in the co-operative movement. Some tangible and practical applications of the working of the societies should be made available for the suburbs also. The advancement in fields, economic or social, largely depends upon the interest that women also take and if women can be made to take active part in spread of the movement in a way more practical than now there will be a brighter future for the movement. And in this connection the working of the co-operative stores, run by Mrs. Hansa Mehta, Mrs. Rayji Smts Lilavati Banker, Mrs. Mangla Mehta and Kantabehen Khandwala will be a very safe guide to the organisers. Such a store for suburban public is an urgent need and will be a very thriving success. Such problems, it is hoped, will be considered by the Conference if it wants to serve any useful purpose.

ELECTORAL RULES FOR BOMBAY LEGISLATURES

The Director of Information, Bombay, writes:

The Government of Bombay have published the Bombay Legislative Assembly Electoral (Preparation, Revision and Publication of Electoral Rolls) Rules, 1936, and the Bombay Legislative Council Electoral (Preparation, Revision and Publication of Electoral Rolls) Rules, 1936, prescribing the procedure for the preparation of Electoral Rolls in the constituencies of the reformed Bombay Legislative Assembly and Bombay Legislative Council. These rules will be found in the Bombay Government Gazette, Part I of the 18th June at pages 981—1017 and copies can be obtained on payment from the Superintendent, Government Printing and Stationery, Bombay. The price per copy is:—

(i) Bombay Legislative Assembly (Preparation, Revision and Publication of Electoral Rolls) Rules, 1936, annas 2.

(ii) Bombay Legislative Council (Preparation, Revision and Publication of Electoral Rolls) Rules, 1936, anna 1.

HINDUSTANI MUSICIANS

Public Meeting On Sunday

Under the auspices of the local Saraswati Sangit Vidyalaya, a meeting of the premier musicians of Upper India will be held on Sunday, June 21, at 5-0 p.m. at Forbes Gujarati Hall, (opposite Congress House) under the presidentship of Khan Saheb Faiyaz-Khan of Baroda for passing resolutions of condolence on the demise of Khan Saheb Haidar Khan of Kolhapur State and of Nassiruddin of Indore State.

The meeting will also consider and pass resolutions about a certain book written by Mr. L. D. Joshi of Poona on "The History of Musicians and Writers of Music of India" which it is alleged contains wrong information.

The meeting will pass a resolution requesting the author to correct the mistakes, as soon as possible.

Khan Saheb Allahdiya Khan, Abdul Kareem Khan, Vilayat Hussen, Faiyaz Khan, Abdul Lateef, Manzeekhan and other prominent musicians will be present at the meeting.

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JUPITER GENERAL
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The Bombay Chronicle

FOUNDED BY SIR PHEROZESHAH M. MEHTA IN 1913.

JUPITER GENERAL
has claim settling agents throughout the world.
J8

BOMBAY: SATURDAY, JUNE 20, 1936

End Of Andheri-Versova Road Controversy In Sight

GOVT. CONSIDERING QUESTION OF TAKING IT OVER UNDER P. W. DEPARTMENT

That the Government of Bombay were seriously and sympathetically considering the question of taking over the Andheri-Versova Road from the hands of the Local Bodies and making it a Provincial Road under the charge of the Public Works Department, was the information gathered by our representative from a High Government Official who is closely following the controversy regarding the maintenance of that much discussed road.

From the look of things, it would not be long before Government to announce the fact that the road should be reconstructed and maintained in future by the P.W.D. In the meanwhile the Collector of Bombay is making a suggestion to the two local bodies, under whose jurisdiction the Road comes, to execute some patchwork repairs for the time being, so that the Road might be rendered fit for use during the monsoon. There are indications that the two local bodies would accept the suggestion, provided it is, for temporary repairs.

LONG-STANDING CONTROVERSY.

The controversy about the maintenance of the Andheri-Versova Road has been raging for some time past and took an acute turn, since the visit of the Governor of Bombay to that sea-resort nearly two years ago. Some of the very influential persons are living at Versova and hence the importance of the agitation.

It is interesting to note that the population of the Versova health Resort, coming under the jurisdiction of the Versova Beach Sanitary Committee is 350 only. The income of the Committee per year is Rs. 4,000 while the expenditure of the Committee is Rs. 6,000 and they have to depend on the grant for the Government to meet their expenditure.

It would appear that Versova village, nearly a mile away from the Beach, consists of 3,500 souls and they are not in the least concerned about the improvement of the road.

The length of the Versova-Andheri Road is 3 miles and 5 furlongs. A mile and seven furlongs from Andheri towards Versova is under the jurisdiction of the Vile Parle Municipality, while the rest of the road is under the jurisdiction of the Suburban District Local Board.

ESTIMATED COST.

An estimation made by the authorities for asphalting the whole distance shows that it would cost Rs. 75,000 for reconstructing the road on modern lines and there would be a recurring expenditure of Rs. 5,000 every year for the upkeep of the road.

Neither the Vile Parle Municipality nor the District Local Board authorities are anxious to spend any money on reconstruction of the road, which brings nothing to their coffers.

The people who use the road and would be really benefited by the improvement are those living under the Versova Beach Committee's jurisdiction. Hence the two local bodies, who are supposed to repair and to look after the road connecting Versova with Andheri are not inclined to improve the road.

Several petitions were sent to the Collector of the District as well as to the Government. In the beginning of this year Mr. H. T. Sorley, who was the Collector and Mr. J. H. Garret, who was the Commissioner of the Division, visited the place. The difficulties of those living at the Health Resort and those of the two local bodies were placed before them. They appreciated the position of all the three and agreed to recommend to the Government to take over the road under the P.W.D.

QUESTION OF FINANCE.

It is further interesting to note that while the income of the Vile Parle Municipality (last year) was Rs. 1,80,000, its expenditure for the same year was Rs. 1,95,000. The income of the District Local Board was Rs. 2,65,000 while the expenditure was Rs. 2,77,000. Hence one could see some justification, in the refusal of these bodies to undertake the reconstruction of the Andheri-Versova Road.

Mr. H. T. Sorley, as Secretary to the General Department, Government of Bombay is considering his own recommendation as Collector of Bombay. Mr. Garret is also at the Secretariat, as the Chief Secretary to Government. The last but not the least important factor, which is in favour of Government accepting the suggestion is that Sir Robert Bell, who as Commissioner of the Division and Secretary of P. W. Department has seen things for himself, is the present Acting Governor. There are indications to show that the P.W.D. have been consulted in the matter and the Government, as it is constituted to-day, might decide upon taking over the road under "Provincial Roads."

All this process, our representative was informed, would take some time. It might be more than a year, before the P.W.D. actually take on hand the work of asphalting the Andheri-Versova Road.

TEMPORARY REPAIRS.

In the meanwhile, Mr. M. S. Jayakar, the Collector of Bombay, who has been receiving a series of petitions and letters from the residents of Versova, will be, it is gathered, writing to the District Local Board and the Vile Parle Municipal authorities to make some repairs, for the time being, so that the road might be in a fit condition for use.

Since there is every probability of Government taking over the Road under "Provincial Road" in the near future it is up to the two local bodies to co-operate and come to a decision to make some repairs for the time being.

NO REVERTING TO LIBERAL POLITICS

Acceptance Of Office Is Walking Into Parlour Of Imperialism, Says Dr. Pattabhi

MASULIPATAM, June 18.

Dr. Pattabhi Sitaramayya, interviewed by the "United Press" made the following statement with regard to the question of acceptance of office under the new constitutions:—

"Day by day, it is becoming clear that the Englishman is drawing us into the snare of the Council and acceptance of office. The scheme of selection of the I.C.S. men by the Secretary of State, the Finance Report of Sir Otto Niemeyer and Sir Samuel Hoare's pronouncement that there will be no fund for development departments under the Provincial autonomy and controversies between those who wish to accept the office to turn the reforms sceme to account and those who wish to create dead-locks therein —these must be sufficient to drive out any doubts lingering in the public mind in regard to the question.

There can be no two opinions on the position that to accept office is to walk into the parlour of Bureaucracy and Imperialism and the only chance of saving this country from this impending disaster is to educate the delegates of the next session of the Congress on the issues before them. Let us have a clear verdict on this question of questions at the ensuing sitting.

Let it be remembered that in accepting office we are giving the go-bye-not merely to Satyagraha or civil disobedience but to non-co-operation and therefore reverting to Amritsar (1910). We are reverting to the Liberal politics of the day, and to the famous dictum of Gokhale's co-operation wherever possible and opposition wherever necessary. The British would welcome such an attitude of undisguised repentance for our past follies the attitude of the prodigal son who returns to the paternal home after wasting away his opportunities and resources. It is not merely socialism or the socialist that feel strongly against acceptance but there is a large body of silent opinion in the country which is struggling for self-expression, being somewhat overwhelmed by the change of attitude of most of our eminent public men of the front bench whose lead they have till now accepted without reserve and with reverence.—United Press.

DURBAR BAN ON HARIJANS MUST GO

Sevak Sangh Chief's Appeal To Mysore Maharaja

MYSORE, June 16.

In an interview to the "Madras Mail," Mr. G. D. Birla, who is on a brief stay at Mysore, paid a glowing tribute to the Mysore Government for their sincerely sympathetic attitude towards the removal of untouchability and the amelioration of the conditions of the Depressed Classes in the State.

But Mr. Birla added that there was still to be lifted the ban on Harijans in respect of their admittance into the Durbars of H. H. the Maharajah of Mysore and into temples. He appealed to His Highness the Maharajah at least to remove the ban in respect of their admission to the Durbar before the next Durbar is held. As loyal and devoted subjects of His Highness they should be permitted to pay their homage to His Highness on such occasions.

Mr. Birla added there appeared to be certain difficulties for Government to throw open temples to Harijans. In that connection he had informal talks with H. H. the Yuvarajah of Mysore and Sir Mirza Ismail, the Dewan of Mysore.—United Press.

Mr. Slade photographed with Mr. H. D. Henman (left), who succeeds him as Controller of Stores.

"THE BACKBONE OF STATE FABRIC"

Postal & R. M. S. Workers' Right To Living Wage

"UNITE, ORGANISE & AGITATE" SHOULD BE YOUR SOLGAN, SAYS Pt. MAITRA

RAJSHAHI, (By Mail).

"Every civilised Government is morally bound to pay fair living wages to those who serve under it as on their well-being and contentment rest its strength and efficiency. In India, however, this is often lost sight of by the Government. Here the privileged few, who occupy the highest ranks in services, are paid on an extravagant scale while the rank and file who form the backbone of the State fabric and who have to bear the brunt of the whole administration have to carry on a sort of hand-to-mouth existence on wages hardly sufficient to meet the pressing demands of ordinary living."

Thus said Pandit Lakshmi Kanta Maitra, M.L.A., presiding over the 17th session of the All India (including Burma) Postal and R.M.S. Union, Bengal and Assam Provincial, held to-day.

Continuing Pandit Maitra said "Your Union represents the most powerful oragnised and honest branch of Public Utility Service. It is no exaggeration to say that it is the one department of the Government of this country which has given the most uniform service to all alike, rich and poor, prince and peasant and without any distinction of caste, creed or colour. This is the one department which connects the different units of this vast fabric of State in a manner which no other department does.

Dwelling on the administration of the Postal Department Pandit Maitra observed, "That the administration is top-heavy in our country is a recognised fact. The salary which the Director General of Posts and Telegraph draws is equivalent to the average salary of 100 clerks and several hundred lower grade hands. It has been argued that in the Postal Department 8 crores of rupees are consumed in disbursing the salaries of the subordinate and lower grade staff and only half a crore of rupees is spent after the gazetted and highly paid officers and therefore to effect real economy in the department axe should be applied to the subordinate and lower grade staff. This is queer argument indeed. The policy of the Government has all along been to pour oil on oily hand. India is the only country where higher officers draw salaries at a rate out of all proportion to that of the subordinate officials. Constant agitation and solid and united front are absolutely necessary if adjustment of balance and removal of this gross inequality are desired."

Concluding the President said, "The remedy is in your hands. It lies in strengthening yourselves and in strengthening your organisation.

"Unite, Organise and Agitate" should be your slogan. With honest purpose and grim resolve, carry on; success will be yours."—United Press.

Is Trade Union Unity Impossible?

Mrs. Maniben Mulji's Straight Question To Jamnadas Mehta

WHY THIS BACKING OUT OF PRINCIPLE OF CLASS STRUGGLE?

A crushing reply to Mr. Jamna das Mehta's statement on the alleged impossibility of unity between the Trade Union Congress and the All-India Trade Unions Federation was given by Mrs. Maniben Mulji, in an interview to a representative of the "Bombay Chronicle".

Mr. Mehta had expressed the opinion (in a press interview) said Mrs. Mulji not as president of the Federation but only as "Jamnadas Mehta", in as much as Mr. R. R. Bakhale, General Secretary of the Federation, had agreed to the Congress' proposals for joint negotiations in the second week of July, when the Federation met in Bombay.

GIRI'S PROPOSALS

The Trade Union Congress had accepted the Giri proposals, though with minor modifications, and Mr. Kalappa, a prominent official of the Federation, who attended the Congress session, was completely satisfied at the outcome. There was, therefore, every hope of the unity move being crowned with success at the joint meeting.

IN COOPERATION WITH I.N.C.

The Trade Union Congress strove for the amelioration of the workers not only by laying stress on the class struggle aspect but also by entering the legislatures and carrying on negotiations. The T. U. C. was working in close co-operation with the Indian National Congress and would contest the elections. A genuine trade unionist should emphasise the class aspect also. If he denied this, Mr. Mehta was not a trade unionist and he had no business to dabble in the workers' movement.

"A break in the unity move at this juncture" observed Mrs. Mulji, "will not only harm the interests of the working class but also jeopardise seriously the anti-Imperialist front which is crystalising in the country. The workers will, I hope, remember their past experience with Mr. Jamnadas Mehta".

"DEPLORABLE"

It was very deplorable, said Mrs. Mulji that Mr. Jamnadas Mehta gave an interview which was not only a misstatement of facts and misleading in the expression of opinion but one that was likely to create a rift in the relations between the All-India Trade Union Congress and the National Trade Union Federation at a stage when the latter is seeking affiliation as a unit to the A.I.T.U.C.

CORDIAL RELATIONS

The A.I.T.U.C., at its last session, had accepted the principle of affiliation and negotiations for final adjustments were in progress. The relations between the A.I.T.U.C. and the T.U.F. were not only cordial but were creating the basis for structural unity. The T.U.C. had addressed a letter to the T. U.F. and the General Secretary of the Federation had written to them agreeing to carry on negotiations at a joint meeting of the representatives of both the organisations in July, when the All-India Railwaymen's Federation met in Bombay.

Mr. Jamnadas Mehta expressed his opinions, continued Mrs. Mulji not as President of the Federation but only as "Jamnadas Mehta". It was not the first time when this "inadjustable politician" has sought to mar the pace of a progressive move. The interview he gave could have no other object than to disrupt the unity of the working class.

"A break in the unity move at this stage," continued Mrs. Mulji "will not only harm the interests of the working class but also jeopardise seriously the anti-imperialist front which is crystallising in the country. The workers will, I hope, remember their past experience with Mr. Jamnadas Mehta."

BASIS FOR UNITY.

Asked about the progress in the unity move, Mrs. Mulji said that it was hardly a month after the Trade Union Congress session. Mr. Kalappa, one of the prominent officials of the Federation, who attended the T. U. C. Session in Bombay, was completely satisfied at the Congress accepting Mr. Giri's proposals in general as a basis for unity with slight modifications. Regarding foreign affiliation, it was decided that the Federation would have no voice on the question of affiliation of the A. I. T. U. C. And the Constitution of the Federation would be accepted with such modifications as may be necessary by the Executive Committee of the Congress, where it would not be possible to take any decisions on a political issue or a strike for want of three-fourths majority, the Congress would be free to act according to its majority opinion, in case the Federation insisted on taking independent action in connection with such political question and strikes.

OPTIMISTIC OUTLOOK.

Mrs. Mulji was very hopeful that unity would be achieved at the joint meeting of the Federation and the Congress in July. The Congress was not in the past prepared to agree to the sending of an international representation to Geneva. They had now agreed to this.

"The points raised by Mr. Mehta," continued Mrs. Mulji, "Although they are not representative of the Federation and authoritative are still pertinent and call for a reply from the A. I. T. U. C." She wished to give a correct version of the history of the Unity move.

GENESIS OF UNITY MOVE.

The initiative for the unity move, she went on, after the split of 1929 was taken by the Bombay Girni Kamgar Union and not the All-India Federation. Mr. Jamnadas Mehta was a signatory to the "Platform of Unity," first brought forward in the public by the Girni Kamgar Union and endorsed by the T. U. C., emphasising the basis of class struggle in the Trade Union movement. Mr. Mehta very cleverly backed out of the principle of class struggle which is an essential factor in any genuine trade union movement. The very constitution of the Federation accepted the principle of class struggle but to-day Mr. Mehta came out and talked of negotiations without creating a movement outside to knock out any concessions from the legislature.

The Trade Union Congress was the oldest organisation of the workers and at Delhi, it was Mr. Mehta and four others who started a rival organisation. It was

(Continued on Page 19.)

EDGAR WALLACE'S DETECTIVE STORY DAY BY DAY

Inspector Wade— *A King By Night*

THE POLICE HAVE COMBED THE ENTIRE COUNTRYSIDE WITHOUT SUCCESS ----- THERE'S NO TRACE OF THE MURDERER!
AN AUSTRALIAN BUSHMAN, DONAVAN, KNOWS HOW TO COVER UP HIS TRAIL-- AND THIS ONE IS MUCH SMARTER THAN THE AVERAGE!
I SUPPOSE THIS WAS UNPREMEDITATED-
NO, DONAVAN-- THE MURDER OF JUDGE WARREN WAS PLANNED!
BY AN AUSTRALIAN NATIVE?
HARDLY! HE WAS THE TOOL — OF SOMEONE HIGHER UP!
5-25
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LYMAN ANDERSON

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